

Caribbean  
Holidays

"All the News  
That's Fit to Print"

# The New York Times

LATE CITY EDITION

Weather: Chance of showers today,  
tonight. Sunny, milder tomorrow.  
Temperature range: today 57-71.  
Sunday 56-67. Details on Page 55.

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NEW YORK, MONDAY, MAY 17, 1976

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20 CENTS

## GERMANY WANTS TO VE UP OFFICE IF FORD WINS

Further Than Before  
Public Declaration of  
Intention to Resign

HEARS IS 'ENOUGH'

Not Seen as Eroding  
More the Personal  
Ambitions of the Secretary

HARD GWERTZMAN

Special to The New York Times  
WASHINGTON, May 16—

of State Henry A.  
who for eight years  
the main architect of  
foreign policy, said  
review released today  
if President Ford  
November election, he  
refer to leave office.

he left open the  
that some unfore-  
st might obligate him  
he went further in  
publicly his intention  
than he had pre-

Mr. Kissinger had  
old aides and some  
in which he would pro-  
ceed to continue in  
office. Mr. Ford was elected

he said that eight years  
"for any man. But  
interview, he had not  
far in indicating  
that he would leave.

now, he becomes  
in of many a Jame-  
retary of State, with  
power—already on  
ne in Washington—  
rther.

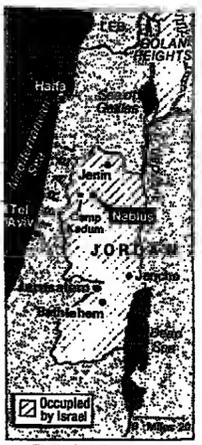
erial Transcript  
erview was conducted  
a Walters yesterday at  
Department for show-  
now morning on NBC's  
program. A partial  
of the interview was  
y NBC this afternoon.

he would stay in  
President Ford is re-  
Mr. Kissinger replied:  
want to tie the con-  
foreign policy to me.

If a foreign policy is  
ned, then it should be  
carried out by many  
o, on the whole, I  
fer not to stay.

Other hand, I don't  
y today, when I don't  
circumstances that

Continued on Page 26, Column 4



The New York Times/May 17, 1976  
Arab girl died at Nablus in  
sensitive occupied area.

## WEST BANK GIRL KILLED BY ISRAELI

Victim Was From Prominent  
Family—Soldiers Wound  
2 Later at Protest

Special to The New York Times

TEL AVIV, May 16—An Is-  
raeli soldier shot and killed a  
teen-age Arab girl on the stair-  
case of an apartment house in  
occupied Nablus this morning.

Later two of her friends, dem-  
onstrating outside the victim's  
house, were injured when Is-  
raeli forces fired to disperse  
the crowd.

Nablus, a city of 80,000 peo-  
ple in the West Bank area,  
proclaimed two days of mourn-  
ing and a general strike to pro-  
test the shooting.

The girl was identified as  
Lena Hassan Nabulsi, who Na-  
blus officials said was 16 years  
old, although some reports gave  
her age as 17 or 18. She was  
the daughter of a prominent  
Nablus merchant and a relative  
of a former Jordanian prime  
minister, Suleiman Nabulsi.

Mayor Bassan al-Sbaqa of  
Nablus said in a telephone in-  
terview that he had rejected an  
explanation by the Israeli mili-  
tary governor that Miss Nabulsi  
had been shot accidentally by  
soldiers dispersing stone-throw-  
ing rioters.

Speaking through an inter-  
preter, the mayor said that the  
shooting had occurred half an  
hour after the demonstration  
ended.

An official announcement is-  
sued by Israeli military head-  
quarters.

Continued on Page 3, Column 3

## MILITARY FLOUTED CIVILIANS' RIGHTS, SENATE UNIT SAYS

Intelligence Agents Accused  
of Ignoring Legal Curbs  
in Spying on Dissenters

By JOHN M. CREWDSON

Special to The New York Times  
WASHINGTON, May 16—

Military intelligence agents  
have violated the rights of  
United States citizens in the  
agents' investigations of do-  
mestic political and protest  
groups, and in the process have  
threatened "to violate the tra-  
ditional and legal restraints  
which govern the use of mili-  
tary forces in the civilian com-  
munity," the staff of the Sen-  
ate Select Committee on Intelli-  
gence Activities has concluded.

During the middle and late  
1960's, the staff said in a re-  
port released today, Defense  
Department agents, principally  
those of Army intelligence, pen-  
etrated and reported on numer-  
ous civil rights and anti-Viet-  
nam war organizations, inter-  
cepted those groups' radio com-  
munications and cooperated  
with civilian law-enforcement  
agencies in monitoring the ac-  
tivities of private citizens.

Reports Confirmed  
The Senate staff termed those  
activities "improper" and went  
on to confirm reports published  
yesterday in The New York  
Times indicating that the Army  
has also conducted active sur-  
veillance of United States citi-  
zens living in West Germany  
and West Berlin whom it con-  
sidered to be "threats" to its  
operations.

Until 1968, according to the  
Senate staff's report, Army  
commanders in West Germany  
had unilateral authority to open  
mail to and from such individ-  
uals and to subject them to wire-  
taps.

Since then, the West German  
Government has forbidden the  
Army to conduct such activi-  
ties, but the 1968 restrictions  
do not apply to the American  
sector of West Berlin where  
"mail openings and wiretaps  
continued to be employed  
against Americans and groups  
of Americans," according to  
the report.

Files on All Dissenters  
Affidavits from Army Secre-  
tary Martin R. Hoffman re-  
cently filed in two civil court  
cases show that Army Intelli-  
gence officers opened mail in  
West Berlin as late as 1972, and  
the affidavits carried the strong  
implication that such practices  
were continuing there.

As the Army was called upon  
with increasing frequency in  
the early 1960's to respond to  
civil disorders, the report said,  
it began what later became a  
"massive" intelligence collec-  
tion effort that eventually pro-  
duced files on "virtually every  
group engaged in dissent in the  
United States."

The military's rationale for  
such surveillance, the staff  
noted, was that to enable its

Continued on Page 18, Column 1



The auditorium of Avery Fisher Hall yesterday, after stagehands had removed seats. On the floor are lighting fixtures.

## An 'Era' Ending for Fisher Hall

By HAROLD C. SCHONBERG

Pierre Boulez and the New  
York Philharmonic finished  
their performance of Mahler's  
Seventh Symphony at 10:42  
on Saturday night in Avery  
Fisher Hall. Fifteen minutes  
later a crew of 30 stagehands  
moved into the auditorium  
and started dismantling the  
seats. The \$5 million acoustic  
renovation of the hall, which  
will keep it closed until Oct.  
15, had started.

Workmen will be operating  
around the clock. All of the  
seats should be out today,  
and tomorrow the scaffolding  
will be put into position.  
Within a day or so after that,  
the wreckers will move in  
and the heavy work will  
begin.

There was no ceremony on  
Saturday night, although  
everybody realized that the  
occasion was, in its way, his-  
toric. Never before has a  
modern concert hall been  
torn down and rebuilt.

Among those standing  
backstage, awaiting the end  
of the concert, were John W.  
Mazzola, the managing direc-  
tor of Lincoln Center, and  
Carlos Moseley, president of  
the New York Philharmonic.  
Mr. Moseley was wearing a  
big grin and a hard hat with  
his name on it.

When the Mahler was over,  
Mr. Boulez darted into the  
wings. "The end! C major!"  
he exclaimed. He went out to  
take a bow. When he re-  
turned, Mr. Moseley put the  
hard hat on Mr. Boulez's  
head. The conductor wore it  
to the podium and waved his  
arms at the audience, but did  
not say anything. There was  
laughter. The audience dis-  
persed very slowly, as if re-  
luctant to say goodbye to  
Fisher Hall.

"It's the end of an era,"  
one of the musicians said on  
his way out.

"It's the end of an era,"  
everybody repeated.

Dr. Cyril Harris, who had  
been listening to the concert  
in the auditorium, came to  
the stage. Dr. Harris is the  
acoustician in charge of the  
renovation.

"How was the sound out  
front?" somebody asked Dr.  
Harris. He grinned but did  
not answer.

Mr. Boulez joined the  
crowd.

"I am happy to see this  
Continued on Page 48, Column 1

## BEAME IS DEFIED ON SEX-FILM HOUSE

Buildings Agency Permits  
de Mille to Convert—Work  
Already Under Way

By NICHOLAS GAGE

The New York City Buildings  
Department, disregarding in-  
structions from the Mayor's of-  
fice, has issued a permit allow-  
ing the owners of Broadway's  
de Mille Theater to convert it  
into three small theaters that,  
according to city officials, will  
show pornographic films.

The permit was approved  
within 24 hours after a written  
request for it was submitted  
last March 27. Work on the  
theater, at 701 Seventh Avenue  
between 47th and 48th Streets,  
has already begun. Construction  
barriers are up and the marquee  
has been taken down, although  
the ornate, brass-trimmed doors  
are still in place.

Sidney Baumgarten, special  
assistant to the Mayor in charge  
of cleaning up midtown, has  
formally requested the Build-  
ings Department to review the  
plans for the conversion to de-  
termine if there is any legal  
basis for the city to revoke the  
permit.

"That permit should never  
Continued on Page 58, Column 4

Canadiens Win Cup  
The Montreal Canadiens  
won the Stanley Cup in  
hockey by beating the Phil-  
adelphia Flyers, 5-3, for a  
four-game sweep. In the Na-  
tional Basketball Association  
playoffs, the Phoenix Suns  
gained the final round by  
defeating the Golden State  
Warriors in the seventh game,  
94-86. Page 35.

Continued on Page 47, Column 1

## Carter's Record as Georgia Governor: Activism and Controversial Programs

By JAMES T. WOOTEN

Special to The New York Times  
ATLANTA, May 12—Up in  
Maryland this last week, Jimmy  
Carter suggested that those  
who are curious about the kind  
of President he might be  
"should look at the sort of Gov-  
ernor I was."

If that is the case, the 51-  
year-old Democratic front-run-  
ner would bring to the White  
House a quick mind, eclectic  
intellectually, enormous phys-  
ical stamina, boyish enthusiasm,  
unabashed patriotism, a zealous

instinct for reform, deep reli-  
gious convictions and unflin-  
gible confidence in himself and  
his abilities.

Moreover, if, as he suggests,  
his record as Governor of Geor-  
gia is admissible evidence, the  
soft-spoken patrician farmer  
would also bring along an  
unyielding stubbornness, a hu-  
morless and sometimes acerbic  
impatience with those less sin-  
gle-minded, a mastery of the use  
of people and institutions for  
his own purposes, and the will-  
ingness of an average politician  
to exaggerate on occasion.

That, at least, is the complex,  
composite portrait of Mr. Car-  
ter as drawn from conversations  
and interviews with him and  
with many of the Georgians  
who worked both for and  
against him during his term as  
Governor from 1971 to 1975.

Those insights, combined  
with an examination of the  
documentary testament of his  
tenure, seem to indicate that  
his conduct of that office was  
neither as brilliantly innova-  
tive as his campaign brochures  
suggest nor as abysmally in-  
competent as his political ad-  
versaries insist.

At any rate, it was most  
certainly an activist administra-  
tion.

"I didn't care for much that  
he did or tried to do," said  
Tom Matthews, the Speaker of

Continued on Page 5, Column 1

the Georgia House of Repre-  
sentatives and an outspoken  
critic of Mr. Carter, "but I'll  
say this about the fellow: He  
was damned aggressive."

That trait first became evi-  
dent when Mr. Carter, only  
moments after his inauguration,  
promised in blunt language to  
end what he could to bring an  
end to racism in the state.

Then, over the next four  
years, as a "freewheeling"  
Governor—his own description  
—he addressed himself to many  
of Georgia's most recalcitrant  
problems—bigotry, economic  
decay, ecological and environ-  
mental neglect, tax inequities  
and an antediluvian penal sys-  
tem. But he concentrated first  
and foremost on Georgia's

Continued on Page 22, Column 3

## Beirut Suffers Heavy Toll In New Surge of Violence

By HENRY TANNER

Special to The New York Times  
BEIRUT, Lebanon, Monday,  
May 17—The Lebanese capital  
and its suburbs went through  
one of the most violent days of  
the 13-month civil war yester-  
day.

Scores of people, most of  
them civilians, died in ex-  
changes of heavy artillery and  
mortars. At Barbir Hospital and  
the American University Hos-  
pital, both in the Muslim-  
controlled western part of the  
city, hundreds of casualties  
crowded the overcrowded emer-  
gency wards.

A dozen people died in front  
of a movie house on Corniche  
Mazra, in a heavily populated  
Muslim section, as heavy shells  
fell on the broad boulevard af-  
ter the matinee. The Bei-  
rut International airport suf-  
fered heavy, direct shelling.

The collapse of the two-day-  
old military truce, which had  
been honored at best only  
partly, came as Yasir Arafat,  
the Palestinian leader, conferred  
in Damascus with President

Continued on Page 5, Column 1

## Latin Chief of Staff Held in Plot to Sell 10,000 Machine Guns to Underworld

By PETER KINSS

The chief of staff of El Sal-  
vador's armed forces has been  
arrested and charged in Fed-  
eral District Court in Manhat-  
tan with taking part with six  
other men in a plot to sell  
10,000 submachine guns to  
people he thought were under-  
world figures in the United  
States.

Col. Manuel Alfonso Rod-  
riguez, 48 years old, whose  
Central American republic's  
forces number fewer than 6,000  
members, was held yesterday in  
\$3 million bail on charges of  
conspiracy to violate gun con-  
trols and to defraud the State  
and Treasury Departments in  
the proposed \$2.8 million sale.

United States Attorney  
Robert B. Fiske Jr. said Col-  
Rodriguez was arrested in his

Continued on Page 47, Column 3

Mount Kisco Saturday night  
when he allegedly received  
\$75,000 for providing a false  
weapons certificate to be filed  
with the State Department  
stating that the guns were to  
be shipped to his own army.

The asserted underworld buy-  
ers actually included Joseph F.  
Kelly, special agent of the  
Treasury Department's Bureau  
of Alcohol, Tobacco and Fire-  
arms, who said in the com-  
plaint filed in Federal Court in  
Manhattan that he had made  
recordings of six meetings  
among the conspirators. These  
included the last meeting,  
when the alleged payoff was  
made.

Colonel Rodriguez, chief of  
staff since mid-1972, has a rep-  
utation for bonesty in his  
country, which has been arm-

ing and has been on a semi-  
war footing since a 100-hour  
war in which it invaded Hon-  
duras in July 1969.

With Col. Arthur Armando  
Molina, who has been President  
since July 1, 1972, and Carlos  
Humberto Romero, the Minis-  
ter of Defense, Colonel Rod-  
riguez constitutes the military  
command. The armed forces  
include 4,000 men in the Army,  
1,000 in the Air Force and 130  
in the Navy. The country of  
four million also has paramili-  
tary forces of 3,000.

The alleged plot to mask an  
illegal arms sale to members  
of the United States under-  
world was "to be followed by  
a larger multimillion dollar  
order if the initial venture  
Continued on Page 47, Column 3

Curaçao  
Hilton  
\$129.00:  
8 days, 7 nights

Jamaica  
Hilton  
\$143.00:  
8 days, 7 nights

Trinidad  
Hilton  
\$113.00:  
8 days, 7 nights

when validated at the  
is in the Caribbean.

United  
and  
Cuba  
Coral  
and fewer  
documents  
lusion on  
cocktail  
Part of

Continued on Page 26, Column 4

Continued on Page 3, Column 3

Continued on Page 58, Column 4

Continued on Page 22, Column 3

Continued on Page 5, Column 1

Continued on Page 5, Column 1

Continued on Page 47, Column 3

# A Priest in the Basque Country of Spain Tells of Trying to Understand Violence

By HENRY KAMM  
Special to The New York Times  
BILBAO, Spain, May 13—  
"Violence justifies counter-violence," the Roman Catholic priest said. "Since we live in a time of violence and the violence of the establishment is so great, so-called subversive violence is sometimes the only form of defense."



The New York Times/May 17, 1976  
Basque priests have aided in escapes over French border.

In the Basques' struggle to assert their national identity against Madrid's strong centralism, Catholic priests have traditionally provided strong support. How far many of them have come to identify with even the most extremist proponents of national independence was illustrated by the priest, who allowed himself to be interviewed on condition that he not be named.

His views and ways that are more extreme are more common among younger priests, he said, but he is not a young man, and his views are not rare among priests his age.

The radical priest has a parish in this industrial capital of the Basque country. His parishioners are metalworkers and shipyard workers who live in the grimy, cheerless tenements defacing lovely green hills on which they are arrayed.

A Conditional Endorsement  
The priest is a pudgy man of middle years with a kindly face and a ready smile. In his grey pants and tan, open-necked shirt, topped by the traditional Basque beret, he looks more like a beadle than a priest.

His endorsement of violence was not unconditional, and his conscience was clearly uneasy. "It is difficult to understand them," he said, speaking of E.T.A., the principal terrorist organization, and of the E.T.A. murder last month of Angel Berazadi Urbe, a Basque industrialist who had been kidnapped for a ransom.

"Although they are understandable, from a Catholic point of view it is more difficult to accept them," he continued, thinking out loud about a killing that has caused the E.T.A.—whose initials stand for Euzko Abertzakoa and Freedom—to lose much sympathy here. "E.T.A. is a product, in its general developments as well as its origins, of the disarray of the conditions in which we live," the priest said. "E.T.A. has awakened the Basque people's conscience. The whole world has become aware of the Basque problem because of them."

Targets in Uniforms  
Asked who would be legitimate targets of the counter-violence that he defended, he thought for a long time and replied:

"In a certain manner, responsibility for establishment violence belongs to everyone who directly or indirectly or passively makes it possible. That is, a great number of the citizens of Spain, all who wear a uniform and others, are responsible for establishment violence."

The priest did not rule out the possibility that those wearing the uniform of the church, so long a pillar of the Franco regime, might also be considered targets, on his grounds. He said that if a certain bishop had not died, "something might have happened to him."

The church hierarchy, he said, is adopting a waiting attitude, characterized by noncommittal prudence, in the current uncertainty in Spain.

Silence on Killings  
"The Basque bishops say absolutely nothing about the dead of Vitoria and Bassauri—where police killings of demonstrators occurred in March—but the bishops of San Sebastian and Bilbao spoke out against assassinations by E.T.A. and killings of civil guards. The church is discredited in Spain except among the small minority of Francists," he said.

"The bishops," he went on, "only say there should be no more bloodshed. A joke is told here: 'For the heart of God, please stop the bloodshed,' the bishop says. And a man asks, 'But what side is God's heart on, the left or the right?'"

The priest drew a sharp line between the hierarchy and many of the lower priests. A recent declaration signed by 1,500 Basque priests, about half the total, strongly urged Basque workers and national rights, the priest said.

Influence Through Inaction  
The bishops, he continued, defend their inaction by saying that they abstain from public protest to use their influence with the Government privately.

"They defend their comfortable situations and privileges but are not fulfilling their ecclesiastical mission of denouncing injustice," he charged.

"The bad behavior of the hierarchy is made up for by the local clergy," he continued. "The Basque priests

have tried to put themselves at the service of the people." He is one of many who have been jailed for such service. In addition to his six months in prison, he said he has been detained on other occasions and fined several times. For what?

"I have lent my church for clandestine meetings; I have collected money for strikers; I have served as a bridge between people who have gone underground and the outside world; I have participated in demonstrations and signed documents."

Help for the Hunted  
Priests have also allowed weapons and explosives to be stored in churches and rectories. Many clandestine pamphlets have been run off on church mimeograph machines. Priests have hidden persons who are being hunted for subversion and have helped get them across the French border where they are received by French Basque priests.

In giving his help to clandestine groups, the priest said he was not taking any sides. "My position has been to cooperate with all who needed me," he said. "Other priests cooperate only with one party."

His bishop calls him from time to time to remonstrate with him, the priest said. "He says I should have consulted him. But if I did he wouldn't let me say what I want."

A Priest's Social Role  
What should a Basque priest's social duties be, his flock? He spoke slowly. "To tell people not to be happy with the situation—political, economic and cultural. The second thing is to do something against the causes and origins of the unhappiness. It could be violence or nonviolence."

Asked about the chances for nonviolent change, he said, "It is very doubtful." "I am skeptical of all parties," the priest replied, with a negative gesture, when asked if any of the existing groups represented a promise of realization of his aspirations for a democratic Spain in which Basque national rights would be safeguarded. "It is difficult to imagine after so many years."

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### RHODESIA ATTACKS KISSINGER'S STAND

WASHINGTON, May 16 (AP)—Prime Minister Ian Smith of Rhodesia accused Secretary of State Henry A. Kissinger today of uninformed meddling in the affairs of Rhodesia.

Commenting on Mr. Kissinger's statement that the United States supports a government by the black majority in Rhodesia, Mr. Smith said that if Mr. Kissinger were better informed "he would know that any premature handover of power by the whites would swiftly lead to fighting between rival black factions."

Mr. Smith said in a copy-right interview in U.S. News & World Report that Mr. Kissinger "intends to pressure white Rhodesians into handing over this country to a black government in the vain hope that this will discourage Communist intervention."

"Let me assure you we have no intention of appeasing Communism by surrendering our country, despite the fact that the American and British governments deny us the arms to defend ourselves," he said.

Mr. Smith, who was interviewed in Salisbury, said that majority rule can only come through an "orderly evolutionary progress."

Relief Craft Crashes in Italy  
TRASAGHIS, Italy, May 16 (AP)—Canadian helicopter involved in relief operations in northeast Italy crashed today near this earthquake-stricken village. One crewman was killed and another injured.

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### S. Says Iran Must Share Atomic Fuel Plant Control

#### Iran Is Told That Any Reprocessing Plant Operation Must Be Operated Jointly With an Industrialized Nation

By EDWARD COWAN  
Special to The New York Times

WASHINGTON, May 16 — In Economic Affairs, Hushang Amiry, an Iranian official, says a stiffened policy, the United States must share at least one industrial control over any nuclear reprocessing plant.

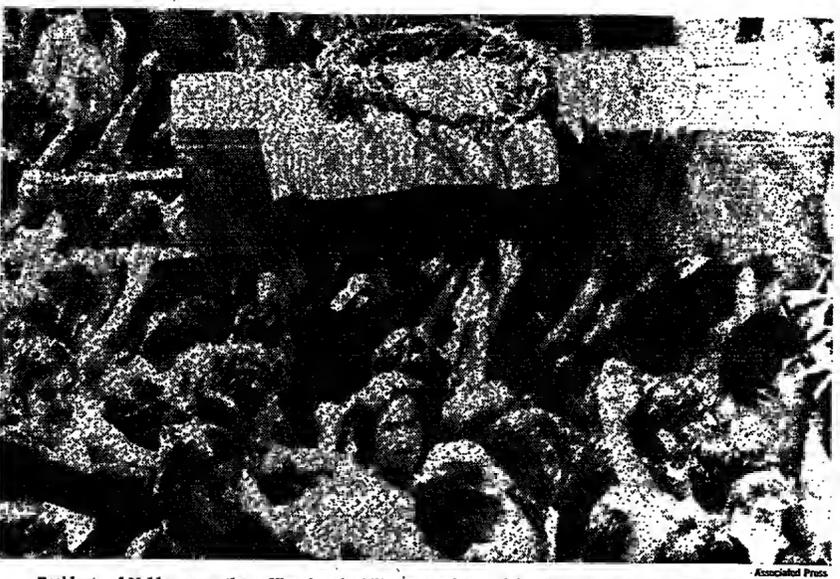
Amiry also wants to see a nuclear cooperation agreement with Iran which would describe as the right ultimate American veto reprocessing arrangement may propose in the future.

Reason for these proposals is that reprocessing plutonium from spent uranium fuel rods has been used in nuclear reactors. The plutonium can be recycled as a reactor fuel or used to make atomic bombs.

Amiry says that the United States is a standard of any nuclear plant which produces power for peaceful uses. The reprocessing of spent uranium fuel rods in a separate facility, he says, is a separate activity which should be controlled by the United States.

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Residents of Nablus carry the coffin of a girl killed yesterday during disturbances in that West Bank town.

### Israeli Soldier Kills an Arab Girl on the West Bank

Continued From Page 1, Col. 2

Scores of youths assembled later outside Miss Nabulsi's home, where her body lay in preparation for the funeral. The demonstrators waved green Palestinian flags and chanted "Palestine Is Arab!" Some set up roadblocks and set fire to automobile tires.

Soldiers charged the crowd, and a burst of automatic fire was heard. Two teenagers were injured.

Miss Nabulsi was hurt in Nablus this afternoon at a funeral attended by mayors of occupied Arab cities and other prominent personalities. The mourners dispersed without incident.

But there were further demonstrations after the funeral, including tire-burnings and stonings of Israeli soldiers.

Nablus is near Camp Kadum, where a group of Israelis has been camping to demand the right to settle the area, a move the Israeli Government has officially rejected. But many new Israeli settlements are planned elsewhere on the West Bank, which Israel captured from Jordan in 1967. There has been increased pro-Palestinian agitation in the area in the last three months, and several Arabs have been killed as Israeli troops have moved to stop demonstrations.

The disturbances this morning were seen as a continuation of yesterday's protests in occupied West Bank cities timed to coincide with the 28th anniversary of the establishment of Israel.

In Nablus, Israeli sources said, hundreds of students from various schools had assembled in the eastern part of the city and had marched toward the main square. They stood steel-helmeted soldiers who charged them with clubs. The demonstrators scattered into narrow alleys and some soldiers pursued them.

The fatal shooting occurred later.

Stone throwing and tire burnings also continued today in Jenin and Tulkarim, in the West Bank, but no casualties were reported.

Meanwhile in Israel proper a number of terrorist attempts were reported. There were no casualties.

An explosive charge concealed in an egg carton was discovered tonight near a market in a busy section of Jerusalem and was detonated by the police. In Kfar Sava a bomb went off this morning in a bus that had just discharged Arab workers from Kalkilia in the West Bank who had come for work in Israel. The police detained 70 Arabs for questioning.



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At the building where Miss Nabulsi was killed there was a pool of blood on a second-floor landing, and a trail of blood led to the apartment of her friend.

At the building where Miss Nabulsi was killed there was a pool of blood on a second-floor landing, and a trail of blood led to the apartment of her friend.

At the building where Miss Nabulsi was killed there was a pool of blood on a second-floor landing, and a trail of blood led to the apartment of her friend.

### Sadat Weighs Appeal

CARRO, May 16 (UPI)—President Anwar el-Sadat of Egypt and his top advisers today discussed an appeal for international action concerning Israel's treatment of Arabs in occupied territories, the Middle East News Agency said.

Egypt had called an emergency United Nations Security Council session earlier this month to debate the conflict on the West Bank and occupied Gaza Strip. The Council debate is continuing.

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## Shells Stir Turmoil at Beirut Airport

By JAMES M. MARKMAN

Special to The New York Times

BEIRUT, Lebanon, May 16

—Middle East Airlines Flight 252 from Athens was the last plane into Beirut today.

Shortly after the Boeing 70 jet, emblazoned with the green cedar emblem of Lebanon, taxied to a halt at 6:14 P.M., a rocket crashed into the runway 50 yards away.

On the runway of Beirut International Airport, once the busiest in the Middle East, stood a half-dozen M.E.A. jets, including two 747 jumbos. Hurriedly, the planes began, taking off.

Inside the crowded plane from Athens filled largely with passengers in transit to other points in the Middle East—panic took hold. Ground crewmen hauling a loading ramp to the jet hurried to safety, leaving the wheeled exit stairway standing a few feet from the plane.

Finally, two men appeared from a hangar, leaned against the ramp and moved it up to the plane. Some passengers scrambled down to the seeming safety of a waiting bus; others hurried to the hangar. The bus sped off.

Shell Hits Parking Lot

Minutes later, an artillery shell crashed into the jammed parking lot in front of the arrival lounge, raising a cloud of dark brown smoke, mangling parked cars and shattering windows in the terminal building.

A pack of stum boys who carry suitcases for pittance began waiting; one of their number lay in the parking

lot, wounded and whimpering. Another boy hobbled toward the lounge, wounded in the legs.

The injured boy lay in the parking lot for 15 minutes. Finally two men took courage, dashed out and carried him to a car, which screeched off to a hospital.

Then another rocket crashed into the parking lot, splitting more glass and wounding a porter dressed improbably in a white suit—hitting him in the legs. A small, dirty boy, dressed in tatters, was blown to the ground by the concussion; he shrieked and fainted, but a group of men who gathered around splashed water on his face and revived him.

Radio Reports Attack

As all this was going on, a woman's voice calmly announced over a loudspeaker the departure of a Middle East Airlines flight to Cairo. People who were not passengers on the plane streamed to the basement bomb shelter.

In the shelter, four men sat on the floor listening to the

Beirut radio station, which is situated on the Moslem side of the line that divides the city.

President Franjeh has given orders to shell the airport with 155-millimeter artillery, which is usually used only against soldiers in bunkers. Moslems and Christians work at the Beirut Airport. Why has President Franjeh ordered the shelling? He wants to close the airport.

Just south of the airport, artillery of the renegade Lebanese Arab Army could be heard firing toward the eastern, predominantly Christian neighborhoods of Beirut.

On a bench in the shelter, two small children—a boy and a girl—whimpered in their mother's lap. The stum boys sat in a pack in their rage against another wall.

"Haram for Lebanon!" said a man, speaking a mixture of English and Arabic. "Haram" means pity.

The airport was closed.

North Korea, Citing Health, Replaces Defense Minister

PEKING, May 16 (Agence France-Presse) — The North Korean Defense Minister, Choe Hyon, has been relieved of his job "for health reasons," Hsin-hua, the Chinese press agency, reported today from Pyongyang, the North Korean capital.

Mr. Hyon was replaced by O Jin U, until now army Chief of Staff, and was himself appointed deputy chairman of the National Defense Commission, the agency said.

The appointments were made by decree of the People's Central Committee dated last Friday.

### The Proceedings In the U.N. Today

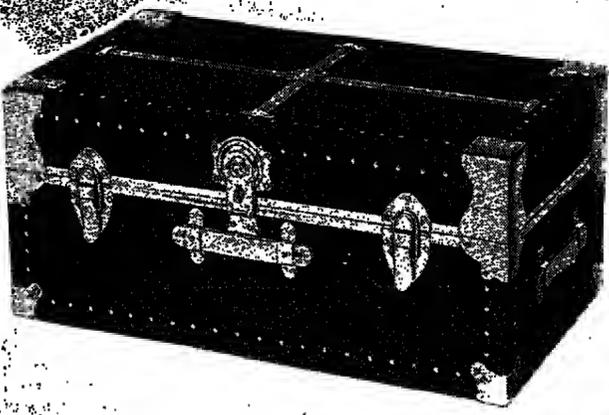
May 17, 1976

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When the shot came, we... returned from the... Christian-held eastern section... Beirut to the Moslem-con...

He died an hour later, with... out regaining consciousness. In... that hour about 10 dead or... seriously wounded Moslem mil...

At the Barbir Hospital, an... obviously overworked young... woman doctor, Amal Shamma...

Uncertainty Over Syria... In contrast, Tripoli was re... ported to have had a relatively... peaceful day yesterday after a...

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WASHINGTON, May 16... (Reuters) — Senator Edward... M. Kennedy today urged Presi...



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THINK FRESH: THINK FRESH AIR FUND

## Recent Criticism of Israel Worrying Jewish Leaders

By KENNETH A. BRIGGS  
Special to The New York Times

WASHINGTON, May 16 — The few programs closed to the criticism of Israel by Jews and non-Jews is causing considerable uneasiness among many Jewish leaders in this country. That uneasiness was evident at the annual American Jewish Committee meetings that concluded today. Among the chief concerns were the possible harm that might be done by public debate over Israel's policies in the Middle East and the apparent rise in sympathy for Palestinian Arabs among Christian groups.

Views here were divided between those who believe criticism of Israel by Jews should be largely confined to private forums and those who think public airing of issues would prove more healthy in the long run.

The quandary has become particularly intense against the backdrop of last fall's United Nations resolution condemning Zionism as racism and a number of controversial Israeli actions in the administered territories.

"There is uneasiness and doubt in this audience and in the wider Jewish community about some actions Israel has taken," said Judge Theodore Tannenwald Jr. at a session today. But he said that those reservations should not lead to an attempt to dictate policy to Israel that would place the interests of American Jews above those of the Israelis.

Several participants alluded to an apparent loss of enthusiasm for the Israeli cause. Irving Howe, the author and critic, described the emergence of Israel as bringing "new meaning to Jewish life." But what he called "not an insignificant minority" of Jews find themselves "troubled by policies regarding the West Bank, South Africa, Arabs living in Israel and so on."

Norman Podhoretz, the editor of Commentary, blamed what he saw as a growing climate of neo-isolationism for contributing to his impression that "support for Israel generally has been eroding among the elite groups, including the Christian community. By elite, I refer to government, universities and the business world."

Another long-term observer, James Marshall, a New York lawyer, predicted that future generations of American Jews would be even more critical though staunch in their defense of Israel's right to exist.

As compared with older generations, Mr. Marshall said, "younger people will not be so intensely, so emotionally involved in Israel" and can be expected to give less to the United Jewish Appeal and its various Israel institutions.

He also forecast that "the emotional appeal of the State of Israel will not blind the eyes of the younger people to what they regard as mistakes by the Government. They will not feel that criticizing Israel is tantamount to heresy or treason."

Sensitivity over the possible adverse effects of public debate on Israel extended to the structuring of the meetings. A hearing on the image of Israel in the United States was one of

the few programs closed to the press. "The trouble in the Jewish community," said Harold Appbaum, director of the Jewish committee's Long Island chapter, "is how we can try to push Israel to certain directions without appearing to the wider world to be waffling in our commitment."

Much of the caution seems to stem from a fear that hotheaded differences over Israel's policies will be exploited as signs of anti-Zionism. Many Jews say they are eager to detail out the deepening complexities of Middle East issues but not if Israel's interests are left out.

### Another Impact

Chaotic perceptions of Israel are believed to be having an impact on interfaith relations as well. In his keynote address, Bertram Gold, the committee's executive director, noted two trends: what he called "a noticeable erosion of Israel's image" by Christians and "a growing separation between Christian and Jewish agencies."

Mr. Gold said that while Jews must concentrate on an endangered Israel, "increasingly the Christian religious leadership is critical of Israel for refusing to recognize the Palestinians' demand for self-determination."

"The choice for us here is how far we are prepared to go in order to seek accommodation with Christian groups," Mr. Gold said.

A long American Jewish Committee report, on Christian responses to the United Nations Zionism resolution showed an overwhelming level of opposition to the racism charge. But support for Israel was found to be, in the report's words, "somewhat more problematic."

"Assuredly, the great bulk of American Christian opinion, both Protestant and Catholic, is sympathetic to Israel," the report stated. But it also said that there was "widespread humanitarian concern for Palestinian Arabs."

### Aliyah Center Reports Rise in U.S. Emigration to Israel

The Israel Aliyah Center has reported that the number of North Americans emigrating to Israel increased 28 percent in the first quarter of 1976, reversing a downward trend since the Middle East war of 1973.

According to statistics made public by the center, at 518 Park Avenue, the agency assisted 418 people who emigrated to Israel in the first quarter of the year compared with 327 in the same period of last year.

The first-quarter totals included 177 families and 237 individuals and about 60 percent of the emigrants were under 44 years old, the center said in a statement Saturday.

The center said 37 percent or 268 of the emigrants were from the metropolitan area.

"We don't know exactly why there has been a turnaround," said Yehiel Leket, the center's North American director. "We just hope it continues."

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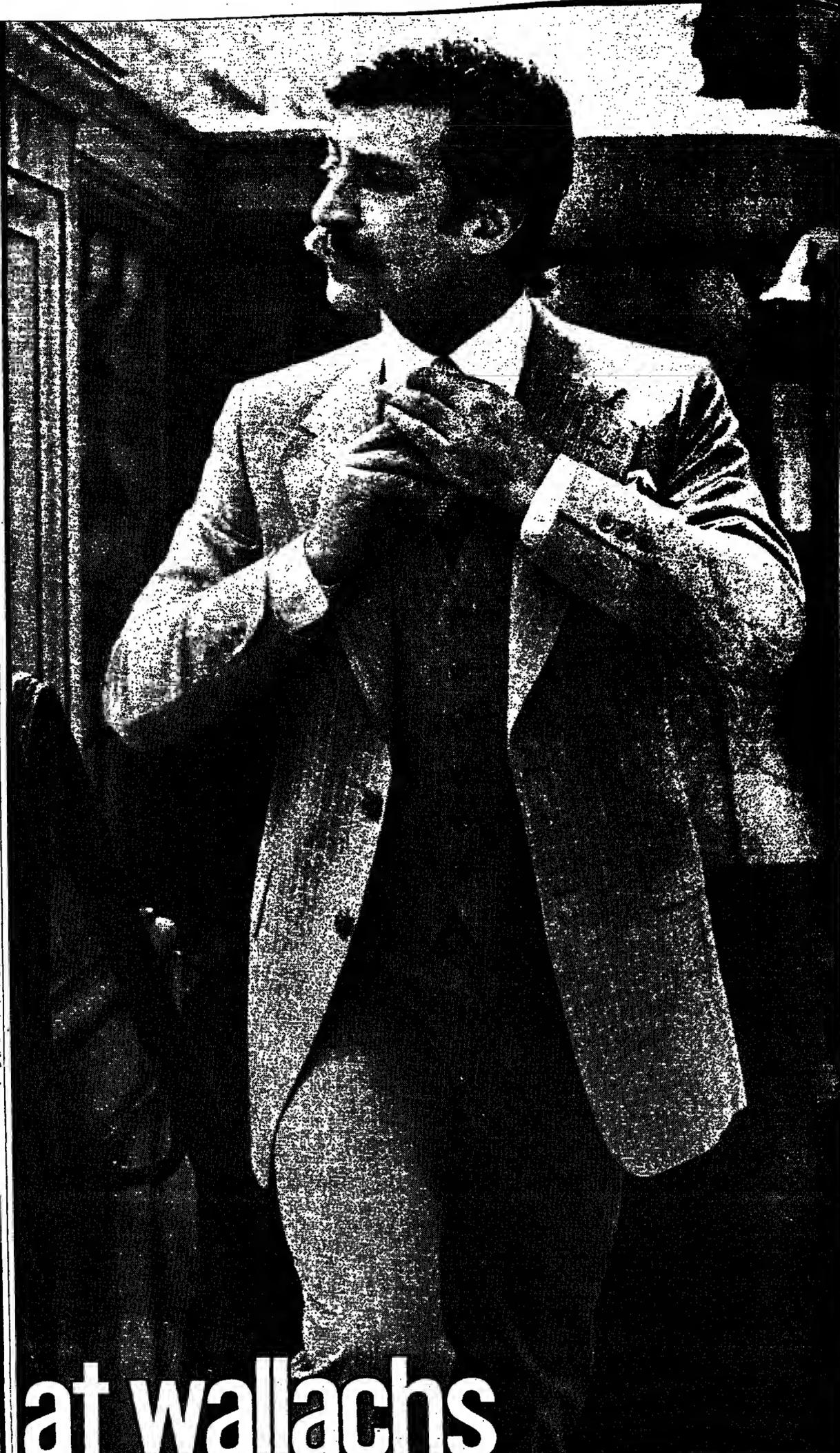
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صكنا من الامم

# REPORTED SLAIN IN TEHRAN CLASH

## May 11 Alleged Rebels Security Officials Killed in Shootout

By ERIC PACE  
Special to The New York Times  
TEHRAN, Iran, May 16 — Security forces killed 11 alleged terrorists yesterday after three Iranian officials were assassinated in the capital early this month, police sources said. The Teheran police re-

ported that the clashes in Tehran afternoon clashes are indirectly connected with the Government, reported that four policemen had been killed here today but said that all had died in three separate incidents with terrorists in several other police stations.

There was no immediate confirmation of the kill-ings constituted the ensive single day's here in recent memory was a lot of shoot-out Iranian military man Mohammed Riza Pahlavi officials have Marxist and "Islamic" terrorists were in assassinations and in with Iranian security recent months.

**Victims Identified**  
Nine incidents in security officials and terrorists had been reported this year before well over a dozen terrorists had been reported to have been killed by security men. One of the security officials today was identified as Gholamreza Fardad, a police commander in the central quarter toward the city. By some reports Colonel Fardad was wielding a handgun.

It was not clear how the deaths could be deterred this evening, no one was involved in the incident, but on May 21, American colonels stationed here while on duty to their jobs as of the United States assistance advisory by Iranian dissidents Washington's support of the conservative gov-

ernment, and identities of security officials who had been killed today were not disclosed. No details of their deaths by the press except they were said to have been killed in the presence of official announcements, there were reports of at least four deaths between security forces and terrorists during the past counting the

deaths were reported to have been killed in the area on its north-

**Unaffected**  
The incident had no effect on the rhythm of life of four million, and security precautions were in the heart of the city after the afternoon.

Two shootouts took place in the neighborhood in the city, where military facilities of the city. Other shootouts were reported to have taken place in the eastern section of the city, and in the north near Dowlat Street and into the Golhak

area. It was reported that police had seized three men from the terrorists and 11 handguns and quantities of hand grenades and explosive

materials. There was speculation that the deaths had been timed to coincide with the scheduled visit of the United States newly purchased Boeing 747 jetliner making its inaugural flight with Taylor and other

business figures. The jetliner has been seen in public in the city with Ardashir Amirani, Iranian Ambassador to Washington, who has been criticized by Iranian dis-

senters for his lavish lifestyle. A possible explanation for the violence was the report that the jetliner had been involved in a bomb attack in the northeastern part of the city had two weeks ago, in a hospital after being wounded in a clash with security men.

**to Head Inquiry**  
WASHINGTON, May 16 — Senate Government Subcommittee on Accounting and Management is examining the Government's administration. The subcommittee's chairman, Senator Lee Schweiker of Montana, said that many advisory members of the committee, "advisory committee" had conducted 1,070 exports to agencies and officers at a "total Federal cost of \$1.8 million."

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## ANSWERS ELUSIVE AT ATOMIC PARLEY

U.N. Envoys and Scientists Discuss Ethical Issues

By KATHLEEN TELISCH  
Special to The New York Times  
RENSSELAERVILLE, N.Y., May 16—Atomic scientists and United Nations diplomats turned up some unexpected political and ethical considerations at a weekend meeting here on nuclear issues.

Where can neutral Austria take its complaints when its friendly neighbor Switzerland decides to plant a nuclear reactor on its front doorstep, frightening residents of Vorarlberg with prospects of radiation emissions from across the border, Peter Jankowitsch, Austria's chief delegate to the United Nations, asked. The two countries have been talking politely and getting nowhere, he said.

No Solutions Found

The chairman of Atomic Energy of Canada, Ltd., Ross Campbell, acknowledged that, like others, he was wondering if the sale of Candu reactors to India, Pakistan, South Korea and Argentina carried a moral commitment to take back spent fuel for reprocessing or radioactive waste for disposal, as Britain is doing for Japan.

No solutions to these or other questions were reached by participants at the Conference on

## Rockefeller Speech Raises Questions

By CRAIG R. WHITNEY  
Special to The New York Times

BONN, May 16—American diplomats expressed surprise today at an apparently strong political tone in a sharp attack on the Soviet Union by Vice President Rockefeller in Frankfurt yesterday.

Mr. Rockefeller's attack came in a speech at ceremonies marking the American Bicentennial.

"It wasn't the speech the State Department drafted," an American diplomat commented after the speech at the Paulskirche, a church where German democracy briefly emerged in a national assembly in 1848.

Mr. Rockefeller also surprised at least one West German official who accompanied Chancellor Helmut Schmidt at the ceremony by calling the Soviet Union an "imperialist" country with power that was "a mixture of czarism and

Nuclear Energy and World Order, held on the campus of the Institute on Man and Science here in this village south of Albany. The conference was sponsored by the Institute on Man and Science, the Aspen Institute for Humanistic Studies, the Overseas Development Council and the Charles F. Kettering Foundation.

However, there was general support for a number of approaches, including a world en-

counter the Soviet Union's growing strength at sea. And to applause from his West German listeners, he said that "in an open world the two German states could be re-united."

The West German press and politicians here did not make any comments about the tone of Mr. Rockefeller's remarks today.

Allegations of United States military weakness have become a major issue in the Republican primary campaign, and Mr. Reagan is now leading the national convention this summer.

An American politician who heard Mr. Rockefeller's Paulskirche speech yesterday said, "It sounds as though he's in the running too—he's out going to be Ford's running mate this fall, and he may think he's still inated from Moscow." He called for a NATO naval buildup to

Another popular proposal at the conference called for an international energy foundation geared especially to the needs of the poorer countries, to act as a clearing house for data on alternatives to nuclear power, to finance research and development and to provide technical help in developing solar energy and other, renewable energy sources.

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- Thurs., May 20th, 4:00 to 9:00 PM: White Plains and New Rochelle
- Fri., May 21st, 4:00 to 9:30 PM: Bay Shore • Smith Haven • Huntington • Massapequa • Roosevelt Field
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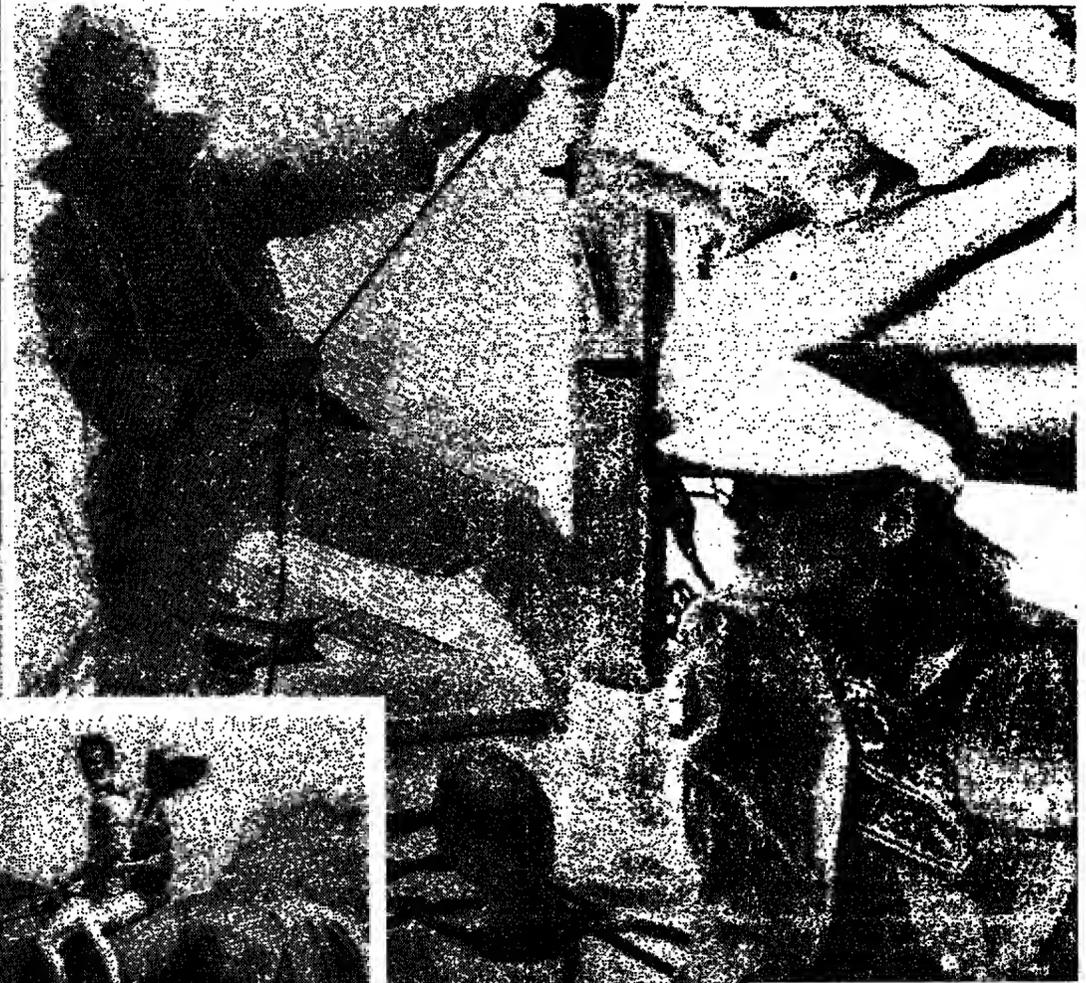
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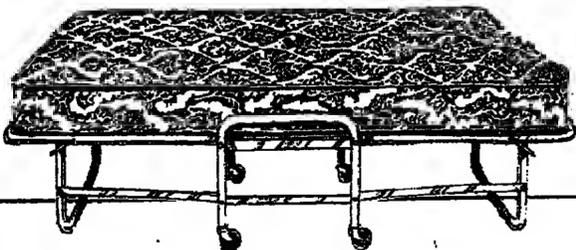
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## French Socialist Leaders Agree to Cooperate With Communist

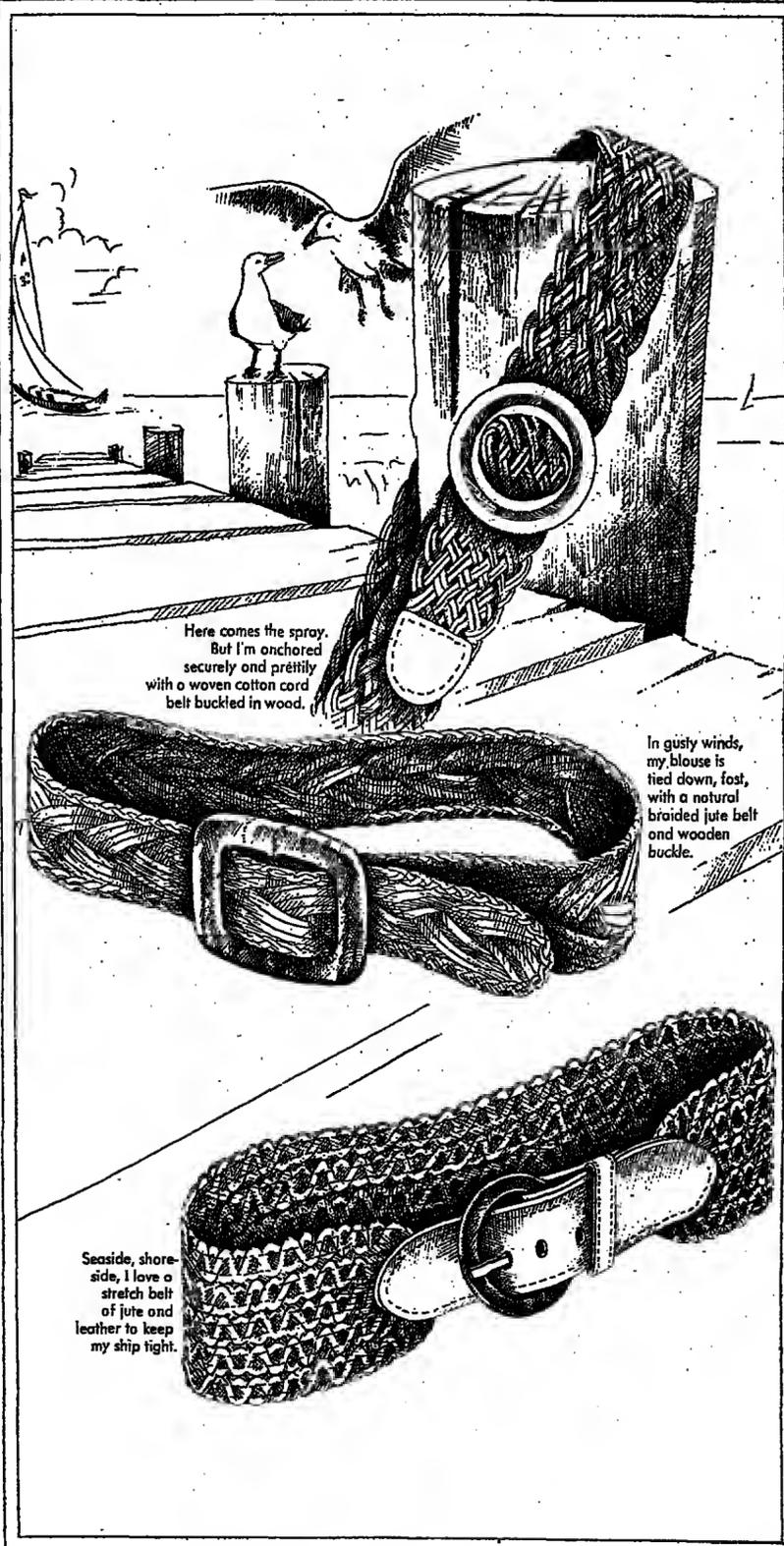
By JAMES F. CLARITY  
 Special to The New York Times  
 DIJON, France, May 10—The Socialist Party, hailing itself as "the first party of France," confirmed its willingness today to cooperate with the Communist Party in order to gain eventual control of the Government.  
 The Socialists, concluding a two-day special congress, voted unanimously to cooperate with the Communists in the nationwide municipal elections next spring. But the 600 national party leaders and regional representatives, headed by Francois Mitterrand, also made it clear that the cooperation would be less than total.  
 The agreement to cooperate in the municipal elections will not hold, according to a resolution approved here today, in cases where Communist demands for representation in the local elections are considered "excessive" by the Socialists. The Socialists also insisted, in

the resolution, that Communists elected to City Councils with Socialist support cease their traditional practice of voting against local budgets and taxes, a tactic that often embarrasses local Socialist-controlled administrations.  
 No Strong Opposition  
 The Socialists' unanimity today came after weeks of dissension in the party's extreme left wing, which wanted even closer cooperation with the Communists in the spring elections. But at the Dijon congress, Mr. Mitterrand and his supporters met no strong opposition, in closed meetings or in the public debate held yesterday and today.  
 Jean-Pierre Chevènement, the leader of the party's left wing, made a mild speech today supporting the Mitterrand position on cooperation with the Communists. Mr. Mitterrand, in turn, had kind words for Mr. Chevènement, who is widely

considered an eventual challenger for leadership of the party. The two-day congress demonstrated clearly that Mr. Mitterrand has firm control of his party and that the party's left wing has been at least temporarily resigned to the position of loyal, if grudging, opposition.  
 Socialist officials and delegates here have been underplaying the fact that there has been a noticeable lack of polemics in recent weeks between them and their communist counterparts. Still, the resolution approved here today, asserts that the Socialists are "the first party of France."  
 This was an obvious reference to the Socialists' substantial gains in recent local elections and to national opinion polls. Despite strenuous efforts in recent months to liberalize and improve their public image, the Communists have so far failed to show any significant gain among French voters. So-

cialist strength is widely estimated now at about 30 percent of the voters, while the Communists hold 20 percent.  
 Preserving Party's Personality  
 During the two days of debate, held in a huge exposition hall near one of Dijon's mustard factories, Mr. Mitterrand and other speakers emphasized that despite their differences with the Communists, they would continue to work for control of the government with the Communists in the 1978 national legislative elections. At the same time, the resolution approved today called on Socialist activists to work to preserve the party's personality—an apparent recognition of complaints in the party's left wing that the national party is becoming too much of a well-oiled electoral machine presenting itself as all things to all men.  
 The mood of the special congress—the next regular congress is scheduled for January

—was relaxed, compared with the 22d Communist Party Congress held last February in Paris suburb. At the Communist congress delegates were asked to denounce not only years their ideological horizon, but also to attack sacred doctrine of the dictatorship of the proletariat.  
 At Dijon, the delegates were asked, in effect, to keep up good work. The most noticeable dissent in the debate here was when a woman delegate complained that the party had not named women for offices where there was little chance of a Socialist victory. She was applauded, but not wildly.  
 The major specific political act of the congress was the approval of the agreement to cooperate with the Communist and the Left Radical Party in municipal elections.  
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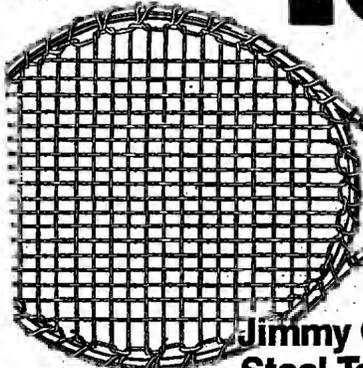
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## Bicentennial Visitor From France

Valéry Giscard d'Estaing

By WOLFGANG SAXON  
Two centuries ago, Adm. Count Charles d'Estaing sailed to America at the head of the first French expedition backing the rebellious American colonists against their British Sovereign.

Man in the Valéry Giscard d'Estaing, President of the French Republic and no stranger to what has since been the United States, arrives this morning in Washington to confer with President Ford and to help celebrate the American Bicentennial. His coming also marks the first flight to this country of the superonic Concorde since it went into commercial service.

Besides the talks with President Ford, Mr. Giscard d'Estaing's schedule includes an address to a joint session of Congress and visits to Philadelphia, Houston, Lafayette, La., and New Orleans, from where he will depart aboard the Concorde Saturday.

A Drive to Mount Vernon There will also be ceremonies at Yorktown, where thousands of French soldiers helped the Americans to win their final decisive battle against the British, and a drive, with President Ford, to Mount Vernon for the presentation of France's Bicentennial gift to this country, a historical sound-and-light show.

Though credited with a good knowledge of English, Mr. Giscard d'Estaing—his name is pronounced ZHIS-car-des-lang—improved on it in recent weeks with regular lessons. He has chosen the themes he wants to stress here: the long association of two nations with kindred political philosophies and the need for all the world's democracies to work together regardless of occasional differences.

Mr. Giscard d'Estaing, 50 years old, is a strong believer in national identity as was President de Gaulle, but he has avoided the abrasiveness that de Gaulle often brought to France's relations with the United States and other allies.

The scion of a brilliant family and the product of elite schools, he worked hard to overcome the appearance of a young technocrat with an air of intelligence, putting in years of government service, particularly in finance, and becoming leader of the Independent Republican Party, a conservative group allied with the Gaullists.

A hard-fought election campaign in 1974 saw him on the stump against both Gaullists and leftists. He won a narrow run-off victory over the candidate of the combined left, the Socialist leader François Mitterrand.

Mindful of the labor and student unrest of de Gaulle's waning days in the 1960's, Mr. Giscard d'Estaing sought social and economic reforms without the upheaval implicit in the Marxist pronouncement.



Believes in national identity and cooperation among nations.

many, where his father was director of finance in the French administration of the occupied Rhineland after World War I.

He graduated from the Ecole Polytechnique and the Ecole Nationale d'Administration and joined the Ministry of Finance in 1952. That year, he also married his wife, a sister of the Marquis de Brantes.

Mr. Giscard d'Estaing served as a member of the French delegation at three successive sessions of the United Nations General Assembly and as a deputy in the French Parliament. By 1959, after the formation of the Fifth Republic, his reputation had grown sufficiently for him to be appointed Secretary of State Finance, thus becoming the youngest minister in the new regime.

Three years later, Mr. Giscard d'Estaing was appointed Minister of Finance and Economic Affairs. His advocacy, as leader of the Independent Republicans, of free enterprise, European integration and closer relations with Washington did not sit well with traditional Gaullists, and he was dismissed in 1966.

President Pompidou, General de Gaulle's successor, reappointed him to the same position in 1969, and he held it until his own election to the highest office.

President Giscard d'Estaing will be accompanied on his visit by his wife, who also speaks English well. They have two daughters and two sons ranging in age from 22 to 16.

### Protocol Played Down

It had been easier in the beginning when the new President, succeeding Georges Pompidou, strove to overcome the remoteness of his office by doing without many of its trappings.

Mr. Giscard d'Estaing one of France's youngest presidents, walked along the Champs-Élysées on his day of inauguration, disdaining the usual morning dress and heavy gold chain. He invited workmen in for breakfast, dropped in on fellow citizens of mobility dropped from invitations to Elysée Palace. "After all," the palace spokesman said at the time, "France is a republic."

President Giscard d'Estaing and his aristocratic and attractive wife, the former Anne-Aymone de Brantes, were photographed skiing on their holidays. The tall and slender President also liked to hunt.

His other interests tended toward good literature and music. "In music, as in all the things I try my hand at, there is something that can be called perfection," he once said, "I think Mozart is perfection itself."

### Says the Polls Err

The President has scoffed at polls indicating a decline in his popularity, saying that the worldwide recession hampered his performance. He and other members of his coalition Government also made clear after the election setback in March that they were ready to fight for his reform program over right-wing objections that it was going too far and left-wing charges that it was a political holding operation.

Valéry Giscard d'Estaing was born Feb. 2, 1926, in Koblenz, now in West Ger-



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## Americans Cool to the French, But It's a Feeling That's Mutual

By FLORA LEWIS  
Special to The New York Times

PARIS, May 16—Frenchmen and Americans think of each other with distinct coolness, suspicion and above all indifference, was disclosed here today in the eyes of President Valéry Giscard d'Estaing's flight to Washington aboard the Concorde.

The results of opinion polls taken in the United States and France in preparation for the state visit came as a surprise to Mr. Giscard d'Estaing and caused some pique as well as astonishment among the public here.

Two of the polls were published in the weekly news magazine Le Point. A third, ordered by the French Government, has not been made public but the general tone of the answers has been disclosed and it closely parallels Le Point's results.

Mr. Giscard d'Estaing was said to be particularly startled to learn that Americans did not consider France a good ally, that they placed France fourth after West Germany, Britain and the Netherlands in economic importance for the future, and that they did not consider the French contribution particularly important to United States history despite the crucial intervention of Lafayette's army in the Revolutionary War.

The impact of the disclosures was reflected in considerable radio and press publicity of the results, and some public discussions about why Americans do not like France better. The long-standing assumption here has been that the two peoples hold warm feelings and high esteem for each other despite harsh public exchanges during the late President de Gaulle's rule and what many liked to consider mere surface irritants of politics.

If the pollsters are right, and that has not been challenged, it just isn't so. The Government poll was conducted among two sets of Americans, the general public and what was called "the elite"—important businessmen, scholars and journalists. In every category, it showed that

"the elite" were more understanding, sympathetic and better informed about France than the United States public at large, but even so, not the admiring, cherishing, ever-loyal distant cousins the French tended to suppose.

Only 7 percent of the general public considered France likely to be America's best ally in case of a "world crisis," compared with 34 percent for Britain and 33 percent for Germany. General de Gaulle, with 28 percent, outdistanced both the late President Georges Pompidou, with 16 percent, and President Giscard d'Estaing, with 11 percent, as the most friendly French President in the last generation, although official relations soured badly during de Gaulle's presidency and have been steadily improving under Mr. Giscard d'Estaing.

But 45 percent of the Americans questioned had no opinion. The one gratifying answer, from the French view, was that 67 percent of Americans still considered Europe "of prime importance" to the United States, while 22 percent did not think it mattered much, according to Le Point's poll conducted by Gallup. Lou Harris conducted the Government's poll.

French views of America were no more flattering or friendly. The poll here was conducted by IFOP, one of two major polling organizations in France.

Asked if they had confidence in United States "capacity to deal reasonably with current world problems," 58 percent of French respondents said no, 33 percent said yes, and 9 percent had no opinion. The United States gives a bad example of democracy for 35 percent, although only 3 percent said it gave a bad example of capitalism. It is a good example of democracy for only 29 percent and a good example of capitalism for 28 percent.

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...to fly over a million more passengers a year than Pan Am.

Airline	1975
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Pan Am	8,244,000
Northwest	9,011,000
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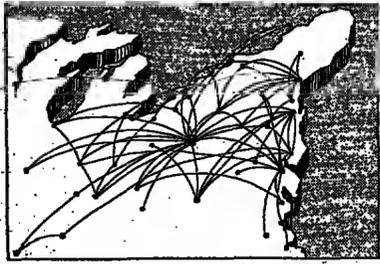
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### HIOPIA OFFERS MILITARY TO REBELS

...conciliation Bid to Eritreans ...includes With Reports of ...government Offensive

BERNARD WEINRAUB

Special to The New York Times

ADDIS ABABA, Ethiopia,

16—The Ethiopian Gov-

ernment tonight made major

conciliation offers to Eritrean

rebels in an effort to head off

an unexpected offer came

as thousands of armed

rebels were reportedly

gathering in northern Ethiopia

to begin a Government-sup-

ported offensive against the

rebels' guerrillas in Eritrea

and the Red Sea, which borders the

Red Sea.

Gen. Tafari Banti, the

Minister of State and chairman of

the Provisional Military Gov-

ernment, made the conciliation

offer on a television and radio

address to the nation, which is

under tight military rule. With-

in a few days the Gov-

ernment has denied that it was

making a march by armed

volunteers into Eritrea.

Gen. Banti's remarks make it clear that

the kind of offensive is un-

likely.

The province which

is Ethiopia's only access

to the Red Sea.

Gen. Tafari offered an

amnesty to most Eritrean politi-

cians, financial assist-

ance to the province, an end

to political, economic and

"anomalies" between

the province and the rest of the

country, possible re-

turning of the province to

autonomy and an end to

the state of emergency in the

province.

Eritrean rebel move-

ments have generally de-

manded for greater

autonomy from Ethio-

pia and for its arms

to be supplied by such

Arab nations as Iraq, Libya, Saudi

Arabia, Sudan, and

Yemen. The province is

controlled by the predomi-

nantly Muslim guerrillas who

control the Red Sea coast-

ally within Arab control.

Gen. Tafari said tonight

that the masses of Ethiopia

are suffering and that

the Government has at no time

searched for a peaceful

solution.

Gen. Banti's

offer was seen as a

gesture of good will

to the rebels, the Gov-

ernment is also taking an

unusually tough stance in an

effort to crush the secessionist

movements. Hundreds of trucks

and buses have been seen

moving north on the two roads

to Eritrea from Addis

Ababa. More than 700 vehicles

are assembled in the

province.

Gen. Banti said that the Gov-

ernment planned to pick up

rebels along the way

and bring them to Eritrea to

offer them the Government's

offer. He said that the Gov-

ernment has reportedly

omitted land grants in

an effort to provide an incentive to fight

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# World Trade Talks: Have Nots Demand a Fair Share

By MICHAEL T. KAUFMAN  
Special to The New York Times  
NAIROBI, Kenya, May 12  
—In terms of identifying the problems of an unbalanced world economy, the delegates to the United Nations Conference on Trade and Development meeting here have achieved something close to unanimity. It is the search for solutions that has them at loggerheads.

During the 12 years since the first such conference was held—a period that has seen almost continuous regional and international discussions of the issues—the dialogue has focused on five areas where reform is judged necessary.

The issue of commodities, which has everything to do with the price of tea in China, is the key. The problem is that 17 basic agricultural and mineral commodities make up 80 percent of the exports of the underdeveloped world. The prices of these fluctuate sharply and are largely determined by the buyers, who are able to steer the market by playing off one producer country against another.

**Controlled Prices**  
For example, in the case of sugar, the American sugar trust and the London sugar exchange effectively control prices. A small country like Mauritius, which depends on sugar for 89.1 percent of its total earnings, has little voice in this buyers' market.

In addition, there is the problem of price fluctuations. Zambia, which depends on copper for close to 95 percent of its foreign earnings, was devastated when the world copper price fell by two-thirds in two years as a result of the recession. Fewer cars, fewer television sets being sold in the West meant a lessened demand for copper. Meanwhile, Zambia, a developing country, had commitments for long-term projects entered into when the price of copper was high.

This is the nub of the commodity problem. While the largely Western markets for such produce as coffee, tea, sugar, rubber, jute and copper are dominated by the buyers who control marketing and distribution, the markets for manufactured goods and oil, vital for development, are controlled by the sellers. The developing world therefore is forced to sell cheap and buy high, building up huge deficits.

Several approaches have been advanced to ease the problem, all intended to en-

hance the collective bargaining power of the commodity-producing nations. In essence, the third-world countries have drawn their inspiration from the success of the Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries. These countries succeeded in forging a solid front and reversing what had been a buyers' market dominated by the oil companies into a sellers' cartel. Now the lion's share of profits is retained by the petroleum countries themselves.

**Common Fund Proposed**  
Now the hope of the third world rests on a proposal made at a meeting in Manila and endorsed by the secretary of the Conference on Trade and Development. It calls for the creation of a common fund, a new international agency financed by both the Western industrialized commodity importers and the smaller, economically weaker exporters.

The blueprint calls for the indexing of the 17 commodities to a market basket of 89 manufactured products. Another feature calls for the fund to maintain buffer stocks in those commodities where spoilage is not a factor. These stocks could be accumulated at times of glut and released in times of shortage, protecting the producer countries from wild price fluctuations. Furthermore, the fund could adjust commodity prices to take account of world inflation rates.

In principle, the idea has something in common with the American program of agricultural price supports, and the entire economic reform package bears similarity to Roosevelt's New Deal. The concept of market intervention and Keynesian mechanics is generally accepted, even by the Western nations. The points under debate are the degree of such intervention.

**U.S. Doubts Workability**  
The United States, for example, feels that a common fund involving so many products is basically unworkable. Furthermore, there is a fear that the administration of the fund would fall to the more radical countries who would seek to manipulate it for political ends. There is also the problem of winning support for such a concept domestically—for it would require heavy contributions by the United States—when the bottom line could mean higher prices for tea, coffee, and bananas in Boston and Hoboken.

Then, too, there is the problem of enforceability. In

the absence of any international antitrust legislation, what would prevent a coffee-producing nation from violating calls for curbed production and selling off surpluses at cut rate prices?

And finally, there is the possibility that once the price of, say, sugar was driven up, sugar production could shift to the United States. There, with the technology available, sugar demand could be met from domestically produced stocks, at perhaps even lower prices than those set by the fund. This would damage rather than aid the third-world position.

The United States and the industrialized capitalist nations—except for the Netherlands and the Scandinavian countries—would prefer that instead of a common fund commodity arrangements be concluded between consumers and producers on a case-by-case basis. There are already such mechanisms for tin, coffee and cocoa in which quotas for production and consumption are established and floor prices determined in contracts. It is felt that buffer stocks could be maintained through such mechanisms. Secretary of State Henry A. Kissinger's proposals here last week for an International Resources Bank to open the possibility that such an agency could finance such supplies through the issuance of bonds.

**Transfer of Technology**  
The second point of discussion involves the vital question the third world feels that the industrialized nations control not only the marketing but also the vital processes and information needed for development. The third world has called for an easing of international patent restrictions. It has also demanded recognition by the industrialized nations that private companies operating in the developing world have an obligation to train nationals in necessary skills, gradually turning over key positions to such people.

It is significant that the aspects of Mr. Kissinger's speech that were perhaps best received by the delegates were those calling for measures by the industrialized nations to curb the brain drain to industrial countries of the most talented and trained people from developing nations. The flow of doctors and engineers from countries like Pakistan and India to Canada and the United States is viewed as a major problem widening the gap. Furthermore, Mr. Kissinger proposed a broad program of training for third-

world managers and technicians.

Another theme in the debate on transfer of technology that is gaining prominence is the call for alternate and limited technologies more suitable for developing countries than the sophisticated systems developed elsewhere. Here the Chinese are taking the lead, calling for greater self-reliance, greater sacrifice and a rejection of offers from the West that lock societies into continuing dependence. However, the demonstration effect is recognized as powerful. That is, after people have seen cars and tractors, it is hard for them to accept that in their circumstances oxen may be more efficient.

**The Question of Debts**

The question of debts most tangibly links the problems of the developing and developed nations. As the gap between prices for commodity exports and manufactured goods increased, the deficit in the third world was made up largely by borrowing, mostly from the West and from Western banking institutions. In the 1960's the collective annual debt of the third-world countries stayed constant at about \$12 billion a year. By 1972, spurred by inflation and rising oil prices, it leaped to \$30 billion. Estimates for the current year put the figure at \$45 billion and some countries have come close to defaulting.

The West has a vital interest in preventing this, not only because its governments and private institutions hold the notes, but also because most of its exports are sold in these very countries. If a country like South Korea was no longer to buy tractors, there would be layoffs at John Deere plants in the United States.

The remedy suggested by the third world is a rescheduling and in some cases a cancellation of debts. The industrialized countries are advocating review, again on a case-by-case basis, and the United States has recommended that all development assistance to the poorest countries be shifted from loans to outright grants.

**Diversification Sought**

Meanwhile, the underdeveloped world would like to increase its chances of diversifying from the production of basic commodities to the assembly and processing of goods for world markets. A pharmaceutical company, it is argued, could just as easily set up a plant in, say, the Philippines as anywhere and

given the needs of the third world, it should.

The problem has been that because of political instability and threats of nationalization, private-investor capital has flowed out of such places to areas considered safer.

One demand of the third-world countries has been to eliminate what they consider discriminatory tariffs that work against the Western importation of such goods from such places. Mr. Kissinger promised a review of this problem.

In his recommendation for an International Resources Bank, where he stressed the exploitation of mineral and primary resources, the Secretary nonetheless suggested a mechanism that could establish an atmosphere for greater private investment by guaranteeing the performance of both foreign investor and host country.

**Relations With Comecon**

The final issue, trade relations among different economic systems, boils down to the demand by third world countries for reforms in trade with the Soviet Union and its bloc, the Comecon countries. Essentially, the developing nations sell the bulk of their exports to, and buy the bulk of their imports from, the West. But the share of trade with Comecon is growing.

At the moment these countries cannot convert ruble surpluses to hard currency. They are, in effect, confined to a barter system in which the revenues they make for, say, the sale of bananas to Moscow, must be spent on Soviet goods. They want to change this and seek payment in convertible currency. Furthermore, the third world wants a change in accounting so that it could apply credits earned in trade with Poland, for instance, against purchases from Czechoslovakia. Finally, third-world representatives here have noted that countries like Indonesia, Chile and Egypt have large debts to Communist countries. They resent the Soviet Union's standing aloof from such questions and insisting that the world economic disarray is a consequence of capitalist contradictions over which it has no control and for which it bears no responsibility.

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To

**Simon Says He'll Ask U.S. Not to Cut Aid to Chile**

Special to The New York Times

CANCUN, Mexico, May 16—Secretary of the Treasury William E. Simon said today that he would ask Congress to maintain economic aid to Chile, without further cuts, on the basis of assurances from the head of the ruling junta there that human-rights conditions would be improved.

Mr. Simon, ending a Latin American trip with a meeting with President Luis Echeverría Alvarez of Mexico at this Caribbean resort, said the release last week of 49 political prisoners in Chile was a "very positive sign." Many of the 49 were allowed to seek exile in the United States.

Mr. Simon met with Gen. Augusto Pinochet, the head of the Chilean junta, during a visit to Chile last week at the invitation of Jorge Cauas, the Finance Minister. The purpose of the trip was to discuss United States financial aid, but Mr. Simon devoted most of this time to discussing international reaction to human-rights violations in Chile, as an obstacle to economic cooperation.

**Admirations Is Expressed**

Mr. Simon said he admired efforts by Chile to restore "economic freedom to its people" after the 1973 overthrow of the leftist regime of President Salvador Allende Gossens. The Treasury Secretary said in an interview on a beach here that restoring stability, after the inflation and conflicts that had disrupted Chile's economy, required "discipline."

"Are you saying that human freedoms are impossible under a military regime?" Mr. Simon said, in reply to a question whether personal and political freedoms could be restored under the Chilean military.

Mr. Simon said that promises obtained from General Pinochet of further release of prisoners, constitutional reforms protecting individual rights and acceptance of United Nations inspection, would have to be "watched carefully."

Discussions on the ground rules for the visit of a United Nations human rights commission to Chile are to begin after the foreign ministers of the Organization of American States meet in Santiago on June 4. In the meantime, Mr. Simon said, he will ask Congress to hold off on reduction of foreign aid to Chile.

Senator Edward M. Kennedy and other critics of the Chilean Government have blocked all military aid. They propose that \$90 million in economic aid for Chile be reduced to \$25 million

in the foreign aid bill now before Congress.

Mr. Simon met here with José Martínez de Roz, Argentina's Minister of Economy, who is on hand to attend the 17th annual meeting of the Governors of the Inter-American Development Bank, which opens tomorrow.

**Argentina Aide to Visit U.S.**

Mr. Simon said he was "very impressed" by a plan, drawn up by Mr. Martínez de Roz since the overthrow of President Isabel Martínez de Perón, by the military in March, for recovery from a national inflation of 700 percent a year.

Mr. Martínez de Roz, an advocate of private enterprise and stable finances, will visit Washington in June, Mr. Simon said. The Argentina foreign debt, now calculated at close to \$10 billion, will be a major subject when the minister travels to the United States and then to Europe to seek financial relief.

After meeting with President Echeverría, following lengthy talks with Ramón Beteta, Mexico's Minister of Finance, Mr. Simon said that Mexico has a "basically strong economy." He said that corrective measures were being taken by the Government to reduce inflation and the deficit in foreign accounts.

**Lutheran Income Gains**

MINNEAPOLIS (UPI)—For the fourth consecutive year, the American Lutheran Church has reported an income exceeding budgeted spending, with a total income of \$26.5 million in 1975.

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**Urban League Pays Bicentennial Tribute To Black Americans**

The National Urban League, as a part of its participation in the Bicentennial, will this month distribute to political leaders, schools, colleges and churches 4,500 copies of an eight-pound, 1,206-page reference book "The Black American."

The civil rights organization will also give out 300,000 copies of pamphlets on blacks' involvement in politics, education, economics, communications, and in the nation's wars, as well as a pamphlet on the black family.

"Blacks should take part in the Bicentennial," the league director, Vernon Jordan, has said, "but on our own terms and with the goal of adding substance and a black perspective to an event badly in need of both."

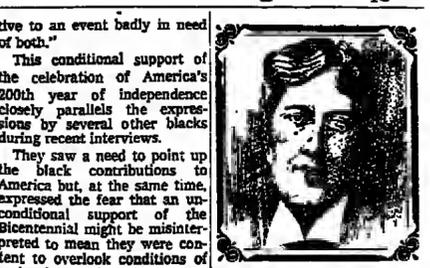
This conditional support of the celebration of America's 200th year of independence closely parallels the expressions by several other blacks during recent interviews.

They saw a need to point up the black contributions to America but, at the same time, expressed the fear that an unconditional support of the Bicentennial might be misinterpreted to mean they were content to overlook conditions of racism in America.

And blacks who have refused to relate to the Bicentennial, a minority of those interviewed, gave continuing racism as their reason.

And Julian Bond, the Georgia state legislator, has made this point:

"To debate whether or not we ought to be in the 'system' is like telling a drowning man he shouldn't be in the water; he is and so are we."



**Oscar Wilde** has a date with a victim of **THE WEST END HORROR**

The new Sherlock Holmes adventure by Nicholas Meyer, author of 'The Seven-Per-Cent Solution' — published today. See today's book page. **duffton**

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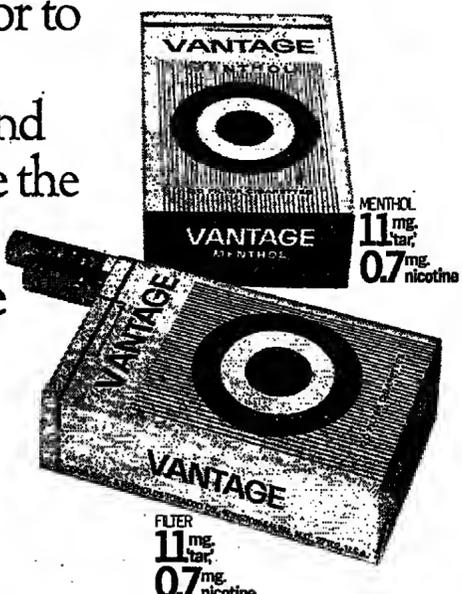
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Issue and Debate

Health Maintenance And 'a Simple Idea'

By NANCY HICKS Special to The New York Times

WASHINGTON, May 16—Five years ago, President Nixon coined the term Health Maintenance Organization to describe prepaid health groups—those organized medical services that allow a family to pay one set fee for almost all its medical care.

He said that he wanted the Government to expand these services, which served seven million people at the time, to serve one-fifth of the American population.

Prepaid groups like the Kaiser Permanente medical care program, headquartered in California, and, to a lesser degree, the Health Insurance Plan of Greater New York had earned good reputations for giving high quality care more cheaply than did the traditional fee-for-service system. The groups worked on a fixed budget and had an incentive to keep people well and out of the hospital, where care is very expensive.

"It was a simple idea," said Dr. Walter McClure, an economist who is with the Minneapolis-based health research organization Interstudy. Interstudy's head, Dr. Paul Elwood, is the architect of the original Nixon proposal.

"Whatever happened to that simple idea?" Dr. McClure asked the other day.

The Background

The initial support that the Administration had given to rapid expansion of H.M.O.'s soon gave way to pressure from organized medicine, which saw them as a threat to the private practice of medicine.

Some doctors put heavy pressure on Mr. Nixon to back away from the principle, and he did.

No announcement was issued saying "The Nixon Administration is having second thoughts about H.M.O.'s," but the proposal never got off the ground.

Dr. John G. Smillie, president of the Group Health Association of America, an organization of 22 prepaid group practices, said earlier this year that the movement was suffering from "official neglect."

However, Congress passed a bill in 1973 that provided grants and loans for five years for "demonstration" H.M.O. development. Businesses with more than 25 employees in communities where doctors offered prepaid health-care plans were required under the bill to provide a federally certified H.M.O. in addition to regular health insurance plans—the so-called dual choice provision.

Another provision allowed states to remove from their laws on medical practice clauses that kept doctors from forming groups and, in some cases, from delegating responsibilities to assistants.

Open Enrollment

The law contains an open-enrollment provision that says that doctors offering prepaid health systems must, during one month each year, accept any person who applies, regardless of medical history.

In addition, the H.M.O.'s must charge all subscribers the same premium, regardless of their history of utilizing services. This is called community rating.

The problem with the law is that it was a compromise of two differing bills that turned out to be a compromise that no one could really live with, according to critics of the program.

"The primary weakness of the H.M.O. Act is a built-in conflict between the law's objectives and the mechanism to achieve them," a report prepared by the Congressional Budget Office said.

The House version of the bill, sponsored by Democrats Paul G. Rogers of Florida and former Representative William Roy, a physician from Kansas, was a simple bill, much along the lines of Mr. Nixon's proposal.

The Senate version, sponsored by Edward M. Kennedy, Democrat of Massachusetts, was more like a model for national health insurance.

The \$5 billion Senate bill sought to expand access to the health delivery system, using such features as open enrollment and community rating. It mandated dental and extended mental health coverage, services that were not then required in most health insurance policies.

Many of these features stayed in the compromise version.

When H.E.W. finally issued regulations last summer and fall defining what a health maintenance organization had to do to receive Federal approval, no existing plan had a generous enough benefit structure to qualify.

The H.M.O.'s, whose premiums are often higher than those of traditional medical services to begin with, complained that the new law which sought to expand these groups, was in fact making them less competitive in the health insurance market.

The Issue

Five years after the inception of an idea and three years after legislation was passed, only 12 of the 181 prepaid group practices in the nation qualify under the Federal definition of health maintenance organizations. The model plan, Kaiser, is not among the 12.

The H.M.O. movement continues to be popular—10 million people are now covered with private insurance companies, such as Blue Cross-Blue Shield, who have set up 70 H.M.O.'s.

H.E.W. has given \$31 million to 157 groups to develop H.M.O.'s and lent \$13 million to nine of the 12 qualified plans. Loans have not yet been approved for the three other qualified plans.

However, the question is, has Federal action on health maintenance organizations helped or hurt the development of "that simple idea?"

The Opponents

A number of H.M.O. and other health care organizations banded into a special interest association called the Consensus Group find the law too stringent. They also contend that the law requires H.M.O.'s to be better, more humane and more generous than the entire health and delivery system of which are a part.

Because the law requires Federal approval before businesses are required to offer H.M.O.'s to employees, existing H.M.O.'s feel that they must receive the Federal seal of approval to stay competitive.

As a result of this, G.A.O. concluded in a report last fall that the H.M.O. Act of 1973 was more of a detriment to development of new plans than it was an incentive.

"How simple life would be if the [Nixon] Administration bill had been passed," said Dr. Frank H. Senbold, action director of the H.M.O. program.

The Proponents

Both Senator Kennedy and the American Medical Association are in favor of the existing law.

Dr. James H. Sammons, executive vice president of the A.M.A., wrote to Representative Rogers arguing that the H.M.O.'s should be required to have open enrollment and community rating provisions. His argument was that since the organization's could dispense medical care more cheaply than the individual doctor could, they should repay the system for its efficiencies.

The A.M.A. advocates that H.M.O.'s be required to enroll the sickest, and therefore the most costly, patients, thus increasing their expenses and possibly their premiums, which tend to be higher than those of regular health insurance anyway.

Senator Kennedy's thinking is different. "We are trying to get away from the anticompetitive practices in health insurance," said Dr. Philip Caper, a member of Mr. Kennedy's staff. "The private sector has not assumed their social responsibility. They are in it to make money. The Government should get involved to do what private industry has not done."

He said that the Senator wanted to get away from the practice of refusing sick people insurance coverage because they were bad insurance risks. The original Kennedy version would have supplemented operational deficits caused by such cases, but the compromise bill did not.

Dr. Caper said that the development of H.M.O. was a slow process and that it was probably better to set the model at first—even if such an approach took longer—than to set something in motion that would have to be overhauled soon.

It doesn't make sense, he said, to set up a lot of centers that H.E.W. cannot monitor.

The Outlook

The criticism of the law has led to proposed amendments, which passed the House last November but were reported out of Senator Kennedy's committee just last week. Floor action should be completed in the next few weeks, and then the House and Senate versions will have to be resolved in conference.

Books of The Times

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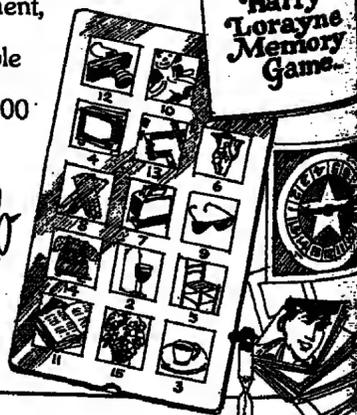
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# Illinois Towns Are Center of Feud Over Which Side of River Should Get New Airport for St. Louis Area

**PAUL DELANEY**  
 Staff Writer of The New York Times  
 ST. LOUIS, Ill., May 12—An extraordinary feud over environmental issues over urban growth patterns could be battling another to get a new airport for St. Louis, a city of noise, traffic and pollution.

It seems almost comical that this place in Illinois farm town be the center of the which has raged metropolitan St. Louis.

The names of Waterloo, Illinois—a town of 10,000—evoke a here that match field-McCoy feud in issue is whether the area needs a new to replace Lambert onal Field, and if so, who want to replace Field, most of them residents, feel strongly the new facility built on the east the Mississippi River Waterloo-Columbia

Walsh, director of the county's Business and Industrial Development Commission.

On the other side of the river, the arguments are that the Waterloo-Columbia location is closer to downtown St. Louis, that the metropolitan area should be looking eastward rather than westward, and that other sites would be up to 100 miles from downtown.

But the prime argument of the Illinois faction concerns economic benefit not only for downtown St. Louis but also for the East St. Louis area, one of the most depressed in the country.

"The airport is needed on the east side to provide jobs and business. St. Louis County doesn't need it as bad as we do," remarked James E. Williams Sr., former Mayor of East St. Louis.

The International Concept "Not only that," he continued, "Lambert will be at the end of its lifespan by the time the new airport is completed. The area's needs should revolve around the economy of St. Louis. Also, it is necessary to complete the intermodal concept of transportation, which includes a new lock and dam, railroad relocation, high-

ways, waterway and pipeline, that should be developed around St. Louis."

Mr. Walsh of St. Louis County says, however, that the airport should not be used to solve the economic and social problems of the Illinois side of the river. He and other pro-west siders have even picked up some support east of the river from a few farmers who believe an airport near their communities would have a negative effect.

George D. Wendel, director of the center for urban programs at St. Louis University, said that the idea for an eastern site had come

when some officials, disturbed by the westward movement of population from the river, "took a billion-dollar long shot gamble to get people moving downtown and east again."

"No Guarantee of That" "The gamble," he said, is "that if the airport is in Illinois, all those people would use downtown hotels and restaurants, but there's no guarantee of that."

When the debate became bitter and personal, Clarence C. Barksdale, president of the First National Bank of St. Louis and chairman of the Regional Commerce and Growth Association, appointed a committee, made up of four persons from Missouri and four from Illinois, to make recommendations.

"The debate had gone on far too long. It was divisive and had polarized both sides of the river. So I thought I would appoint an objective, fact-finding committee," he said.

But the committee's report, issued last October, only provoked the Missouri side even more—especially since Mr. Barksdale, who is a prominent St. Louisan, and four others from the west side of the Mississippi joined in a unanimous conclusion that Lambert was the victim of

obsolescence and poor management and that the Columbia-Waterloo site should be designated as the new airport location when one was needed in about 15 years.

The report also said that the controversy was beginning to affect economic development in the area. Mr. Barksdale said in an interview that leaders were neglecting other pressing problems.

"There was a lot of pressure on me not to name a committee," Mr. Barksdale said, "and then more pressure not to release the report. The matter affected friendships and business deals."

Five years ago, Mr. Wendel of St. Louis University reported, the pro-Illinois forces felt optimistic because there was a Republican Administration in Washington, a Republican Governor of Illinois, Richard B. Ogilvie and a Democratic governor of Missouri.

But now that has changed. Dan Walker, a Democrat, is Illinois Governor, and Christopher S. Bond, a Republican, is Governor of Missouri.

Moreover, Mr. Bond is considered close to President Ford and has been mentioned as a possible nominee for Vice President, a point that the pro-east siders feel is against them.



the river, on the side, the sentiment is strong—maybe since there are in. But the demand is for the revival of Lambert Field, construction of a new the west bank. nate decision, now tary of Transportation T. Coleman ave ramifications d the immediate y, the debate has ents of a classic een a big city and y suburbs—except us County leaders i forces with the h owns Lambert, d to put up \$27 part of the cost airport on the ide.

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For the moment, debate has sub- what, but it will flare up again leman announces n, and the an- could come any

debate intensified last five years, airport author- formed on both river.

oring the Missouri river argue that of the metropoli- population is in id 75 percent of f air transporta- St. Louis County, are designed to using them and n live in St. Louis should serve the city," says John G.

**March Protests**  
 version of Ganges

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of the march, year-old Maulana Kha Bhashani, ore than half a were taking part ay trek from this ct capital. The extended for five continuing to 50 Bangladesh point a Farakka Dam in

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# Military Violated Civilians' Rights, Senate Study Says

Continued From Page 1, Col. 3

...to respond effectively to presidential requests for assistance in times of civil disorder... was necessary to learn about the goals of dissident groups. Although there is no statute authorizing military surveillance of the political activities of private citizens, the report said, the Constitution gives the federal government the responsibility of protecting each of the states "against domestic violence."

The committee staff noted, however, that the Senate Subcommittee on Constitutional Rights, which conducted an extensive investigation of military intelligence activities in 1971, had been "unwilling to apply the authority to conduct political surveillance of civilians from the role assigned by statute to the military in the event of civil disturbance."

In all, the committee staff estimated, 100,000 individuals and a "similarly large" number of domestic organizations were subjected to surveillance by Army intelligence agents "who are young and could easily mix with dissident young groups of all races." In addition to civil rights protests, such as the 1968 Poor Peoples' March on Washington, and anti-Vietnam war organizations like the National Mobilization Committee, Army agents penetrated a coalition of church youth groups, classes at New York University, a conference of priests convened to discuss birth control and the late Rev. Martin Luther King.

...of Southern Christian Leadership Conference.

While the covert infiltration of such organizations was a principal technique, the report said, Army intelligence agents monitored protest marches and rallies by posing as newsmen and by recruiting civilian informers to work in the agents' behalf, before the Defense Department's nationwide intelligence collection effort was declared to have been ended in 1971.

In an effort reminiscent of, but narrower in scope than the "Comtelpro" domestic counter-intelligence programs of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, military officers and enlisted men also set out to harass and disrupt attempts of some anti-war groups to organize public demonstrations, the report said.

Among the individuals on whom the Army maintained intelligence files, it added, were Dr. King; the late Whitney M. Young, head of the National Urban League; Julian Bond, the Georgia State legislator; Arlo Guthrie and Joan Baez, folk-singers; Dr. Benjamin Spock, the child care specialist and antiwar activist; and Senator Adlai E. Stevenson 3d, Democrat of Illinois.

The experience of the late 1960's which the committee staff termed "the most intrusive that military intelligence has ever made into the civilian community," resulted in the issuance of new Defense Department directives that presumably eliminated some intelligence activities against United States citizens and sharply curtailed others.

The Senate report pointed out, however, that the 1971 restrictions, while barring the collection of intelligence about individuals "unaffiliated" with the military, excepted from that prohibition individuals or groups that the Pentagon considered "threats" to its operations or security.

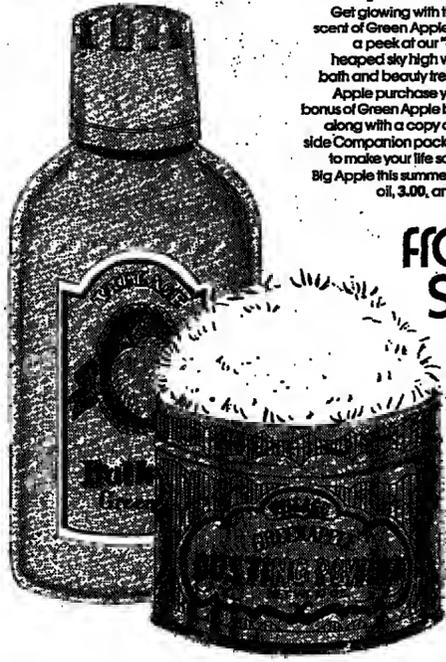
Although the committee staff said it had found very few apparent violations of the 1971 directive, it pointed out that the directive was an administrative one, and that "no matter how effective it may have been in the past, the directive can be rescinded or changed at the direction of the Secretary of Defense."

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### Mondale Says Panel Seeks F.B.I. 'Assassination File'

WASHINGTON, May 16 (UPI) — The Senate Select Committee on Intelligence Activities has asked the Justice Department to turn over a previously undisclosed "assassination file" of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, according to Senator Walter F. Mondale, Democrat of Minnesota.

Senator Mondale, a member of the committee, said today on a CBS television program "Face the Nation" that the intelligence agencies had generally been "quite forthcoming" about providing material on their secret operations. "But, Mr. Mondale said, 'There is some evidence we haven't seen everything.' He said that committee staff members had come across an F.B.I. file with an assassination heading while working on an investigation of a assassination of President Kennedy.

"It was apparently labeled 'assassination: Mr. Castro,' or something like that," Mr. Mondale said.



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Macy's

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### Tydings Bid for Comeback in Maryland Overshadowed by Presidential Race

By BEN A. FRANKLIN  
Special to The New York Times

BALTIMORE, May 16—Can a victim of alleged Watergate dirty tricks find vindication at 48 by returning to the United States Senate?

The question is one that stalks Joseph D. Tydings, the son of a celebrated democrat, the late Senator Millard E. Tydings.

Joseph Tydings lost his Senate seat in 1970 after one term. He described this in part to the Nixon White House, which he said planted a fabricated story of an alleged maneuver by Mr. Tydings for personal gain on a Government contract with Life magazine, which published it shortly before the November election.

He also cites unreported White House-controlled campaign funds that were allegedly secretly channeled to the Republican who narrowly beat him than. The victor was present incumbent, J. Glenn

Recall Jr., also the son of a long-time Maryland Senator.

In his comeback bid to Tuesday's primary here, Mr. Tydings seeks the nomination to contest Senator Beall again this fall, and it would ordinarily be the stuff of high political drama. But the Democrats' senatorial jockeying has stirred little interest for a number of reasons.

One is the remarkable excitement that Gov. Edmund G. Brown Jr. of California has stirred up in Maryland in the Presidential preference primary.

In barely two weeks of campaigning, when Mr. Tydings and his principal opponent in the Democratic race, Representative Paul S. Sarbanes of Baltimore, would otherwise have expected to peak their own efforts, Mr. Brown has come up from nearly last place in The Baltimore Sun poll. Now he is within one percentage point of former Gov. Jimmy Carter of Georgia, heretofore a comfortable front-runner here. The

poll Thursday gave Mr. Carter a 28 percent preference of those questioned and Mr. Brown 27 percent.

The polls found that the belated stirring up of the Carter-Brown competition here had relegated the five other candidates to the Democratic preference ballot in near-fringe status. They were Representative Morris K. Udall of Arizona with 8 percent, Senator Henry M. Jackson of Washington and Gov. George C. Wallace of Alabama each with 5 percent, and former Senator Fred R. Harris of Oklahoma and Ellen McCormack, the anti-abortion candidate, with less than 1 percent. Mr. Jackson and Mr. Harris are no longer actively campaigning and Mr. Udall has not been here much.

In the separate balloting for the direct election of delegates to the Democratic National Convention, the poll suggested that Mr. Carter, with full slates of delegate candidates across the state, would gain most of Maryland's 53 convention

votes. Forty delegate seats are to be decided on Tuesday and the remaining 13 will be allotted later in proportion to the candidates' totals in that voting.

In the Republican Presidential primary, The Sun poll showed that former Gov. Ronald Reagan of California was closing but not overcoming his large, earlier lag behind President Ford, with a 34 percent preference among Republicans surveyed to 44 percent for Mr. Ford.

Liberal Image  
Republicans will vote here in a winner-take-all primary. The candidate taking the highest vote in each of eight districts wins three seats per district, and the statewide winner takes the remaining 19 at-large delegates, for a total of 43.

Another explanation for the lack of fervor in Mr. Tydings' Senate race is that he is perceived by some Democrats as a New Deal, big-spending, big-government liberal despite his efforts now to project a more conservative, fiscally prudent

image. His record in the Senate from 1960 to 1970 seems in many to bear out this perception.

He is struggling, then, to persuade Marylanders that he has softened his formerly tough position on Federal gun control legislation, once the toughest in the Senate. This stand inspired a well-organized and well-financed campaign against him in 1970.

Mr. Tydings was the United States Attorney for Maryland for three years before his successful Senate race in 1964 at the age of 36. In his six years since leaving politics he has practiced law, been divorced and remarried, and suffered a substantial decline in a personal fortune through ill-starred real estate investments. Federal law, in any case, now limits his financing of his own campaign.

Mr. Sarbanes, the scholarly, 48-year-old, three-term Congressman who is Mr. Tydings' only serious challenger in a field of eight candidates, has

been heavily supported by labor and Greek-American contributors and has outspent Mr. Tydings, according to their public reports, by nearly 2 to 1.

The primary struggle for Mr. Sarbanes' seat has given Barbara A. Mikulski, a 39-year-old women's rights leader, a chance to undertake her third election campaign in three years. She was defeated in a bid to unseat Senator Charles McC. Mathias Jr., a Republican, in 1974. Last year she was elected to a second four-year term on the Baltimore City Council. Nine other Democrats are contenders.

The outcome of the Tydings-Sarbanes contest is too uncertain to call, according to a number of politicians. The same uncertainty prevails in the Third Congressional District that is being vacated by Mr. Sarbanes for the Senate race. The same is true in the Eighth District in the Washington suburbs of Montgomery County, where Representative Gilbert Gude, a wealthy Republican, is retiring at the age of 53 after five terms.

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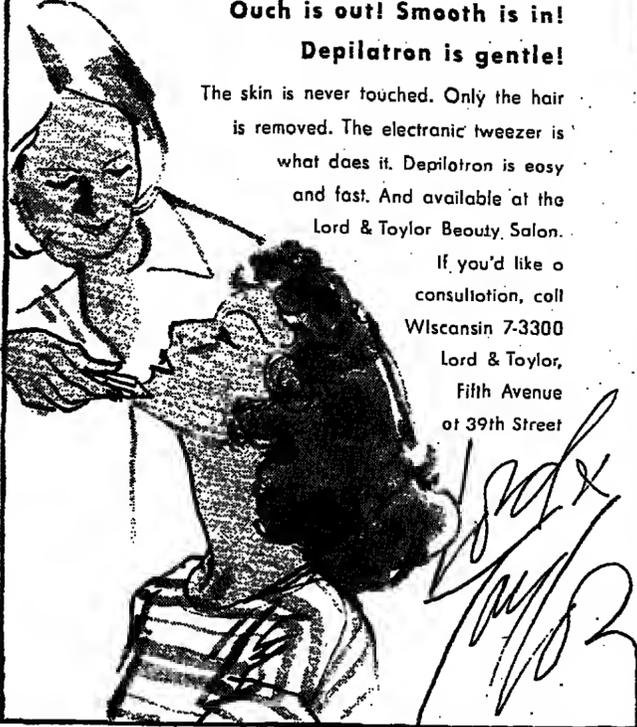
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### Kissinger Wants to Quit Office Even if Ford Wins in November

Continued From Page 1. Col. Trip from some people in the Ford camp has also annoyed Mr. Kissinger.

He said, "I briefed the Cabinet two weeks before I went in the presence of all of the political experts, and nobody said this was a bad time to go."

In the NBC interview, Mr. Kissinger defended the African trip as having given African nations "a moderate alternative" to further wars in Africa.

He said that if negotiations between whites and blacks could begin in Rhodesia, "perhaps all of the parties will conclude that negotiation is preferable to bloodshed."

On the Panama Canal, which has become another campaign issue, Mr. Kissinger rebutted criticism of the current negotiations by asserting that if necessary the United States "will defend the Panama Canal."

But the President, he added, must be able to show that every effort for a negotiated arrangement with the Panamanians was taken first.

On the Middle East, he said no progress toward peace now, but said that he still believed that progress was possible. "I believe that the chief element for its exists, and it is only a question of time before the momentum starts again."

Asked about recognition of Vietnam, Mr. Kissinger said that there was no progress in this direction, because Hanoi tried to "blackmail us by using the remains of Americans to extort economic and other aid, and we will not be blackmailed by the American suffering, and we will not attach any conditions to the missing in action."

Mr. Kissinger has been criticized by some of Mr. Ford's political advisers as a liability to Mr. Ford's efforts to win the Republican nomination.

An issue in Primaries

Ronald Reagan, Mr. Ford's rival for the Republican nomination, has made Mr. Kissinger and his policies a prime target in the primary campaigns. In particular, Mr. Kissinger's recent African trip, on which he promised to help to end white rule in Rhodesia, has been cited by some of Mr. Ford's aides as having contributed to Mr. Ford's defeat in the Texas primary.

Mr. Ford has publicly stated that Mr. Kissinger can remain as Secretary of State as long as he wants, even into a new Administration.

But some of Mr. Ford's aides, such as Rogers C. B. Morton, the head of the Ford Election Committee, and Melvior R. Laird, a close friend have said publicly that they believed Mr. Kissinger would not be Secretary in a new Ford Administration. This was interpreted as pressure from the Ford camp on Mr. Kissinger to state his intention of resigning, thereby helping to remove him as a campaign issue.

Those comments were not well received by Mr. Kissinger, who does not want to leave office under pressure, his aides say.

The criticism of the African

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# While Other Candidates Scramble, Reagan Still Campaigns at His Own Pace

By DOUGLAS E. KNEELAND

SAN FRANCISCO, May 16—

In these days of frenetic Presidential primary campaigning, Ronald Reagan usually appears to be marching to a different drummer.

Coming into the final weeks of the long primary season, which ends on June 8 with crucial contests in California, Ohio and New Jersey, the Democratic Party's candidates are scrambling all over the landscape seeking endorsements, votes and money.

And President Ford, faced with what could be a vital test of his strength Tuesday in his home state, greatly expanded his planned campaign in Michigan to include this whole week-end.

But Mr. Reagan, the Republican challenger, even while acknowledging that he had an outside chance of upsetting Mr. Ford in Michigan, campaigned in the state only one day last week.

And he did not return for a final, all-out effort there after going to Oklahoma to address that state's Republican convention. (Mr. Reagan was awarded the rest of the 38 delegates that Oklahoma will send to the national convention to go with the 18 he had already won.)

Instead, he flew back to his Pacific Palisades home, as he does almost every week, for three days of relaxation and some time for strategy sessions and issues study.

The former Governor and his

aides do not really expect to beat Mr. Ford in his home state, but they are confident that they will win a fairly sizable number of Michigan's 84 convention delegates, which will be divided proportionately according to the popular vote on Tuesday.

They concede that any slight chance of victory they may have depends on the effectiveness of Mr. Reagan's appeals to Democrats and independents to cross over and vote for him in the Republican primary.

### Another Strategy

Apparently, one reason that the Reagan camp has not stepped up its efforts in Michigan has been to prevent Mr. Ford, if he wins, from contending that he defeated Mr. Reagan in a hotly contested primary.

After a string of victories in North Carolina, Texas, Alabama, Georgia, Indiana and Nebraska, the Reagan camp does not want the President to appear to be making a strong comeback should he win, as expected, on Tuesday in Michigan, and in Maryland, which Mr. Reagan has avoided altogether.

But those tactics do not entirely explain the different pace of the Reagan campaign.

Before last Tuesday's important test in Nebraska, for instance, the 65-year-old former Governor took four days off. Next week there are six primaries, in Kentucky, Idaho, Nevada, Oregon, Arkansas and Tennessee, in most of which he is

expected to do well. But his schedule calls for him to begin campaigning Wednesday and return home late Sunday afternoon for two more days of rest before opening his drive for support in California's important, winner-take-all primary.

Many of those who have followed the Reagan campaign agree that it is unlike any other they have observed.

For one thing, even when he is on the road for a few days,

Mr. Reagan's schedule is seldom as grueling as those of most other candidates. On an ordinary day he may appear at 8:30 A.M. at a breakfast of supporters, tape a local television interview, make a luncheon speech, perhaps do some more television taping in the afternoon, appear at a reception at his hotel room about 9 or 10 P.M. He usually retires at 9:30 P.M. Most other candidates

feel lucky to wind up their days by midnight.

Abroad his chartered plane, Mr. Reagan sits quietly in a window seat in the front row, reading news reports, preparing for his next speech—although they seldom vary—or confer- ring with one of his advisers.

Never known as a gregarious person, he does not mingle with the press following him or with his own aides.

In an age when most candidates spend much of their time trying to outdo each other at "media events," shaking hands at shopping centers, visiting coal mines, steel mills and grain elevators—anything that will provide a backdrop for the ubiquitous television and still cameras—Mr. Reagan shies away from such activities.

Although the former movie actor is generally acknowledged to be the most comfortable, and probably the most effective, candidate on television, he appears to prefer the interview format to anything that smacks of a performance for the cameras.

For one thing, Mr. Reagan and his staff feel that he is most effective in such settings or when answering questions from audiences after his speeches. For another, he apparently still believes that as a former actor he must prove he is "Presidential."

As for the more leisurely pace of his campaign days, Mr. Reagan's aides say that they tried heavier schedules in the New Hampshire and Florida primaries, even including frequent "media events," and "it just didn't work."

It was commonly accepted by those close to the campaign in Florida, which Mr. Reagan lost, that he was often tired and jumpy and that his style suffered for it.

"Besides," one campaign spokesman said, "he really works in get up for his speeches and they drain him. Shaking hands all day would be a lot easier for him."



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## Reagan Gets 46 Delegates in Five States

By The Associated Press

Ronald Reagan made gains during the weekend that will keep him ahead of President Ford in the delegate count, regardless of what happens in the Maryland and Michigan primaries on Tuesday.

Mr. Reagan picked up support Saturday from a total of 46 delegates to the Republican National Convention, while Mr. Ford gained 8.

[Mr. Reagan now has 476 delegates, to 333 for Mr. Ford, according to a New York Times tabulation.]

[Until this weekend there was at least a statistical chance that Mr. Ford could be ahead after Tuesday's primaries. But now, even if the President were to win all 43 Republican delegates at stake in Maryland, and all 84 to be selected on the basis of the Michigan voting, he would still trail Mr. Reagan.]

Mr. Reagan picked up 18 delegates votes Saturday in Oklahoma, 12 in Missouri, 9 in Louisiana, 5 in Virginia and 3 in Minnesota. Mr. Ford gained 6 in Missouri and 2 in Virginia.

The Minnesota selection process will be completed at a state convention.

For the Democrats, former Gov. Jimmy Carter of Georgia received eight delegate votes Saturday in New Mexico, that gives him 604 of the 1,505 delegates needed for the nomination, according to The Times tabulation.]

Support for Reagan SEATTLE, May 16 (UPI)—Ronald Reagan has the support of a majority of the delegates who will attend the state Republican convention on June 18 in the state of Washington, according to results from con-

ventions in the state's 39 counties.

The counties of Douglas, Ferry, Kilkist, Whitman and Yakima completed the selection of delegates yesterday.

A poll of county chairmen in those five counties, added to earlier results, showed Mr. Reagan with at least 715, for 61 percent, of the 1,164 delegates to the state convention.

Mr. Ford had at least 284 delegates and there were 45 listed as uncommitted. Twenty others were not classified.

All of the county delegations are officially uncommitted going into the state convention, which will be held in Spokane. And the 38 delegates that the state will send to the Republican National Convention will be officially uncommitted.

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## Carter as Governor Had Activist Term

Continued From Page 1, Col. 6

much more responsive to the needs of the people," he says. "I'm proud, really very proud of it there—and come up with the sprawling, venerable bureaucracy."

These days, as he campaigns for the Presidency, he says there were more than 300 government agencies when he began his reorganization project in 1971. When it was over, he says, only 22 remained. "Aod out only did we make possible the savings of millions of dollars in administrative costs, we made the whole operation much more efficient and much more responsive to the needs of the people," he says. "I'm proud, really very proud of that."

There are those in this old capital city who dispute the merits of that claim, including Mr. Matthews, who is admittedly partisan, and Ernest Davis, the state auditor, who says he is unbiased.

According to Mr. Davis, the economic savings Mr. Carter says resulted from his restructuring of the government have never appeared on his own balance sheets.

**Never Saw Savings**

"I suppose there are certain ways to figure this and not figure that—you know, take a little bit here and leave a little bit there—and come up with the numbers you want," he said. "But in strict accounting terms, I've got to say that I never saw all those savings, any time."

Mr. Carter's allies in state government estimate that his reorganization resulted in savings of at least \$45 million in the first year and around \$30 million in the years that followed.

But several long-time capital figures question the effects of the reorganization, scoffing at Mr. Carter's appraisal of it as a "radical piece of surgery that restored the patient's health."

Mr. Matthews called the program nothing more than a "cosmetic rearrangement of the furniture," and other critics who asked out to be identified (the more popular Mr. Carter becomes as a Presidential candidate the fewer Georgians there are who will talk on the record) were more or less agreed.

**Cites Adversaries**

Mr. Carter concedes that there were certain final weaknesses in the reorganization of the state government, but he insists that they reached no one from his own lack of vision or understanding but rather from the work of his adversaries in the bureaucracy and in the legislature.

"They fought me all the way," he remembers—and that recollection, according to that account of many others, is accurate.

The legislature, a traditionally stiff-necked body of conservatives, opposed him at almost every turn, not only in the dramatic struggle over reorganization but also on almost every other proposal he made.

It was bitter, brutal political combat with Mr. Carter on one side and Lester G. Maddox, the segregationist Lieutenant Governor who was Mr. Carter's predecessor, on the other.

"There was a great deal of blood," recalls Jody Powell, the candidate's press secretary. "Mr. Carter himself concedes that he 'twisted a lot of arms' in behalf of his programs. Mr. Matthews recalls that the Governor seemed to 'enjoy the bloodletting.'"

**Eventual Victory**

But that period is also remembered here for Mr. Carter's eventual victory. He had promised in his 1970 campaign to make wholesale changes in the structure of the government, and when he reached office he hammered out an unusual "reverse veto" plan for the project that ultimately became law.

He asked for and got the authority to order revisions in the state government with the stipulation that the legislature could then veto any such change. Traditionally, the veto is the executive's prerogative, but Mr. Carter reasoned that nothing substantive would happen if each of his planned changes had to emerge from a separate piece of legislation.

Now, he is promising that if he is nominated and elected President, that is what he will propose to Congress—a reverse veto that would allow him to make executive orders regarding the Federal bureaucracy structure and provide Congress with the power to veto individual changes.

"We really fought that," Mr. Matthews, the House speaker, recalled, "but Carter had enough friends over here to run it through—and those who weren't his friends, he put the fear of the Lord in them and they came around."

But the Governor is also recalled as a man who could be persuasive without being threatening.

Throughout the long fight over reorganization, he is said to have met three and four times a day—over breakfast and lunch in his office and supper and drinks at the stately Governor's mansion—with members of the legislature, wheeling them, cajoling them and in some cases "preaching to them," and in many cases, winning them over.

In the end, the reorganization became the showpiece of his administration. He had brought to the task a large

group of men and women chosen from business, industry and the campus, and he had driven them mercilessly, establishing what seemed to be impossible deadlines for their work.

"But the important thing is that he was right there with us, working just as hard, digging just as deep into every little problem," one member of that force recalls. "It was his program and he worked on it as hard as anybody and the final product was distinctly his."

During that period, however, an important part of Governor Carter's own demeanor came to light. He once tried to reach the state's civil defense office to ask its help in finding a lost child. He was unable to find anyone to speak for the civil defense office and so his reorganization, he insisted, that the office be placed directly under his control.

Everyone in his administration argued against it, but the Governor was adamant.

"No, this is the way it's got to be," he was quoted by a staff member. Eventually, he relented but only after inordinately large amounts of time and energy had been spent in dissuading him.

"He's stubborn, that's true," says Mr. Powell, the one aide who is thought to be closest to Mr. Carter, but "at the same time, there are a lot of things he doesn't feel strongly about, either way, but once he makes up his mind on something—and that's no simple process—then, generally, that's it."

**Decided to Run**

And, soon after the 1972 Democratic National Convention in Miami Beach, which produced Senators George McGovern and Thomas F. Eagleton as the party's slates, Mr. Carter set his mind to run for President in 1976. He had been Governor for about a year and a half and he had been at least moderately successful with many of his projects; but once he decided to make 1976 a primary goal in his life, the way he approached the job as Governor.

"It was as though he was bored by the routine of the office," recalls an associate, "no longer on his staff. I don't mean he quit being Governor—that's absolutely out the case—but the demands in the office were just that for him: demands."

Others in the capital recalled that there seems to be a distinct absence of leadership in the Governor's office during the last year and a half or so of his term.

"Maddox just took over," said one of Mr. Carter's old friends. "I was very disappointed, even though I thought I knew what was happening."

Mr. Maddox himself more or less concurs.

"Carter was a very hard man to deal with for a while," he remembered recently, "but after a while, I didn't have to deal with him at all. Seemed like he just disappeared. He would veto this or veto that once every so often, but the last part of his term was very different from the first part."

The former aide views all of that as an affirmative side of Mr. Carter.

**Many More Blacks**

"He had the Presidency on his mind that's true," he says. "But he had no intention of sloughing off his job as Governor, and he did not. He worked just as hard, and I suppose as a matter of conscience, maybe he worked even harder at being Governor after he decided to run for President."

And, in the process, he put together a record that has become a model for him, at least—the premise of his Presidential campaign. Those who watched it happening then now recall it as a matter of will, of personal discipline and determination.

He increased the number of black appointees on major state boards and agencies from three in 1971 to 53 when he left office; he raised the number of black state employees from 4,850 to 6,834, and he staged a purposely dramatic hanging of a portrait of Rev. Dr. Martin Luther King Jr. in the rotunda of the state Capitol—where only a few years before Mr. Maddox as Governor had sat stolidly in his office, ringed by cordons of state troopers, while the civil rights leader's coffin was borne through the streets of Atlanta.

Governor Carter proposed and saw passed a "sunshine law" that opened to the public and to reporters many official government meetings previously held in private. The Southern Regional Council called it a "model," although others viewed it as a rather halfhearted effort that allowed too many loopholes to make it very effective.

As Governor, he called for and got a tax rebate in 1973 of about \$30 million. The next year he vetoed the same piece of legislation, deciding that it benefited public utilities and large property owners more than the low income people he said he had intended it to help.

Not without a temper, he called the 1972 legislature the "worst" in Georgia's history and termed its deliberations "an absolute victory for every selfish interest and lobbyist that ever set foot in the capital." By then, the legislators were accustomed to his temper.

"We used to call him Jumble Jimmy," one of them recalled. "There was no way of desting



Associated Press  
Jimmy Carter outside church in Plains, Ga., recently

with him when he went into his primitive state."

Still, Mr. Carter managed to get most of what he wanted out of the legislature.

He goaded it into purchasing thousands of acres of wilderness land to protect it from commercial development; and he imported from out of state highly respected penologists to begin a continuing overhaul of Georgia's ancient prison system, once characterized by the old chato gangs.

He traveled frequently, not only in this country but abroad as well, and while he now concedes that he was brushing up on foreign affairs in preparation for his Presidential pursuit, he also established state offices in several foreign countries as part of his effort to increase the economic health of the state. During his tenure in office, economic development increased by \$2.5 billion in capital investment and by 89,000 new jobs.

Fiscally, however, the record forged during that period is substantially less impressive. The number of state employees rose from 34,322 to 42,400 despite his highly touted reorganization. Similarly, the Georgia budget showed a sizable 58.5 percent increase from \$1,057 million to \$1,675 million.

But, Mr. Carter is nevertheless using what he did not do as Governor as the premise for his Presidential campaign. It bears a contrasting picture at best.

Facing a hostile legislature, he learned to be relatively conciliatory, but only to the degree that he believed it would enhance the chances for passage quietly.

of a piece of legislation he espoused.

Confronted by a bureaucracy weighted by decades of patronage and populated by thousands of men and women whose jobs represented the difference between survival and unemployment, he tempered his hard-line attitude on efficiency and compromised on wholesale job cuts that would have saved millions of dollars and perhaps contributed to a much more efficient government.

Mr. Carter also developed to those years a trait that has carried over into his Presidential campaign and presumably, if his suggestions are valid, would follow him into the White House. He found that his time was limited and that therefore he wanted to do, including the preparations for his Presidential campaign, if he allowed those less driven than he to occupy his time.

"His quotient for small talk was so very low," says Mr. Powell. "If he can't get rid of the people he believes are wasting his time, he simply leaves the room himself, not physically, but mentally. He just turns the whole thing off and uses his time in a way he believes is more productive."

Mr. Carter concedes that it is true.

"I like to concentrate," he said. "There's a lot. I want to do and I just have so much time to do it in; and I don't like to waste any time at all on anything that I don't believe is important."

He paused a moment. "Important to me," he added quietly.

## Ford Ends 3-Day Appeal For Support in Michigan

By PHILIP SHABECOFF  
Special to The New York Times

SAGINAW, Mich., May 18—Press, which endorsed him day. But it is expected that he should be elected to a full term in office because he deserves it, President Ford ended today his personal campaigning for support in Tuesday's Michigan primary.

Mr. Ford has spent three of the last five days in his home state trying to turn back the rising tide of support for his challenger, Ronald Reagan. The urgency of Mr. Ford's campaign suggests that he believes the outcome in Michigan will have a major impact on his political future.

Today, after going to church in Grand Rapids, his hometown, Mr. Ford came here to Saginaw to make his speech of the day to the township's Bicentennial Park. The speech, although only 10 minutes long, was a comprehensive distillate of most of the slogans, catchwords, one-liners and other appeals he has been honing during his recent campaign for the Republican Presidential nomination.

These are some of the things he said: "When I was sworn in, I said our long national nightmare was over. And it is."

"As I did not seek this office, neither did I shrink it."

**Veto Power**

"If it proves necessary, I will hold this nation on its course to full economic recovery by using my veto power again and again."

"I have followed a course that has led us to rising prosperity, recovered trust and a lasting peace."

"My Administration has been as honest, as open and as candid as I can make it and so is my campaign for the high office I hold."

"I want to lead our country away from a wasteful preoccupation with what's wrong with America and get on with the job of making things right with America."

"A government big enough to give you everything you want is a government big enough to take from you everything you have."

His aides have been seeking to develop a basic 10-minute speech and today's address is likely to be its prototype.

**No Dropout**

However, if Mr. Ford loses on Tuesday, particularly if he loses badly, he may not be doing that much more active campaigning. None of his aides have suggested that he will drop out of the race if he loses here, but almost all of them have conceded that such a loss would have grave consequences for the rest of the campaign.

Mr. Ford has the support of most of the state's elected Republican officials and much of the press, including The Detroit News and The Detroit Free

party from the bottom.

Back in Washington

WASHINGTON, May (UPI)—About 200 to 300 sons, including Secretary of State Henry A. Kissinger, other Cabinet officers, were hand at Andrews Air Force Base for Mr. Ford's return home tonight. They applauded as he left Air Force 1 for a automobile ride to a Vir suburb for a fund-raising p

**WEICKER DESCRIBES A G.O.P. 'PREAKNI**

Senator Lowell P. We Jr., Republican of Connecticut, said today that if Ronald Reagan defeated President Ford in the Michigan primary, the public party would have political "Preakness" or hands in which both candidates "burned themselves out" in the race's finish.

In that event, the Associated Press quoted the Senator saying, other Republicans should enter the race their party's nominee. Among those Mr. Weicker mentioned as possibilities were Vice President Rockefeller, Senators Howard H. Baker of Tennessee, Edward Brooke of Massachusetts, Charles McC. Mathias Jr. of Maryland.

The reference to the Preakness was to the race yesterday in which the two favored horses tied after a record drop in the early running, a loom shot overtook them.

Mr. Weicker said the former Gov. Reagan of Iowa were to lead the Republican ticket in November clearly would destroy the press, including The Detroit News and The Detroit Free

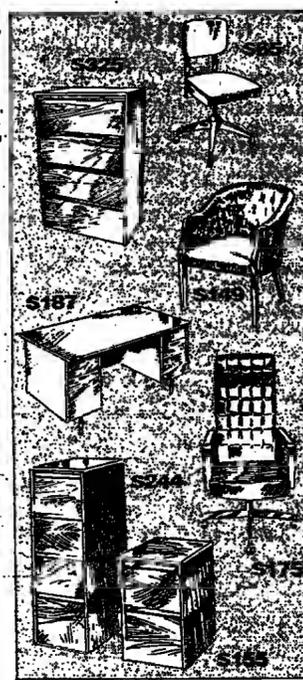
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صوتنا من الامل

Ford Ends 3-Day 'Thumb' of Michigan, Fervor for the Primary Is Not Red Hot



Kullish, a farmer from Uby, Mich. Though he has reservations over "this Nixon pardon and stuff like that," he will vote for President Ford tomorrow.

By WILLIAM K. STEVENS  
Special to The New York Times

UBLY, Mich., May 15—The Michigan Presidential primary—indeed, the whole world of politics—seems very far away here in the thumb section of President Ford's home state.

This is farming country, an off-the-track land of flat, buff-colored fields made fresh and bright at this time of year by lightly greening trees and alternating carpets of brilliant yellow dandelions. Jutting out of Michigan's eastern flank into Lake Huron, it gets its name because it is the "thumb" of the "mittens" formed by lower Michigan on the map.

And it is home to a classic variety of American voter: the conservative, but not radical, rural, small-town Midwestern Republican. It is a group that President Ford is counting on desperately in his drive to avoid embarrassment and possible defeat at the hands of Ronald Reagan in Tuesday's primary.

Mr. Ford cannot take these voters for granted, as he once might have. Although they are Michiganans, the President has never before sought their vote. His old Congressional district lies clear across the state.

Edward Kullish, 74 years old, is one of those voters. Yesterday he was encountered by visitors in a field by the side of Route 19, just south of Uby. He was opening bags of fertilizer and emptying them into a tractor-drawn corn planter. Warm, caressing breezes pushed slightly threatening clouds across the sky, and Mr. Kullish was much more concerned about whether it would rain on his planting operation than about the political questions he was about to be asked.

That is the way it is around here. Hurt and confused by what some see as a betrayal at the hands of Richard M. Nixon, many of the Thumb's voters seem almost repelled by matters political.

"I used to be more excited [about politics]," Mr. Kullish said. "I think I had more faith in who I believed in. Today you get let down right and left, and you can't know what to think."

But he says he will vote on Tuesday. For President Ford.

"I've got reservations," he said, eyeing the sky, "but I'll

Conservatives Seem Unconcerned by Political Issues

still go along with him."

"What reservations?" "Oh, this Nixon pardon and stuff like that."

But Mr. Ford had done a good job, over-all?

"Yes, well, I guess you can't do everything right."

What about Ronald Reagan?

"Well, what have I got to go by, to form an opinion?"

Does the fact that Mr. Ford comes from Michigan mean anything?

"No, nothing at all."

Mr. Ford's support in these parts—and it appears to be considerable—seems to be mostly of the Kullish variety: barely warm, born almost out of inertia, reflecting the built-in advantage of incumbency in a traditionally Republican stronghold.

Almost everyone you ask expects Mr. Ford to do well in the Thumb. The common perception, not only here but in more urbane Republican enclaves such as some of Detroit's suburbs, seems to be, as one voter put it, that Mr. Ford "hasn't done anything great, but he hasn't messed up, either."

From the Republican Party establishment to an Uby High School social studies class, those who have made any serious attempt to gauge voter preference expect Mr. Ford to defeat Mr. Reagan handily here in Huron County, at the tip of the Thumb.

60 to 70% G.O.P.

Ed Moore, the county Republican chairman, expects that 60 to 70 percent of the vote cast on Tuesday will be in the Republican column, and that Mr. Ford will get 60 to 70 percent of the Republican vote. (The county party organization has backed neither candidate.) Mr. Moore expects that Jimmy Carter, the former Governor of Georgia, and Gov. George C. Wallace of Alabama will share the Democratic vote about equally.

Based on a countywide turnout of 5,000 votes in Tuesday's wide-open cross-over primary (roughly equal to the turnout in the 1972 primary), that would give President Ford between 35 and 50 percent of all votes cast in Huron County, Mr. Reagan 20 to 30 percent, and

Mr. Carter and Mr. Wallace 15 to 20 percent each. Four years ago, Governor Wallace, at the high-water mark of his perennial drive for the Presidency, got 41 percent of the vote here. Many Republicans crossed party lines to vote for him, shattering a stranglehold that had enabled the Republicans always to carry Huron County by better than 2 to 1.

Weakening Hold

That stranglehold may be permanently weakened. More and more of the Thumb's voters, like Clarence Ventline, describe themselves as independents. Mr. Ventline, the general manager of a grain elevator in Kinde, north of here, says Mr. Ford "hasn't done the job," and is trying to decide whether to vote for Mr. Carter or Mr. Reagan.

The surge toward independence goes only so far, however. In the 1972 primary, for example, at the height of the Wallace tide, Richard Nixon polled 1,924 votes in Huron County—20 percent of the total cast—in an election in which he was essentially unopposed.

That probably represents the hard core of Republican loyalists. And among those loyalists, as well as others, to be Republican seems to be equated with voting for the party's leader.

So President Ford seems strong hereabout. Down in Argyle, south on Route 19, Gerald King says he will vote for Mr. Ford "because I think he's a man; he doo't pull no punches."

In Bad Axe, the Huron County seat, a fertilizer salesman says that Mr. Ford "has done all right," that he likes the President's stance on "promising what you can deliver and delivering what you promise." He wishes Mr. Ford were a little more forceful in foreign affairs, and recognizes that Mr. Reagan appeals to that wish. But to him, Mr. Reagan is "just a movie star" who "can't do it" in foreign policy matters.

And in Pinnebog, Bob Heck, the owner of Heck's bar used to hear lots of political talk from the farmers who stop in. But this election, he said, "there's nothing." There's talk about prices and inflation, yes. But not politics.

It's that kind of year in the Thumb.

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Finds It Hard, Even in Own State, Convey Vision That Inspires Voters

W. APPLE Jr.  
The New York Times

MICH., May 16—A crowd had drifted to the Presidential Express here yesterday to continue his whistle-stop tour of southern Michigan, only a few hardy, rain-soaked remnants remained to see Mr. Ford, fighting for political survival in a few 20th-century towns where he was one of a single voter.

Deeply grateful, a lone figure in the mist as the speed and slipped station, "for that day," was almost invisible most of those who turned to their cars. But the voice of Mr. Ford over their heads, the Presidential powerful public address: "Vote on Tuesday."

A poignant moment on that day, a day on which President—the Richard M. Nixon of the most powerful "free world"—was self-required to state, not to turn to him.

Main Truth  
win in Michigan," in Flint, the first with his square eyes that rare political canny free from there are few President's inner most nose outside he could go on publican oomies to Ronald Reagan Michigan primary

d almost plain his fellow Michi "let me down," usual modesty of "my opinion and my proven id he earnestly le crowds. "I've y best President w to be.

plenty of hoopla including a jazz variety of Michi- ters, six pretty suits any straw porters and tech- zzen Secret Serv- l Dick Tuck, the "ankster—all pa- onversations

versations among aying Mr. Ford they talked about an for a \$80,000 in the final '72 what Saul Freed- cetroit Free Press 0,000-pound gor- in Michigan (a e 800,000 voters Gov. George C. labama in 1972 for Mr. Reagan about the effect -stop tour on the one.

it [tha tour] will Mr. Ford told a he wanded ss cars "I'll get ted, and that's ut."

want our onto the old observa- end of the train es who pushed and hear him at Ford appeared in the difficulty ed him since he primaries to Mr. ormer California North Carolina

he was pushed ve by hostile that he had to Mr. Reagan's Panama Canal rparedness. He

never mentioned his opponent, nor did anyone else. But American Presidents have always been expected to articulate some vision of the future, to state, even if that goal is imperfectly expressed, and perhaps dimly understood, by the electorate. Mr. Ford, in the view of many Republican politicians who have thought deeply about his problems, has found that hard to do, and he did not do it yesterday.

Here in Lansing, for example, he claimed credit for a restoration of faith in the Presidency, for progress on economic problems and for presiding over an end to Vietnam.

There was nothing, however, about what kind of society he hoped to build in the nation—or the world—not even any slo-ganeering about a "new frontier" or a "generation at peace." Nothing to compare with Mr. Reagan's vision of a newly hard-nosed Administration in Washington, determined to defend American honor

abroad and the public purse at home.

It is that lack, a number of Republicans have begun to conclude, that has imperiled the President, far more than the shortcomings of his staff or his rival's television skills or election-law technicalities that permit crossover voting.

Most analysts expect him to win here. He lost only narrowly in neighboring Indiana, after all, and that is a more conservative state than this, with a similar crossover potential and without the incentive to support a native son. The upstart, plausible element in Mr. Ford's plummeting prestige in the aftermath of defeats in Indiana and three other states.

"I'm worried," said a prominent Michigan Republican, standing along the Grand Trunk tracks at Durand, "that Ford or a generation at peace, and then have to fight so hard at the convention that the nomination won't be worth anything. What did the Greeks call it? A Pyrrhic victory?"

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Vantage	king size	11 mg.	0.7 mg.*
Multifilter	king size	12 mg.	0.8 mg.*
Winston Lights	king size	13 mg.	0.8 mg.*
Marlboro Lights	king size	15 mg.	0.8 mg.*
Raleigh Extra Mild	king size	14 mg.	0.9 mg.*
Viceroy Extra Mild	king size	14 mg.	0.9 mg.*
Parliament	king size box	15 mg.	1.0 mg.*
Doral	king size	15 mg.	1.0 mg.*
Parliament	king size	16 mg.	0.9 mg.*
Viceroy	king size	16 mg.	1.1 mg.*
Raleigh	king size	16 mg.	1.1 mg.*
Virginia Slims	100mm	16 mg.	1.0 mg.*
Parliament	100mm	17 mg.	1.0 mg.*
L&M	king size box	17 mg.	1.1 mg.*
Silva Thins	100mm	17 mg.	1.3 mg.*
Marlboro	king size box	17 mg.	1.0 mg.*
Raleigh	100mm	17 mg.	1.2 mg.*
Marlboro	100mm	17 mg.	1.1 mg.*
Benson & Hedges 100's	100mm	18 mg.	1.1 mg.*
Viceroy	100mm	18 mg.	1.2 mg.*
Marlboro	king size	18 mg.	1.1 mg.*
Lark	king size	18 mg.	1.2 mg.*
Camel Filters	king size	18 mg.	1.3 mg.*
Eve	100mm	18 mg.	1.2 mg.*
Winston	100mm	18 mg.	1.2 mg.*
Winston	king size box	18 mg.	1.2 mg.*
Chesterfield	king size	19 mg.	1.2 mg.*
Lark	100mm	19 mg.	1.2 mg.*
L&M	king size	19 mg.	1.2 mg.*
Tareyton	100mm	19 mg.	1.4 mg.*
Winston	king size	19 mg.	1.3 mg.*
L&M	100mm	19 mg.	1.3 mg.*
Pall Mall	100mm	19 mg.	1.4 mg.*
Tareyton	king size	21 mg.	1.4 mg.*

Source: FTC Report Apr. 1976  
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# Women From 30 States Carry E.R.A. Fight to Land of Lincoln

By WILLIAM E. FARRELL  
Special to The New York Times  
SPRINGFIELD, Ill., May 16  
—About 8,000 supporters of the equal rights amendment from 30 states—from Maine to California—convened in front of a statue of Abraham Lincoln here today and rallied for passage of a 24-word-long addition to the United States Constitution that one speaker called part of the "second American revolution."

steps of the State Capitol to pressure the Illinois State Senate to become the 35th state to ratify the amendment. Supporters contended that passage in Illinois could have a spillover effect on neighboring states like Indiana and Missouri, which have not yet acted on the amendment. A total of 38 states are needed before the E.R.A. can become the 27th amendment to the Constitution. Ratification has been stalled in the Illinois Senate for more than a year and supporters of the amendment need six more State Senate votes in the current session to assure passage. The Illinois House ratified the amendment last year. The two-and-a-half-hour rally was peppered with the crowd-pleasing speeches, exhortations, historical footnotes and telegraphed pledges

of support from a broad spectrum of politicians ranging from Presidential aspirants such as Gerald Ford, Representative Morris K. Udall of Arizona and ex-Gov. Jimmy Carter of Georgia to Senators such as Charles H. Percy, Republican of Illinois, and Hubert H. Humphrey, Democrat of Minnesota. A Plane Overhead While the crowd was warmed up with tunes from the civil rights and antiwar movements of the 1960's—equipped with new lyrics germane to women's rights—a plane buzzed the Capitol building trailing a long streamer. The streamer said: "Illinois women oppose E.R.A.—libbers go home." Its bee-like raspings as it circled the ornate domed Capitol building did little to interfere with the heavily amplified oratory

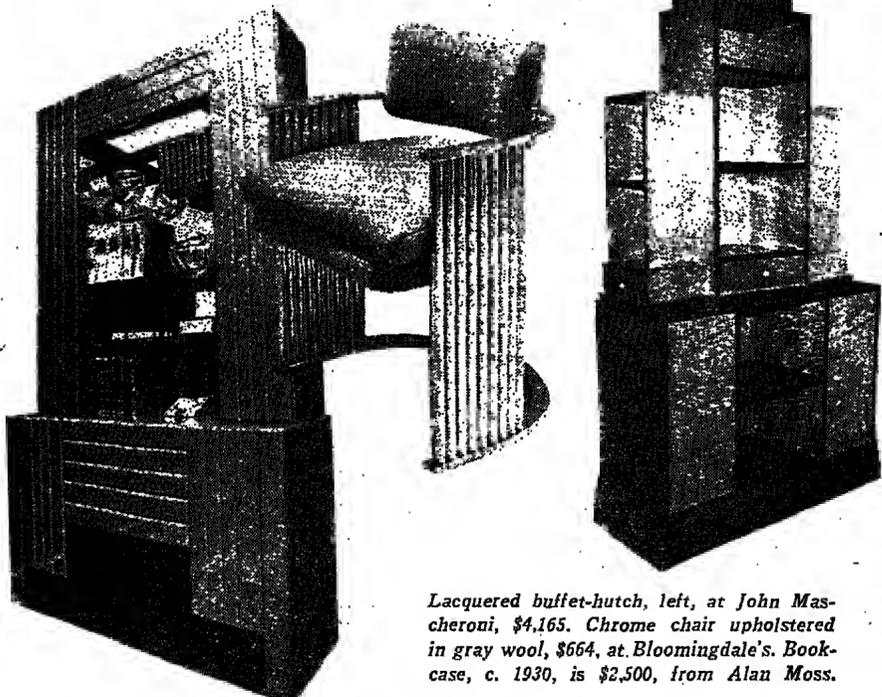
delivered in front of a contemplative statue of Lincoln that looked down on the speakers. "I'm not a betting woman but I've got a \$20 bill here that says that the pilot of that plane ain't no woman," said Sheila Lulkin, a teacher and union official, as the crowd roared. The Lincoln figure was draped with a banner emblazoned with the simple words of the proposed constitutional amendment: "Equality of rights under the law shall not be denied or abridged by the United States or by any state on account of sex." The participants convened on a cool spring day in what is normally a sleepy Sunday in this state capital. One contingent of about 500 women had started out on Friday from New York,

Washington and other points east. They went by train to Chicago and then by bus to Springfield. The train journey was, in part, a tribute to a cross-country rail caravan made by suffragists in 1917 when they were seeking the right to vote. Sally Campbell, a member of the New York Library Guild, a branch of the American Federation of State, County and Municipal Employees, said: "The train ride was tremendous. We even had a children's car." Pat Benjamin, who identified herself as "a housewife from Staten Island with two children," said that she and her friend, Susan Gorbaty, had "a great fantastic trip" with lots of camaraderie and singing. The signs were prolific and varied, ranging from the whimsical ("Lactators for E.R.A.") to militant ("A Middle Class Housewife is a Husband Away From Welfare"). Like the songs, the chants echoed the street protests of the 60's. "What do we want? Equal rights. When do we want them? Now," went one. "Hey, hey, what do you say. Ratify the E.R.A.," went another. The march started out along the city's oarby deserted downtown—passing by a house that was Lincoln's home when he lived in Springfield, and proceeded to the brilliant greensward that carpets the exterior of the Capitol building.



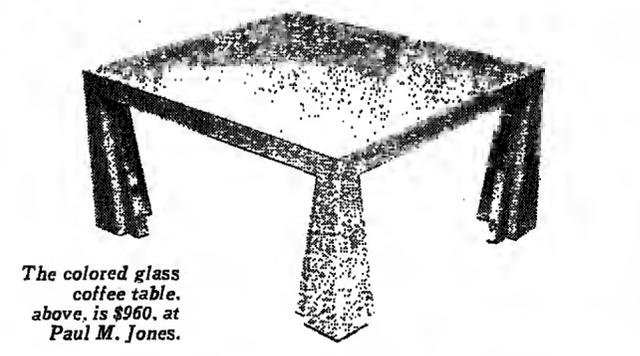
Supporters of equal rights bill gather at Capitol building in Springfield.

## Simplified Art Deco



Lacquered buffet-hutch, left, at John Mascheroni, \$4,165. Chrome chair upholstered in gray wool, \$664, at Bloomingdale's. Bookcase, c. 1930, is \$2,500, from Alan Moss.

By LISA HAMMILL  
It remains to be seen whether the current revival of Art Deco furniture styles is just a temporary touch of nostalgia, or a salute to the permanent validity of those styles. In any case, they're with us again. Today, you can walk into a number of department stores or decorator showrooms and see something that, even in a pared-down version, immediately reminds you of Radio City Music Hall. Or, if the style has captured you and you want the real thing, you can go to one of the increasing number of period Art Deco dealers or shops.



The colored glass coffee table, above, is \$960, at Paul M. Jones.

What you'll be seeing in the stores, however, are largely adaptations of the American version of that period. Europe, since before World War I, had been in a ferment of experimental activity in the decorative and applied arts. But in this country all that time, we were clinging to reproductions of other centuries. By the 20's, however, American urban architecture and industrial design were making great leaps forward. We were building taller and taller skyscrapers, and the automobile had already become the great American necessity. We had fallen in love with speed, with soaring spatial compression, and with the machine. But it wasn't until almost 1930 that we got around to noticing modern design for the home, prodded by some museums and department-store exhibitions, a few effective designer-proselytizers and ultimately, by the movies. And by then, we were ready to design in our own idiom. And how did we design our own Art Deco furniture? For one thing, it was beautifully engineered. Even in mass-produced pieces, the quality was often notable. There was an imaginative use of old materials—exotically grained wood veneers, lacquer finishes, mirror-covered furniture—and experimentation with such new materials as bakelite, plastics and chromed metal. As to design itself, it was clear we were enchanted with geometric form. Our fascination with speed and streamlining was reflected in emphatic horizontal lines; our interest in tall buildings was echoed in strong vertical lines. Bookcases, bar cabinets, chests jutted up and out at sharp angles.



White lacquer ziggurat-shape console table costs \$495, at Bloomingdale's.

But we were also concerned with spatial rhythms and harmony. Corners were rounded, or entire pieces were a curving flow. Asymmetry was one of the most notable features of the period, but it was an asymmetry that subtly balanced itself out in line and counterline. There was also great interest in the play of light and shadow, in the relation of form and function, in the paring away of unessential detail. It was furniture that, in comparison to older designs, was austere—and yet exuberant.

Among the decorator showrooms that offer individual signs offers a sizable selection in mirror finishes. All of these showrooms are in the Decoration and Design building at 979 Third Avenue (near 59th Street), except Karl Springer, which is at 306 East 61st Street. You need a decorator or architect to visit them. Among the shops carrying period Art Deco furniture, both American and European, are the following: Art Deco, 972 Second Avenue (near 51st Street); Bolero, 204 East 31st Street; Deco Boutique, 149 East 60th Street; Carol Ferranti, 858 Madison Avenue (72d Street); Galeria, 201 East 31st Street; Galerie Gerard, 49 East 10th Street; Joia, 1142 Second Avenue (60th Street); Alan Moss, 20 East 17th Street (you have to call first for an appointment); Lillian Nassau, 220 East 57th Street; and Primavera, 808 Madison Avenue (68th Street). The pieces at these places are of varying quality, and some dealers are better able to identify or document the furniture than others. In any case, whether you're going to buy an adaptation or a piece from the period, you may be surprised at how modern many of these works look. adaptations of Art Deco are John Mascheroni, Paul M. Jones, Cy Mann, Louis Maslow and Karl Springer. Designs in metal has a large group of metal Art Deco pieces and Tomorrow De-

DE GUSTIBUS  
Whence the Reuben? Omaha, It Seem

By CRAIG CLAIBORNE  
In a recent column, we spoke with some rapture of the Reuben sandwich, that grilled, multicolored modern classic made with dark bread, corned beef, sauerkraut and cheese. We stated wistfully we would be pleased to learn the origin of the dish. That wish provided us with an abundance of letters, most of them pinpointing 1956 as the year the sandwich gained national prominence. We have traced the history to the sponsors of the National Sandwich Contest held in that year. The following treatise, from the National Kraut Packers Association, explains all and includes the original winning recipe for the sandwich: "The Reuben sandwich, submitted by a waitress, Fern Snider of Omaha, took first place honors in the 1956 National Sandwich Contest. Since that year, the sandwich has steadily grown to its now acclaimed popularity. Today practically every restaurant, club and diner in the country features a version of the Reuben. "The idea originated from one of Miss Snider's employers, the Schimmel family, who has operated the Blackstone Hotel in Omaha for years. During 1920-1935, Bernard Schimmel's father belonged to a weekly poker group. Fixing their own sandwiches became the most enjoyed weekly 'feast' on these poker nights. One player, a wholesale grocer named Reuben Kay, devised the combination of kraut, corned beef and Swiss on rye. Thus, in honor its 'founder,' the Reuben was named. "Bernard Schimmel, a retired European-trained chef, says the secret of the Reuben is in its bread. It should be fresh pumpernickel, preferably the sourdough kind. The sauerkraut should be crisp, chilled and well drained. At the Blackstone, he explains, only the best ingredients are selected—that is, rich homemade Russian dressing, Emmentaler Swiss cheese, and kosher-styled corned beef that has been trimmed well and sliced very thin. Assembling the Reuben is an 'art' too. Schimmel puts corned beef on one slice of pumpernickel, Swiss cheese on the other. Next, he tops one side of the sandwich with a thick layer of kraut mixed with dressing. Then he either butters and quickly grills it or serves it cold without the butter. If grilled, he believes the sandwich should be hot on the outside, cold on the inside. The perfect garnishes are chilled, half-cured dill pickles." REUBEN SANDWICH 2 1/2 cups drained sauerkraut 1/4 cup chopped sweet onion 3 tablespoons chopped parsley Creamy Russian dressing 16 slices rye bread 3/4 pound sliced corned beef 3/4 pound sliced Swiss cheese Butter or margarine, softened.

state has the E.R.A. until America has the E.R.A." "During our Bicentennial year when we are celebrating when we are making history," said Gov. Daniel Walker, a Democrat. Karso DeCrow, president of the National Organization for Women, told the cheering throng: "We must hold men responsible in the caucuses, in the committees, in the bathrooms, in the barrooms." Dr. Armita Boswell, founder of the League of Black Women, alluded to criticisms that amendment supporters were heavily white and middle class. "I can't stop fighting for freedom," she said. "I'm doing my thing as a female." Sister Marilyn Ulline of the National Coalition of American Nuns said: "I often wonder what would be the present state of Christendom if Mary Magdalene was the first Pope." "It's always good to hear from a sister who's a Sister," said Mary Jean Collins. A special show of was reserved for Dan, one of the car in the women's class who had just made her hometown. "E.R.A. plays in said in her rapture voice. "There's no spread that I want E.R.A. I hope of Lincoln all the will make history." "We have lived American revolution said, "and our v said a very yes to

many years of the now-defunct and well-remembered Reuben restaurant on 59th Street. We feel obliged in all fairness to reprint portions of Mrs. Taylor's letter: "I am prompted to write concerning your search for the original Reuben sandwich. Your search is never: Here I am, the daughter of the horse's mouth. "My father . . . for over 40 odd years made his restaurant an institution in New York. To quote Damon Runyon, 'Reuben has always been famous for his sandwiches, which are regular productions, not just slabs of bread with things between them. For years it has been Arnold's custom to apply to these masterpieces of the sandwich architect's skill the names of persons of more or less notoriety in our fair city.' "I would like to share with you the story of the first Reuben's Special and what went into it. "Make Me a Sandwich" "The year was 1914. Late one evening a leading lady of

Charlie Chaplin the restaurant Reuben, make me a sandwich, I can't make it, I'm hungry, I'm a brick." "He took a loaf of bread, cut two slabs and stacked with sliced baked ham, sliced roasted sliced imported St topped it off with and lots of Reub Russian dressing; and slice of bread cut bread made wiches a sandwich. "He served it who said, 'Gee, it is the best sandwich I've ever ate. You ought to Annette Seelos' which he replied, 'will. I'll call it Special.'" Let us compare that Arnold's Re sandwich genius, forerunner of w served coast to Reuben sandwich coincidence for the wholesale Omaha.

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**Land of Liberty**  
**For ERA**  
 Elaine Wladis, daughter of Dr. and Mrs. David Wladis of Elmira, N. Y., was wed yesterday afternoon to Richard Himmelstein, son of Mrs. Leonard Weinroth of New York and the late Dr. Himmelstein.  
 The Supreme Court Justice's daughter, Mrs. Wladis, was married at the home in Somers, N. Y., of the bridegroom's father and mother, Dr. and Mrs. Weinroth.  
 The bride, a librarian with the New York Public Library, will continue to use her maiden name professionally. She has a B.A. and master's degree in library science from the Western Reserve University. Her mother is a past president of the Elmira Symphony and Choral Society. Her father is chief physician of the Elmira City School District and the city physician for Elmira.  
 Mr. Himmelstein, a partner in Applebaum & Himmelstein, conservators of works of art in New York is a graduate of the Fieldston School and Case Western Reserve. He did graduate training in art conservation at the Intermuseum Laboratory in Oberlin, Ohio, and at Oberlin College.  
 His mother, known professionally as Dr. Eleanor Galenson, is an associate clinical professor of psychiatry at the Albert Einstein College of Medicine. His father was former director of cardiac surgery at the Columbia-Presbyterian Medical Center and his step-father is a psychiatrist.

**Doctor Weds**  
**Lisa Sokoloff**  
 Lisa Beth Sokoloff, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Jesse B. Sokoloff of Hewlett Neck, L. I., and Dr. Mark L. Steinberg, on of Dr. and Mrs. Abraam Steinberg of Pittsburgh, were married yesterday afternoon.  
 The ceremony was performed by Cantor David Benedict at the Sokoloff home.  
 The bride graduated from the Shipley School in Bay View, Pa., and the University of Pennsylvania. She is an editorial assistant at J. B. Lippincott Company. Her mother is chairman of the Young Artists Competition of Long Island and her father is a real-estate developer on Long Island.  
 Dr. Steinberg who recently received a Ph.D. degree in cell biology from Pennsylvania State University, graduated from the Solebury School and in 1966 from the University of Michigan.  
 He will become a postdoctoral research fellow at the New York University Medical Center next month. His mother is a retired medical social worker and his father is an eye surgeon.

**Wendy S. Wolk Is Married to Harvey James Berger**  
 Wendy S. Wolk, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Eugene U. Wolk of Orange, Conn., was married yesterday afternoon to Harvey James Berger, son of Mr. and Mrs. Howard H. Berger of New York. Rabbi Robert E. Goldberg performed the ceremony at Temple Mishkan Israel in Hamden, Conn.  
 The bride, a 1975 cum laude graduate of Union College, studied during her junior year at the University of Rennes, France. She expects to receive a master's degree from Columbia University next month.  
 Her father, before his retirement, was marketing director of Hilti Inc., Stamford manufacturer of power-actuated tools and fasteners.  
 Mr. Berger, an alumnus of the Hotchkiss School, graduated in 1972 from Colgate University, where he was elected to Phi Beta Kappa.

**Mrs. Bretherton Bride of Herbert Machol**  
 Myralee Shiff Bretherton of Syosset, L.I., widow of Norman Bretherton, and Herbert M. Machol of Brookville, L.I., were married yesterday in Marblehead, Mass. Rabbi Robert Shapiro of Temple Emanuel performed the ceremony in his study.  
 The bride is a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. F. Herman Shiff of Marblehead. She graduated from C.W. Post College and formerly taught at the Pierce

**Andrew Bronfman Weds Jane Kaftan**  
 Jane Lee Kaftan, daughter of Mrs. Nelson Broms of Stamford, Conn., and Douglas Kaftan of New York, was married yesterday morning to Andrew Bronfman of North Bergen, N.J. The ceremony was performed by Rabbi Samuel M. Silver in Temple Sinai in Stamford.  
 The bridegroom is a son of Nathan Bronfman of North Bergen, N.J., a pharmacist, and the late Mrs. Bronfman.  
 Mrs. Bronfman, a library assistant at the Arlington (Va.) County Library, is an alumna of the American University in Washington. Mr. Bronfman graduated from Georgetown University. He plans to attend law school in the fall.

**anne Ducharme, Student, Is Married**  
 Anne Ducharme and Mark Schwartz, both of Manhattan, were married yesterday afternoon at the Center for the United Nations.  
 The Rev. Josephine, a Roman Catholic priest, and Cantor Al Sturick officiated.  
 The parents of the couple are Mr. and Mrs. Jacques Ducharme of Stratford, Conn., and Mrs. Aaron Schwartz of New Haven. The bride, a 1968 graduate of the Fashion Institute of Technology, is completing a degree in business administration at the Baruch College of City University. She is with Mark of the Lion, men's wear division of the Anne Klein Company.  
 Her father retired from the International Business Machines Corporation, where he was editor of the IBM Research News.  
 Mr. Schwartz, a group supervisor with Harsh-Rotman & Druck Inc., a public relations concern, graduated from Boston University and received an M.A. from New York University.  
 His father is in the retail shoe business in New Haven and his mother teaches in the New Haven Head Start program.

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Orlando	190	152
Tampa/St. Pete	190	152
West Palm Beach	198	158
Sarasota/Bradenton	200	160
Fort Myers	204	163
Daytona Beach	178	142

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**Bridge: Sweden Replaces Britain As Leader in Monte Carlo**

By ALAN TRUSCOTT

Special to The New York Times

MONTE CARLO, Monaco, May 16 — The United States made no gain in play at the World Team Olympiad here today, but Sweden overtook Britain at the head of the standings. The Americans won two matches narrowly, 14-6 against Jamaica and 12-8 against Australia, but then suffered an unexpected disaster, losing 0-20 to South Africa.

However, most of the other teams had their problems. The British, who were unbeaten for four days, lost matches to Indonesia, Canada and Yugoslavia. The brilliant young Swedish team won 39 points of a possible 40 in its first two matches, but was then blitzed by Ireland.

It was a successful day, however, for the Italians, the defending champions, who scored 57 points of a possible 60 and seem poised to move into the lead.

United States 10th  
The leaders after the 26th of the 48 rounds were: Sweden, 388; Italy, 387; Britain, 382; Poland, 364; Brazil, 355; France, 350. The United States is 10th with 324 points.

In the women's championship the United States started the day in second place but dropped to third by losing, 6-14, to Spain.

The standings after 12 rounds were: Italy, 181; Britain, 166; United States and Canada, 157 each; Denmark, 148; France, 147.

A deal from the American

matches against Jamaica today provided a textbook example of cross-ruffing technique. Erik Paulsen of Los Angeles, sitting South, showed his hearts and diamonds in turn when East opened with a natural bid of two clubs. He reached a sound contract of five diamonds and received a club lead and continuation.

**Heart Ace Played**

He now began the cross-ruff, knowing that he wanted to ruff three hearts in the dummy. After the heart ace and a ruff, he discarded a heart on the spade ace.

He then ruffed a spade and ruffed another heart with the diamond ace, the key play. A ruff with the jack would have allowed East to overruff and play a trump to defeat the contract since South would have been left with a heart loser.

Paulsen then ruffed a spade with the diamond king, guarding against an unlikely over-ruff on his left, and ruffed his last heart with the diamond jack. The defenders were welcome to take the diamond queen whenever they pleased, but the contract was safe.

This effort did not produce any profit for the Americans, however. In the replay, Jamaica reached five diamonds and Bill Eisenberg, the American West, led a trump.

This was the right idea, aimed at stopping the cross-ruff, but South was safely home with six trump tricks in his hand, two ruffs, and three winners in the side suits.

**Today's Hand**

NORTH			
♠	A86543		
♥	5		
♦	AJ10		
♣	1074		
WEST			
♠	K1072		
♥	K9864		
♦	42		
♣	52		
EAST (D)			
♠	QJ9		
♥	J10		
♦	Q3		
♣	AQJ986		
SOUTH			
♠	AQ732		
♥	K8765		
♦	K3		
North and South were vulnerable. The bidding:			
East	South	West	North
2♣	2♥	Pass	2♠
Pass	3♦	Pass	4♦
Pass	5♦	Pass	Pass
West led the club five.			

**A Listing of Recently Published Books**

**GENERAL**

Cuba Today, by Lee Chadwick (Lawrence Hill, Westport, Conn., \$7.95).  
Economic Growth and Neighborhood Discontent: System Bites in the Urban Renewal Program of Atlanta, by Clarence N. Stoores (University of North Carolina Press, \$13.95).  
Journal of a Fast, by Frederick W. Smith (Schocken Books, \$7.95). A regimen to spiritual awareness.  
Mar and Water: A History of Hydro-Technology, by Norman Smith (Scribners, \$12.95).  
Monks, by Max Frisch, translated by Geoffrey Skelton (Harcourt & Turt Wolfe Books, Harcourt Brace Jovanovich, \$7.95). On the relationship between love and friendship.  
Sustaining Solves, by Martin F. Schwartz (Lippincott, \$7.95). The

therapist's theory and some of his successes.  
The Brothers Reuther and the Story of the U.A.W.: A Memoir, by Victor G. Reuther (Houghton Mifflin, \$16.95).  
The Minutemen and Their World, by Robert A. Gross (Garrett, Straus & Giroux, \$5.95; paperback, \$3.95). A book in the "American Century Series."  
The Next 200 Years: A Scenario for America and the World, by Herman Kahn, William Brown, and Leon Martel, assisted by the staff of the Hudson Institute, (Doubleday, \$3.95).  
The Poetry of the Thirties, by A. T. Pole (St. Martin's Press, \$13).  
Critical survey of British poets: People Who Can't Stand Economics, by Alfred L. Malgrave Jr. (Dodd, Mead, \$8.95).  
The Barlow Comes to Judgement, by

Elwyn Jones (St. Martin's Press, \$7.95). Detective story.  
The Camfield Deception, by Spiro T. Agnew (Playboy Press, \$5.95). Political intrigue involving the Vice President of the United States.  
The Immortals, by Nancy Frazer (St. Martin's Press, \$10.95). The life of a man who defied the Middle East oil industry.  
The Return of A. J. Raffles: An Edwardian Comedy in Three Acts, by Graham Greene (Simon & Schuster, \$5.95).  
The West End Horror: A Posthumous Memoir of John H. Watson, M.D., edited by Nicholas Meyer (Dutton, \$7.95). Holmes on the trail of a murderer.  
Winter's Tales II, edited by A. D. American (St. Martin's Press, \$8.95). Ten short stories.

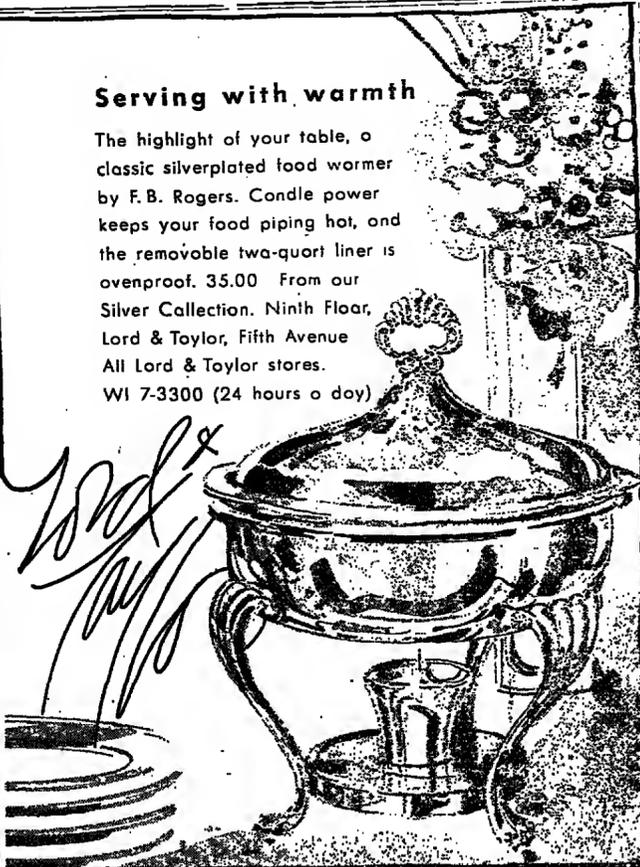
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6 Months Bestselling List

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**Methodists in Britain Urge Strict Rules on Exorcising**

LONDON, May 16 (Reuters) —Stringent guidelines for ministers exorcising evil spirits are recommended in a Methodist church study published here.

A report prepared for the Methodist conference next month says that ministers should not rush into exorcisms when the "possessed" person is in a highly excited state.

It also says that doctors, psychiatrists and social workers and other ministers should be kept informed throughout the treatment.

All British churches examined the exorcism service after a man who had become fascinated by exorcism killed his wife, believing she was possessed by evil spirits. The man is now in a prison mental hospital.

Last week the Church of Scotland came out against exorcism.

**Tally on Soviet Emigration Shows Drop of 3,600 in '75**

GENEVA, May 16 (Reuters) —About 3,600 fewer people were allowed to emigrate from the Soviet Union last year than in 1974, according to the Intergovernmental Committee for European Migration.

A spokesman for the Geneva-based organization said Soviet authorities gave 13,233 people permission to emigrate, about 8,400 of them to Israel, compared with a total of around 16,900 in 1974.

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7:45 a.m. (L)*	9:00 a.m.	5:30 p.m. (L)†	6:50 p.m.
8:00 a.m. (N)	9:12 a.m.	5:50 p.m. (N)†	6:57 p.m.
11:20 a.m. (L)	12:31 p.m.	8:10 p.m. (N)†	9:19 p.m.
11:30 a.m. (N)	12:36 p.m.	8:50 p.m. (L)†	9:59 p.m.

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The Times  
**Man Who Came to Dinner**

By CHRISTOPHER LEHMANN-HAUPT

HECK The Wit, World and Life of Alexander Woolcott. By Howard Teichmann. 334 pages. Illustrated. Morrow.

A generation too young to have been by the tidal wave of "violet" that is said to have surged under Woolcott from the 1920's to the 1940's, I have never understood the fuss was about. He was, of course, New York City's most influential when daily theater journalism

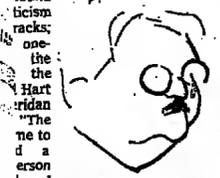
commanded. He was the leading figure in the "around town" circle of wit and wit-wit. He was the one who made the theater world of the 1920's and 1930's what it was. He was the one who made the theater world of the 1920's and 1930's what it was.

Alexander Woolcott as seen by William Auerbach Levy. We get any number of padded paragraphs—on everything from the function of a radio sound studio to the life story of Woolcott's boss at The New York Times, Adolph S. Ochs, (not that Ochs's wit isn't pertinent; it just seems odd to be told it, while we are awaiting his response to a query from his managing editor, Carr Van Ande). We get a chronology of Woolcott's major accomplishments as he grew from a news reporter (who covered the sinking of the Titanic for The Times) to an ambassador of iron will (he broadcast encouraging messages to the English people before America had entered World War II). We get the names of all Woolcott's famous friends.

Otherwise, it's left pretty much up to Woolcott to put his extraordinary personality across, and in doing so Woolcott falls pretty flat. In an introductory chapter in which the young Helen Hayes steps out on the town with the great critic, Mr. Teichmann mentions Woolcott's skill as a conversationalist and "the force with which he expressed himself," and then offers the following summary: "Had [Miss Hayes] seen Beatrice Lillie and Gertrude Lawrence in 'Charlot's Revue'? At an Actors' Fund Matinee, had she read what he'd written about it? She surely had. In the Sunday paper as well? Oh my, yes. Did she know anything about tonight's opening? Noel Coward's 'Hay Fever'? A great success in London./Dear Noel."

**Some Used Parkerisms**

As an illustration of Woolcott's deep concern for "surgical accuracy" in language, we are given a radio speech in which Woolcott distinguished between the meanings of "prone" and "supine." The samples of wit are either flat or other people's, including several Dorothy Parkerisms so used that they have lost their bounce. (The most amusing remark in the book is Harpo Marx's description of Woolcott as "something that got loose from Macy's Thanksgiving Day Parade," and some of you have heard that one before.) The ultimate insight into Woolcott's character is the not unusual intelligence that behind his frascible exterior lay a heart of pure mush. (This was put best by The New Yorker after Woolcott died, in a "Notes and Comments" that concluded: "We are glad we knew him well, for he was a most uncomfortable man to know slightly.")



Alexander Woolcott as seen by William Auerbach Levy.

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49 Book of Hindu doctrine  
51 Storage units  
53 we — so proudly  
57 Weapons  
60 Kind of dog  
61 Abhorred  
63 Tea cake  
65 "— a customer"  
66 Biblical kingdom  
67 Israeli port  
68 More battling  
69 Plane  
70 Terrier

**DOWN**

1 Of Nordic literature  
2 Harpo's brother  
3 Kind of opera  
4 Farm animal  
5 Political name in Uganda  
6 Dingeses  
7 Moolie  
8 Boxing results  
9 Dvorak  
10 Standards  
11 Land map  
12 Mountains

14 "— was saying"  
17 Tarheel State: Abbr.  
21 Russian dynasty  
24 Break (Gawn)  
26 Govt. agency  
28 Stage directions  
29 Ice, in Essex  
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33 Four of a series  
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35 Like some editions  
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47 Hangs loosely  
48 Word with wildlife  
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## Evasion in Albany...

As the State Legislature rushes toward hoped-for adjournment at the end of this month, there are growing signs that the lawmakers—and the Carey Administration—are determined to sidestep two of the most critical issues facing the current session, issues that vitally affect the future of New York City and communities throughout the state, both of which were referred to in the Senate Banking Committee's report released yesterday. They are public employee pensions and rent control.

The Kinzel and Shinn commissions—one statewide, the other local—have proposed sweeping reforms to put a lid on soaring public pension costs that have doubled over the last five years to a staggering total of \$3.5 billion for state and local government. Although Governor Carey has spoken favorably of proposals put forward by the state commission, headed by Otto Kinzel, neither he nor the legislative leadership has made any effort to push a reform measure that is now bottled up in committees.

Unless the Governor and the leadership act quickly, the taxpayers of New York could be stuck with added pension burdens to the tune of hundreds of millions of dollars, sums that could drive some fiscally stricken communities—including this city—into bankruptcy.

Mr. Carey has also expressed concern about the city's chaotic rent control system. "The state is subsidizing a system that doesn't work," he told the Regional Plan Association last fall. "Abandonment and tax shortfalls are the results. So reform of New York City rent control is a high priority for the State Legislature... I'm committed to change."

That commitment has not been evident around the Legislature, where present indications point toward no major revamping of the rent laws this year. The most trumpeted rent legislation in town is a pro-tenant proposal sponsored by Assembly Majority Leader Albert Blumenthal and Senator Roy Goodman. The Blumenthal-Goodman bill would create a state commission to administer a statewide system of rigid controls, even more restrictive than those that are already throttling the city's housing market.

But what is desperately needed here is a program that will provide state supervision of an orderly march toward deregulation, with protection for low-income tenants through some form of rent subsidy.

Pension and rent control reform are difficult issues for politicians to confront, especially in an election year. But this is not an ordinary election year. New York State and City and other localities remain on the brink of bankruptcy despite heroic efforts to restore them to solvency. Those efforts will have been in vain unless the Governor and the Legislature have the courage to begin now to correct such fundamental problems as runaway pension costs and corrosive rent controls.

## ...and an Eclipse?

Threats of a gubernatorial veto have cast a shadow over hopes in Albany for a new "sunshine-law" which would require government meetings, at all levels, to be open to the public unless the unit that is meeting votes to conduct an executive session for limited, specified purposes.

New York is one of only two states—Rhode Island is the other—that have not yet moved to require that the public's business be conducted in public. Prodded by civic groups, state legislative leaders have introduced an open-meetings bill which would give New Yorkers this elementary safeguard for good government. Since the bill has been endorsed by overwhelming bipartisan majorities in both houses, it should have clear sailing through the Legislature, providing the leaders stand by their commitments.

This is not a perfect bill. There are potential weaknesses, especially in the key enforcement provisions, and omissions—party caucuses are excluded, for example—which may well have to be corrected after the law is tested in practice. But such flaws are no excuse for a veto of this long-sought reform—especially by a governor who campaigned on a platform of open government.

Governor Carey is said to be concerned about the impact of the new law on the Emergency Financial Control Board for New York City, which he heads. In fact, the secrecy with which that all-powerful new board has reached decisions vitally affecting this city's future is an example of the need for an effective law to let the people know more about the way power is exercised in their name.

## Beyond the Accusations

Regardless of the outcome of the charges brought against Justice Irving H. Saypol of the State Supreme Court and Manhattan Surrogate S. Samuel DiFalco, both jurists have properly followed tradition and asked to be relieved of any new cases. The seriousness of the accusations would suggest that they step down from the bench entirely at this time. Continuity of faith in the judicial system is far more important than the inconvenience caused by assigning new judges to their pending cases.

By standing aside, Justice Saypol and Surrogate DiFalco will be able to devote their full attention to defending themselves against various charges of bribery, perjury, conspiracy and official misconduct growing out of the investigation by the special state prosecutor, Maurice H. Nadjari.

The known facts incidental to the charges require new scrutiny by administrative officials of the judicial system. For instance, the process—entirely legal—under which Justice Saypol is serving beyond his retirement age of 70 can involve favoritism of one judge over another, with all the temptations for wrongdoing that that implies. Surrogate DiFalco—and other surrogates in the city—control a great deal of patronage that is politically oriented. Should not a more open and less costly method

be devised for the lucrative guardianships and other political plums assigned by the bench?

Apart from the determination of individual guilt or innocence in these cases, they raise the opportunity for ranking court officials, the Legislature and the public to review some of the obvious existing roadblocks to the faithful administration of justice.

## An Anti-Busing Brief?

Solicitor General Robert Bork is reportedly urging the Justice Department to file a friend of the court brief asking the Supreme Court: (1) to overturn the Federal District Court's order in the Boston school desegregation case; and (2) to reconsider its ruling in the 1971 North Carolina case approving transportation (busing) as a remedy for unconstitutional discrimination against black schoolchildren. The recommendation is reckless, foolish and destructive.

By way of background, it should be remembered that after an extensive trial, Federal District Judge W. Arthur Garrity found that the Boston School Committee had discriminated deliberately and in violation of the Constitution against Boston's black schoolchildren over a long period of time. Consequently, prior to the opening of school in the fall of 1974, he ordered a limited integration plan including some busing. His order was upheld in the First Circuit Court of Appeals. The school year was marked by violent resistance to the order by white children and their parents.

During that year (1974-75) the school administration, at Judge Garrity's insistence, drew up a more comprehensive integration plan involving additional transportation. Once again the judge's order was upheld by the appeals court and once again there has been violent resistance to the decree. It is that second order that is now before the Supreme Court in four separate appeals. The Justice Department is considering lending support to one of them.

The Solicitor General no doubt honestly believes that he has found a legal flaw in Chief Justice Burger's opinion for a unanimous Court in the Charlotte busing case and that his amicus brief would simply constitute an effort to tidy up the constitutional law. In fact, he could hardly send as many destructive messages or do more harm to the fabric of law if he attacked the marble walls of the Supreme Court with spray paint and a crowbar.

The first message—even worse than that issued by President Ford in 1974 when he "respectfully disagreed" with Judge Garrity's original order—would be to encourage resistance to the orders of the Federal courts. The signal would simply read that if one disagrees loudly enough, throws enough bricks, breaks enough windows and injures enough people, the Justice Department ultimately will back down and ask the courts to bend the law to accommodate violent resistance to it.

A similarly destructive message would spread throughout the Federal court system, where such judicial heroes as Frank Johnson of Alabama, J. Skelly Wright of Louisiana, James B. McMillan of North Carolina, Judge Garrity himself and a host of others withstood the most intense hostility in their home communities in order to vindicate the rule of law. With very few exceptions, they have been supported in their lonely courage by all the effort and skill the Department of Justice could marshal. Such men will now be put on notice that they indulge in honor at their peril.

Black Americans will be put on notice that the Department of Justice, after reviewing the experience with *Brown v. Board of Education*, has concluded that there are no remedies for their rights and that the last 22 years have been nothing more than a cruel hoax.

Finally, the filing of an anti-busing brief this week would—however unjustly—be interpreted as a political move connected with the current primary campaign in the Republican Party. From every possible point of view, it would be an act of monumental folly for the United States Department of Justice to proceed in this way against the law and the Constitution.

## Mr. Grimond's Task

It is an unusual politician who has enough perspective on himself to decline the almost unanimous demand by his party that he resume its leadership. But when the call from Britain's hard-pressed Liberals came to him last week, Jo Grimond accepted only on a caretaker basis—to enable the country's third party to recover from the abrupt departure of Jeremy Thorpe.

Mr. Grimond had bowed out gracefully in 1967 after making a considerable impact in his ten years as Liberal leader but failing to achieve his goal of a major election breakthrough for the once-mighty party of Gladstone, Asquith and Lloyd George. It was under Mr. Thorpe that the Liberals came closest to that will-o'-the-wisp, polling six million votes—nearly one in every five—but still winning only fourteen seats in a House of Commons of 630.

With a major Liberal comeback most unlikely, can it make any difference—in Britain or elsewhere—who heads the party or even whether it survives? The record of the last twenty years indicates that the Liberals have served Britain well, ready to get out in front for overdue policies and reforms later adopted by either or both of the bigger parties.

British membership in the European Community owes much to the dogged early advocacy of the Liberals against heavy Tory and Labor opposition. Both big parties adopted Liberal ideas for industrial decentralization, for regional development and devolution. Both finally agreed to set up specialist committees of the House of Commons as an additional check on executive power, patterned at Liberal insistence on American Congressional committees.

Jo Grimond's job now will be only that of restoring unity and confidence to a party shaken by Mr. Thorpe's resignation in the face of homosexual allegations. But merely to cite the record of the party, is to indicate how important Mr. Grimond's task—and the survival of the Liberals—could be for the political health of Great Britain.

## Letters to the Editor

### Flood Insurance: A Two-Pronged Program

To the Editor:  
Your April 27 editorial "Needless Flood Victims" shows proper concern for the victims of flood but apparently misconceives the current national policy upon which the National Flood Insurance Program (N.F.I.P.) is based.

What you call for, namely that the Government not go on paying out money to help people "resettle exactly where they were... after each disaster" and otherwise more properly utilize the flood plains of the country, is really what the National Flood Insurance Program is all about.

Over six million structures in this country, worth an estimated \$150 billion, now occupy the flood plains with a risk of flooding of at least 1 percent per year (or more than one chance in four during a 30-year mortgage life). No wonder we now spend, as a nation, more than \$1 billion a year on flood-related disaster relief, and the losses are mounting. People have been lulled into a false sense of security as respects building in flood plains partly because the Federal Government has spent almost \$10 billion since 1936 on dams and other structural works which, as you properly point out, often merely move the flood peril to another place. One could question whether many structural works have not only wasted taxpayer dollars but multiplied individual agony.

The N.F.I.P. is a different approach. It is based upon a dual principle—to make flood insurance available to ex-

isting homeowners at Federally subsidized rates in return for the community's enactment of local flood plain management criteria which meet or exceed Federal standards to reduce the need for and dependence upon massive flood disaster relief appropriations in the future.

The program is working. When Eloise struck the same areas that were devastated by Agnes, over 20 percent of the insurable damage was covered by flood insurance and the vast majority of communities were taking steps to see that future construction is more wisely located and constructed. In Minot, the focus of your editorial, almost 80 percent of the evacuated structures were covered by flood insurance since initial flood plain management measures are being enforced in that community.

Sound flood plain management is the key to the program's mission. We estimate that by the year 2000 damage from flooding will be \$2 billion less in this country, because of the program's flood plain management measures, than it would have been without such measures. Of far greater importance, loss of life and individual suffering will be greatly reduced.

These are the sorts of approaches that you call for in your editorial. These are approaches that are the essence of the National Flood Insurance Program. J. ROBERT HUNTER, Acting Federal Insurance Administrator, Washington, April 28, 1976

### The City and Its A Possible Option

To the Editor:  
Your May 7 "Bankruptcy Option" concept that remains bankruptcy as a New York City option under the State amount for debt service "debt" raised by real estate not be raised except to service on "funded debt."

In the first place, there is no concept as "funded debt" in the Constitution. There is no provision in Section 10 of the Constitution, as well as of the General Municipal Law, which limits New York City's estate taxes to an amount less than 2½ percent of the valuation of taxable real estate in addition to providing for on and the principal of "debt." No distinction is made in the bonds of New York short-term notes. If you to its bonds, then allow to payment of principal interest on its short-term, wise available only for

While this is not the such a legal issue, it is least unequitable, and institutional, to continue principal of city bonds due while making the term notes subject to that makes them live for three years at a low interest rate of 8

Contrary to what a city were to seek a recently amended law doubt that the real estate would be reduced to the price not paid. What is that an equitable basis would be brought about (which could only bankruptcy), all other agreements would be necessary, disapproved MALCOLM SCARSDALE, N.Y.

### Pollution Curb

To the Editor:  
In the numerous editorials and opinions on pollution and its we have lately seen. I have yet to see any possibilities of a large something like that every industrial plant stream of its water!

Stratford, Conn.

### Nature's Straggle

To the Editor:  
Charles Fenwick's S [Op-Ed May 10] is his supporting argument. Does nature straight line while we war against the vertical zonal?

The cornstalks in the woods and in the forests strive for the vertical with admirably the waters of the east rivers and over water the shortest route of they can come to rest zonal surfaces of land I love the mountains they are obviously out of inner conflicts, to eons of erosion, into of horizontal plains at horizon. Nature evidently always shares the tax mirrors. At Hamden, Conn. The writer is director of the Connecticut Museum of Nature

### Pacific Watch

To the Editor:  
Your April 28 editorial "Trust" against accip United States of permit ability for the Northern the present U.S. Trust Pacific Islands) is paid tragically shortsighted. "The era of Manifest Destiny" may sound grand but it is an understanding.

"Six thousand miles Coast" is little real-time measured by I.B.M. at Great Circle faces of world. For "6,000 miles" minutes in today's jet. Marjans today is less Pearl Harbors of yesterday. In this Bicentennial concerned with "rusting" on the beaches of past with the rusting away expressed in American freedom locked in the Library of Congress... both here at electronic watchtower oceans is still the wish it were otherwise mankind's future. The money could be used in ways.

Consequently, 1 believe gress must accept permanent responsibility for the for the trust territory, it is that the islanders must class citizens with full the Constitution. Such best interest of the United States.

New York



### Toward Juror Dissents

To the Editor:  
There seems to be a movement afoot aimed at the betterment of our administration of our legal system. One thing that is never questioned is fundamental, and that is the 100 percent agreement of the jury.

If twelve men in a box agree, it is assumed that they cannot be wrong, but again and again this has been proven untrue. As time goes on in America, people get less and less individual in their thinking, and in the jury room the pressures to unite in a decision are extreme. One who stands out against the thinking of eleven others is denounced as being not only insulting but antisocial. The wasted expense of money and time is flung in his face, the slur on his fellows by the words "the jury can't agree" is bitterly resented.

The Supreme Court permits its members to announce a verdict of disparate opinions. Why should not the

findings of less exalted bodies be given the same privilege? The influence on the judge's decision would have similar value to a "recommendation of mercy." Each juror could take greater pride in the responsibility assigned to him, and a much larger scope of thinking would offer a guard against injustice. GUY BORROW, Remsenburg, L. I., May 6, 1976

### Support for Reagan

To the Editor:  
Ronald Reagan's foreign policy views have struck a responsive chord in many Americans. There appears to be a growing understanding of the political reality that the United States and its Western allies are in retreat and decline and that, unless this trend can be halted, the ultimate result will most assuredly be the tragic loss of human freedom wherever it exists.

The United States' military power has clearly declined vis-à-vis our chief adversary, the Soviet Union, but as important is the paralysis of will that grips the West and its leadership in confronting the Communist challenge throughout the world.

Those who proclaim that the U. S. must compromise or retreat every time it is challenged, rather than risk a confrontation by standing firm, are unintentionally responsible for our weakened world position.

The harsh fact is, to preserve our freedom we must be willing to stand fast against all aggression and encroachment and accept the risks as other Americans have done in the course of our history. JAMES KELLY, Kings Park, L. I., May 12, 1976

### Of Banks, Laws and Equality

To the Editor:  
In the pending legislation to grant additional powers to mutual savings banks, savings and loan associations and credit unions, the state's commercial banks are being placed in an unfavorable competitive position.

Is it fair competition if savings banks are permitted to pay a 5½ percent dividend on their savings accounts and the commercial banks are restricted to 5 percent?

Commercial banks are now required to maintain sterile reserves, that is, funds placed in Federal Reserve branches earning no interest. Mutual banks, however, are permitted to invest their reserve fund requirements in government and other securities which create earnings for them. Shouldn't the reserve requirements be the same for both mutual and commercial banks if they compete in the same money market?

Some of the mutual savings banks reserves could be placed in municipal bonds. The commercial banks provide necessary dollars in the form of notes and bonds to school districts, villages, towns and states. At this date, the mutual savings banks' holdings of notes and municipal bonds is almost nil.

What would happen if the commercial banks were restricted in purchasing these notes and bonds by lack of deposit dollars. Erosion of deposits in commercial banks is a logical and realistic consequence if the mutual banks and others will be permitted to pay higher rates of interest on their savings accounts than commercial financial institutions. Because the mutual savings banks enjoy this ½ percent differential in interest on savings accounts they are attracting almost 60 percent of the new money. This percentage would increase if they are granted additional powers as proposed under the Superintendent's bill without the equalization of the interest on savings accounts in all financial institutions.

If one type of bank desires to perform a function of another in this financial group it should be required to change its structure to conform to the new objectives and services it will render. Thus, if a mutual bank wants to perform the services rendered by a commercial bank, let it convert to a commercial bank.

I favor equal treatment for all under equal conditions and equal requirements. Grant mutual banks all the powers of the commercial banks. This could create good competition and possibly better service to the community. But, make sure this is done on an equal basis without giving one the advantage over the other. [Editorial May 15.] HENRY J. OSINSKI, Vice President, Manufacturers and Traders Trust Co., Buffalo, May 5, 1976

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to the Editor  
Program The Children

# Children And Politics

Anthony Lewis

**POLIS**—Nestled against a Mary's Basilica, a hulking bear downtown Minneapolis playground. Ten children 6 years old, use the slide and run over to talk teacher, Michael Young, a day-care center: Child center.

the kids is 3 1/2-year-old. She is well-dressed, plump, bappy, active: the one we have come to think middle-class child. But in real Government pays her center, \$130 a month.

cey is the reality at the abstract political debate. rd recently vetoed a bill ided funds for day care, it violated his principles aid, and the Senate failed the veto. Unless Congress around the President's aura Lacey will have to old Garden day-care cen-

other, Geraldine Lacey, a ve woman of 34, is sep- her husband. She worked try but found, she said, not make enough to sup- nd the child. So she went ol, to the University of here she hopes to become e there she is on welfare troubles her.

ink of welfare as a leech Mrs. Lacey said, "and I to, my ego is bruised. dy to get off welfare."

had Laura in a private woman minding half a n—but that turned out

## 1D AT HOME

essing place. Then she y day-care centers be- Child Garden.

oked so nice here," she hey were interested in she came—didn't resent as I'd seen in other s happy to see that, t it mattered that there eaching here.

on't have to move Laura think it's healthy to keep just depressed . . ."

ion of Geraldine and is out unusual in the now. There are 2.8 mil- n children between 2 1/2 live with their mother together, 6.5 million of e working mothers.

oward working mothers rent families has made essential factor in many s many women to work oing on welfare—and a public funds. Welfare ument about three s day care.

Government now pro- on a year for care of orer families, matched a from the states. The ably debated is to what standards for day care ng with Federal money.

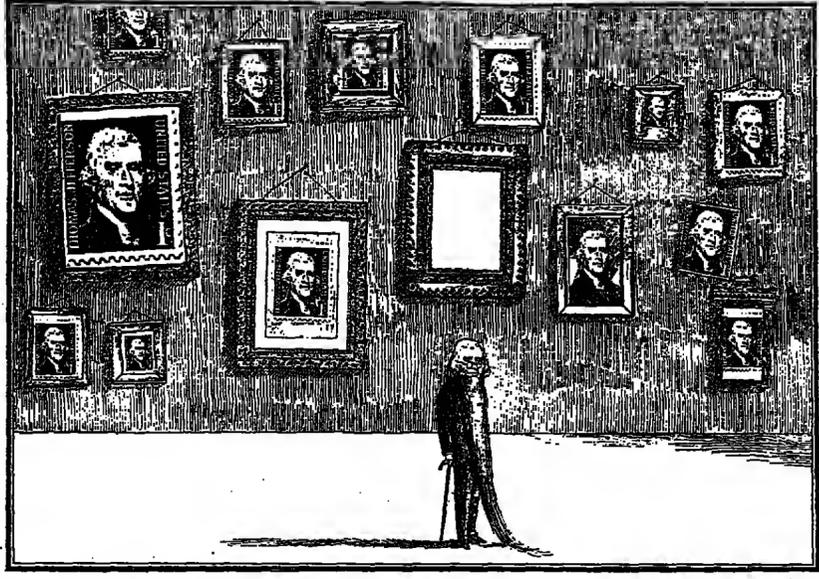
al supporters of day- as Senator Walter Minnesota, have not up a tight network of They agree that regula- left largely to states and

er hand, studies have read and gruesome ex- day care: unsafe build- ignored because of it and so on. Senator thers in Congress have al money should not be ildren to such places— be used; gradually, to t environment in places will spend as much as y.

r loag negotiations, the ration and Congress lest Federal standards. ired day-care centers, t and local rules on t health. And it estab- standards, for exam- cher or volunteer to ren between 2 1/2 and 6. e approached to apply s, it turned out that could not meet them. e worse than had been states asked for more Federal help.

aim of the vetoed bill. standards a bit longer n extra \$126 million to meet them. President g, it said nothing about tenant, worked out so s own people and Con- ted to the whole idea dards and introduced t that day-care money Federal block grants for vices. Unless Congress lation, Federal stand- take effect without them.

son for the veto was pector of Ronald Rea- dent wanted to look t could be tougher than n out of day-care cen- and should have to es- and Geraldine Lacey.



# 'The Retreat of the Liberal Sages'

By Orde Coombs

Last fall, with several members of the Yale Class of 1965, I returned to the chill of New Haven to mark, perfunctorily, the tenth year of our graduation. We had come of age during the civil rights movement of the mid-1960's, but before the days of rage and drugs. We had been nurtured, politically, in the bosom of Democratic liberalism, and we took the rhetoric of our liberal mentors seriously.

Those of us who were black were especially excited by America's liberal Establishment, and as the sun set and rose we pored over their books and periodicals and found in their words the strength to try to build an equitable America. We thought, then, that in our lifetime, and in this country, men would no longer have to forage in garbage cans.

Ten years later, on a foggy week-end, we walked with the wreckage of our hopes around us. We knew that something dreadful was happening in this land and that there was not much we could do about it. For the retreat of the liberal sages was everywhere. In their newspapers, in their journals, in their speeches and their research papers, they were busily trying to renounce forty years of liberalism and usher in the past.

Well, what is one to make of this? What has happened to the men who, over a decade ago, summoned this nation with imagination and verve to wage war on poverty, to safeguard the civil rights of minorities, to promote equality, to build a free civilization unlike any other in which strong men willingly ferret out the injustices heaped upon the weak, and to tell the meek that they, too, should raise their voices in celebration of themselves?

What has become of those middle-aged men who asked younger men to join the Peace Corps and take their skills across the world to help feed and organize those whose spirit had been corroded by poverty and colonialism?

Why does one find, now, flowing from their pens of gall, attacks on what they call "infantile liberalism" (Irving Kristol), or on the rise of "an Imperial Judiciary" (Nathan Glazer). And how did they get to this place where riding at their leaderless head is Daniel Patrick Moynihan, who

in his desire to have black people behave like his ancestors—faithful to the land and the Virgin Mary—put "benign neglect" into our national lexicon, and guaranteed his place in American history?

The root of their retreat from magnanimity lies, I think, in the position in which these men—the others are Daniel Bell, Samuel P. Huntington, Seymour Martin Lipset, Robert Nisbet, Norman Podhoretz—found themselves as the Vietnam War was ending. The young had abandoned politics, the minorities now rudely insisted on speaking for themselves and the true conservatives ignored them. It was a kind of purgatory that has silenced less resilient men.

They could either pull up the draw-bridges around their universities or they could find a way to forge a new base of power. The former option was unthinkable for they have always imagined themselves at the resonant center of America's intellectual attainment and so deserving of their country's highest approbation. Soon, however, they found the pulley to power. And not for the last time, and certainly not the last group, they used, cynically, "the Negro question."

Black people had been arguing for some years that the paper granting of equality was without meaning unless special steps were taken to overcome the legacy of slavery and discrimination. They spoke, therefore, in vague terms about quotas, about reparations. And they spoke with raised voices, as a people without power must. The outcry was immediate and deafening, for America's equivocation toward blacks is unending since its people have never decided that the cost of having a permanent, hostile minority in its midst is too much to bear.

The neo-conservatives had found their cause. They hurried to pull out their quills to denounce quotas as un-American, to "prove" that busing did not help black children, to argue that extra money spent on educating the children of the poor was no guarantee of their future success.

When the courts became the only governmental arm to consistently take on the segregationists, the neo-conservatives announced that the courts were stepping beyond their parameters of influence, and in the name of liberty they would have to oppose the decisions of the courts.

These men have become so emboldened by their rhetoric that some have begun to call for "desirable limits to the extensions of political democracy" (Huntington). Others are openly railing against the specter of equal opportunity, which they have come to view as an upstart attempt by black people to move toward "equality of condition, equality of result."

Still others would have us, in this democracy, crown again the sensibility of elitism, and abandon that Sisyphean effort to make lowly men feel that they are worthy of their society.

There is not much one can do to stop this virus of disaffection, but as with all movements based on pragmatism, this, too, will wither and disappear. For the practitioners of the new "toughness" have already won all they can ever hope to win. They are widely read in conservative circles precisely because they seem to be saying that their early, vaunted liberalism was limp-wristed, soft, unworthy of their intellects.

But they will never be trusted by their own audience. And as they droop into obscurity about the dangers of the "New Equality," they will find that the noble tradition that they readily bartered away for power and pottage was worth more than a grudging invitation to William F. Buckley's pied-a-terre.

Orde Coombs is co-host with Lindsay Patterson of "Black Conversations" on WPIX-TV.

# Reading Ford's Mind

By William Safire

Could these be my own "Flood Days"? Gee, the ups and downs in this business. Six months ago was a bum, a klutz, didn't stand a chance against Reagan; three months ago, I was riding high, had the nomination in the bag and the election looked like a breeze. Now here I am getting my bones rattled on a whistle-stop train tour of Michigan, which could be the end of the line.

Where did it all go wrong? Rog and Roo and Jack all say it was Henry's fault, that I should have dumped him when the dumping was good. Well, maybe so, but oo some things I get stubborn and I'm not sorry. Maybe Henry shouldn't be making those speeches in California—gotta call Leon Parma to San Diego and see what he thinks about that.

I think it's because I don't project well. Even when I get a good speech to give, which doesn't happen often, I can feel the audience slipping away. What did Mark Russell say about Jackson—that if he gave a fireside chat, the fire would go out? I've got a lot in common with Scoop.

No sense mooning, let's make some plans. If I win big in Michigan, I can turn this thing around again. If it's a squeaker, I'm still in deep trouble, and so is Bob Griffin's chance for the minority leadership. If I lose—that's the ball game. If a President can't carry his own state primary, he's through. Then what?

Then I have a couple of surprises to choose from. I could challenge Reagan to a series of debates in the next couple of weeks. Three loog ones—oo hour and a half each—oo on foreign policy, one on domestic policy, ooe on the economy.

Sure it would look like I'm desperate, but if I lose in Michigan, I might as well admit I'm desperate, and I know he's better on television than I am, but that's doing his prepared stuff, and I bet I could clobber him on the long debates with all kinds of details that I know better than anybody. As a matter of fact, Reagan's reputation for being a TV professional would work against him—everybody would expect him to be great and me awful. He wouldn't be so great and I wouldn't be so awful.

But why should he do it if he's ahead and have everything to lose, and I'm way behind and have nothing to lose? Because he can't turn down a debate challenge from the President of the United States. It would be unheard-of.

For a President to issue a debate challenge would be unheard-of, too, but that's good. Be dramatic. People would love it, the media would flip their lids. Shows that a President can

still take the initiative. If he should duck it—which he wouldn't dare—I'll go all over California with an empty chair in my hand and I'd beat him in his home state on the fraidy-cat issue, which would even up any Michigan loss.

I like it. Sort of thing Truman would have done.

The alternative, if I lose in Michigan, or win by an eyelash, is to pull a Johnson. Go on television and quit in dignity.

I've never been a quitter, and I stuck it out last year when everybody said I was a gonner—but a President of the United States should never let himself be humiliated. And for a sitting President, in good times, to get beaten on the first ballot of the convention would be demeaning. Bad for the office.

So I would go on the tube and say, "My fellow citizens, I think I could win this election, because my policies

## ESSAY

have brought about peace and prosperity, but it seems that members of my own party don't agree. So be it. I'm stepping aside, and maybe somebody else wants to fight it out with Mr. Reagan." (Boy, would Rocky and Connally fall into each other's arms in a hurry—their people have been in cahoots about that for the last couple of weeks.)

Then I'd say, "There's something more important than being a President, and that is being a patriot. I want to conclude a very important arms agreement with the Soviet Union, before the moment of possibility slips away. To do that for my country, I'll renounce all hopes of election. And Henry Kissinger, another great patriot, will step aside also, to remove some of the obstacles to home."

So I am going to Moscow in two months' time, accompanied by my oev Secretary of State—Elliott, or Rummy, or Bill, or Mel—to negotiate an end to the arms race. I invite candidates of both parties to send observers along and I'd even hold still for Jim Schlesinger. I also invite my fellow conservatives, now that the competitive pressure is off, to drop the "one-way street" stuff and help me lock up a suitable agreement."

Evo! I could put over a speech like that. If Reagan sniped at me, his nomination would be worth nothing. But if he met me half way, we could help each other win—he could win an election, and I could win a place in history.

Well, let's see how I do in Michigan. Win or lose, I'm still in office as President of the United States, and it's the kind of place where you have the power to surprise the hell out of everybody.

# The Talon zipper story: how private enterprise works to make a good idea better.

It all started in 1893, when Whitcomb Judson invented what he called a clasp locker.

Lewis Walker liked the idea and started a company to make it. But it took twenty years of struggle before the company had its first real success—the Hookless Fastener.

Today it's called a Talon zipper—and it started a whole new industry that provides tens of thousands of jobs around the world.

Competition and growth Last year the Talon Division of Textron sold over a billion zippers. But we don't have the business all to ourselves. Since 1913 more than a hundred companies have come into the business to compete with us.

Competition. That's why we make zippers in hundreds of styles and colors. That's why we pioneered the nylon zipper.

That's why we're working on even better fasteners to help us stay ahead. That's what private enterprise is all about.

Spreading the word It's a story that people can understand and maybe even get excited about. So Textron has made it into a television commercial. You can see it on the election coverage programs of the NBC and ABC networks.

Together with other commercials like it dealing with other stories from Textron—about Bell helicopters, Homelite chain saws, Fafnir bearings. And there'll be more. We think stories like these are worth telling. You'll find several of them in our booklet "How Private Enterprise Works at Textron." Write for a copy to:

Textron, Providence, Rhode Island 02903.



# Examining New York's Crisis

By Stanley Turkel

From union leader to politician, from elected officials to appointed commissioners, from teachers to firemen to policemen to City University of New York students we hear the same refrain:

"Our department [school, work, institution] is essential to the city's well-being. Therefore, don't reduce our budget, cut someone else's. Furthermore, the reductions already imposed are horrendous, causing elimination of vital services, making the city a wasteland, converting the schools into custodial institutions, forcing the middle class to flee to the suburbs and corporations to relocate."

We have listened to this theme repeated with variations by Mayor Beame; by Albert Shanker, head of the United Federation of Teachers; by Victor Gotbaum, head of District Council 37 of the American Federation of State, County and Municipal Employees; by Paul Gibson Jr., Deputy Mayor; by Kenneth McFeely, who until he resigned last week was president of the Patrolmen's Benevolent Association; by Matthew Guinan, president of the Transport Workers Union; and by others. But there comes a revelation: The New York Times editorial of Friday, April 2, 1976, on the transit settlement says: " . . . the subway system operates with 10 percent more workers now than it had a decade ago. And it carries 400 million fewer riders."

More workers with fewer riders? Then why the complaint about layoffs and staff reductions? Shouldn't the staff be reduced when the work load shrinks? The trouble is that the assumption is made that the staffing levels of 1974 are the correct ones and that any reduction is suitable cause for public demonstrations and/or shrieks of outrage.

Stanley Turkel was president of the City Club of New York.

To discover if the same condition applies in other major city departments, let's compare the numbers of full-time workers for the fiscal years 1964-1965, 1974-1975 and the so-called austerity budget of Sept. 30, 1975.

	1964-65	1974-75	Sept. 30, 1975
Police	29,297	42,165	31,266
Fire	12,991	14,892	12,218
Social Services	14,444	20,993	12,293
Board of Education	14,178	27,219	22,793
Board of Higher Education	5,267	28,389	14,379
Health and Welfare Corporation	23,307	46,789	41,753
All others	33,195	61,448	30,121
	229,047	208,755	263,211

What this chart shows is that even after the recent layoffs by firing and attrition, most of the largest city departments still have more employees than they had in 1964! So, while no one wants another person to lose a job, there are more people working on the city payroll now than in 1964. And the city's population has remained static in the same period (1960—7,781,984; 1970—7,867,760).

Some crisis! Some reaction to the crisis! We are being treated to a spectacle of institutional greed and selfishness. The union leaders want only to preserve their constituencies. The politicians want only to preserve their party structure. The people are left without representation and without sufficient information to decide who is telling the truth.

Is it too much to ask our political leaders to make selective cuts where necessary to reduce the budget to manageable size in order to preserve our wonderful city? Is it too much to expect union leaders to agree to eliminate unnecessary work, to urge their employees to perform more productively? Is it too much to ask for just a little bit of intellectual honesty and statesmanlike conduct?

# THE ENTERPRISING PLAYBOY

An update of events at Playboy Enterprises, Inc.



**BUNNY OF THE YEAR PAGEANT**

Tonight on ABC-TV. Don Adams hosts. Redd Foxx, Arte Johnson, Barbi Benton and the Hudson Brothers guest star. Twenty sensational Bunnies from the U.S., Canada, Great Britain and Jamaica are in the running. One thousand Playboy keyholders and celebrities will be on hand at the Aquarius Theater in Los Angeles. Enjoy it tonight (May 17) on ABC-TV's *Wide World of Entertainment*. It should equal or top last year's outstanding ratings.

### PLAYBOY LICENSE OR FRANCHISE, ANYONE?

At a recent convention in Lake Geneva, Wisconsin, 70 Playboy licensee and franchisee representatives from all over the world met to establish communications and develop new ideas.

In Malaysia and Costa Rica, franchised operations are developing new resort hotels. And in Tokyo, a new Club will open later this year.

Other franchising opportunities with highly-qualified, experienced operators, are under consideration in the U.S. and around the world.

Playboy is increasingly active in granting licenses for products to carry the Playboy logo—from sunglasses to jigsaw puzzles.

To find out more about Playboy licensing or franchising (other than to Illinois residents), drop a note to Gil Simon, Director, New Business Group, 919 North Michigan Avenue, Chicago, Illinois 60611.

### THEY'RE PLAYING PLAYBOY RECORDS.

Like *I've Got A Feeling (We'll Be Seeing Each Other Again)*—Al Wilson's first Playboy release. And it's aiming for the top of the r&b and pop charts. Also watch for *Al Wilson*, his new album to be released very soon. They're also playing *Everyday Without You* from Hamilton, Joe Frank & Reynolds' hit album, *Fallin' in Love*. It, too, is climbing the charts. And Mickey Gilley's album, *Gilley's Greatest Hits—Vol. 1*, is heading to the top of the country charts.

Also look for albums from Beserkley Record artists Greg Kihn, Earth Quake and Jonathan Richman, distributed by Playboy Records.



### WHAT A JUNE ISSUE!

"Yes, I wish I had killed him" declares Sara Jane Moore, the middle-aged radical who tried to assassinate President Ford. In her startling *Playboy* Interview, Moore also says she was an FBI informant right up to the time she fired the gun.

To explain America's love affair with the automobile, PLAYBOY flagged down three speed demons, who in turn give us a detailed view of the vehicular mayhem at Indy, interview a six-time loser of the event who refuses to give up and present a case against the national speed limit in *55 Be Damned!*

If you're not already convinced that *Sex Is Good for Your Health*, you'll find that this well-documented article presents evidence aplenty that most people's favorite indoor sport is a great regimen for staying young and active.

Naturally, there's more fabulous writing, illustration, photography and cartoons—all competing for attention with the long-awaited revelation of the 1976 Playmate of the Year, who is celebrated in a most stunning pictorial!

You'll find it all in the current PLAYBOY along with a 23-percent increase in advertising pages over the same issue a year ago.



### NOW KEYHOLDERS GET PREFERRED TREATMENT

Playboy Preferred, a new dinner society for Playboy Club keyholders, is winning plaudits from keyholders and restaurateurs alike. And it's no wonder. With Playboy Preferred, fine restaurants within an area provide one courtesy dinner when a keyholder orders dinner for two or more. And restaurants are pleased with this method of introducing themselves to new clientele.

The cost to the keyholder? Nothing. It's just one of the many benefits available under our Playboy Keyholders' Special program.

Playboy Preferred is now available in Cincinnati and comes to New York as of June 1. Chicago and L.A. are next in line.



### TO BORROW A PHRASE—効用性が示す弊社製

Internationally, PLAYBOY'S five foreign-language editions are approaching 2,000,000 circulation. Including the English-language edition, PLAYBOY has 30,000,000 avid readers.

Incredibly successful, the Japanese-language version has achieved a circulation of almost 1,000,000 in less than a year.

\*We must be doing something right.



### FIRST WITH A FASTER CROWD.

When we say OUI is a young man's magazine, we're talking about the highest concentration for any major magazine of 18-24—the fastest, most acquisitive group around.

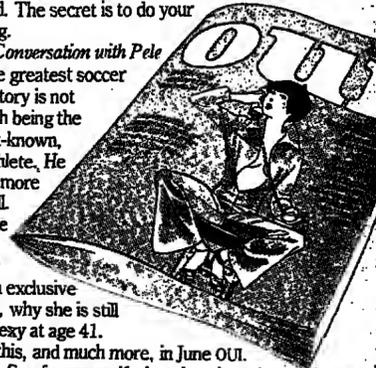
For June, OUI gives these young readers a witty and perceptive look at higher education in *The Case Against Cow*, warning that only 20 percent of jobs in the U.S. today require a degree.

In *Brainwashing*, psychologist-turned-guru Timothy Lea explores the laundromats of the mind and explains that everyone's brainwashed. The secret is to do your own washing.

OUI's *Conversation with Pele* tells how the greatest soccer player in history is not satisfied with being the world's best-known, best-paid athlete. He wants to do more than play ball.

And the legendary *Candy Barr* shows, in an exclusive OUI pictorial, why she is still young and sexy at age 41.

Enjoy all of this, and much more, in June OUI. On sale now. See for yourself why advertisers have increased their investment in OUI by 16 percent for the first half of 1976.



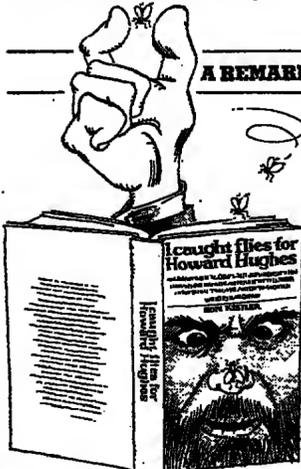
### PLAYBOY RESORTS TEE OFF.

Now that spring has arrived, so has golfing and tennis fever. Which makes our Great Gorge, N.J. and Lake Geneva, Wis. Resorts even more inviting, because each has championship courses plus outdoor and indoor courts. Also everything else you've ever wanted from a year-round resort.

In addition to the availability of tennis and golf at our Hotel in Ocho Rios, Jamaica, you'll be regaled during Boonoonoonoos. Boonoonoonoos? In Jamaican, it means "Have a good time!" And that's what you'll do. For information about our Special Golf and Tennis Packages or Boonoonoonoos, call toll-free: 800-621-1116.



### A REMARKABLE MEMOIR.



*I Caught Flies for Howard Hughes* by Ron Kistler, is the first intimate portrait of the bizarre billionaire by the man who spent three incredible years as his personal aide.

An equally timely Playboy Press release is *The Canfield Decision*, the long-awaited novel by former Vice-President Spiro T. Agnew.

It's an exciting story of political intrigue by a man who knows the inside of political intrigue.

Look for both of these potential bestsellers at book stores everywhere—or obtain them by joining the Playboy Book Club. The Club's selection for June will be a dual one: Peter Benchley's new novel, *The Deep*, plus Irving Wallace's *The R Document*. Both great summer reading.

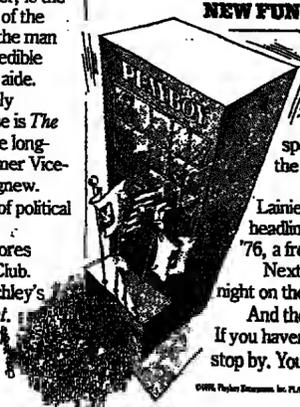
### NEW FUN CENTER FOR FUN CITY.

They came in droves to see the biggest spectacular entertainment center in New York—the Playboy Club.

They roared at David Steinberg, Laine Kazan and adored Bill Cosby—all of them headlined the first week. Not to mention *Playboy* '76, a fresh and funny package that stopped them.

Next time you have a chance, drop in. It's a night on the town under one roof.

And the excitement isn't only in New York. If you haven't been to your local Playboy Club in a long stop by. You'll be in for a surprise.

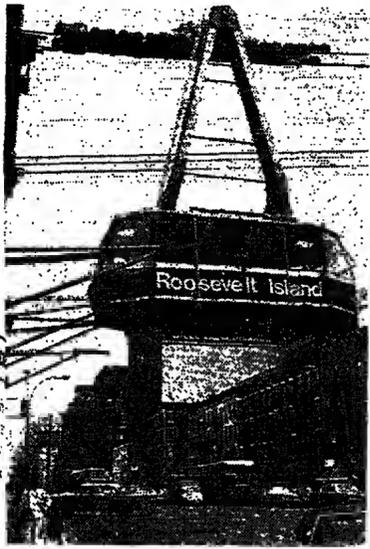


PLAYBOY ENTERPRISES, INC.

سوركا من الامم

صحة من الاعمال

Roosevelt Island Tramway Ready for Maiden Voyage



A cable car crossing Second Avenue on test run

By WARREN HOGE The Roosevelt Island tramway will carry its first paying passengers tomorrow, and they will make the crossing to the new community in the East River in just three-and-a-half minutes. It took the tramway itself an awful lot longer to make its first trip.

While repeated delays during the last year kept the cable cars grounded, all manner of speculation filled the air. It was said that the cars were being secretly piloted under cover of night, that they had collided once in a trial crossing, that they were being eyed skeptically by insurers. None of these reports was true.

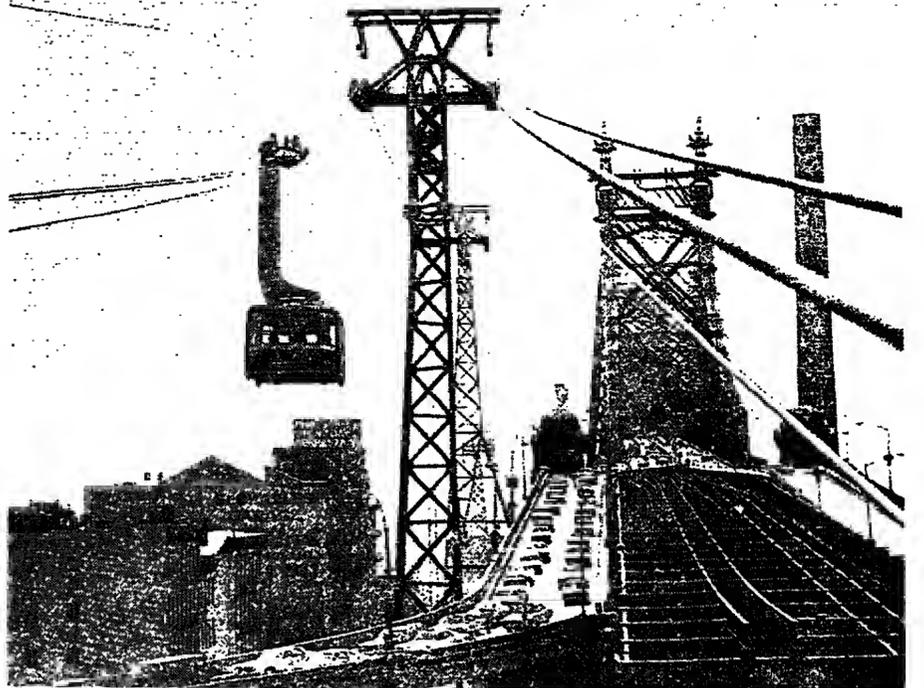
Sharon Keilen, head of the Roosevelt Island Residents' Association, recalled the most persistent report: "The tramway will be open this week."

This week that report finally comes true. The \$6.8 million system is being formally inaugurated today by Mayor Beame, some 400 guests of the Urban Development Corporation and island residents. It opens to the public at 6 A.M. tomorrow.

Robert Dornier, operations vice president for U.D.C., said he had lost track of how many starting dates there had been. "I haven't kept an inventory," Mr. Dornier said, "but it seems like it's been every week for the past six months."

The system was supposed to have gone into operation last September and at count-

Continued on Page 32, Column 1



Climbing above the traffic on the Manhattan end of the Queensboro Bridge, a cable car begins the journey to Roosevelt Island

Rockwell's World of Scouting Still Exists

By GEORGE VECSEY

The Cub Scouts and Boy Scouts stood in front of the Norman Rockwell paintings — modern boys with their hair sweeping down to their Scout neckerchiefs; boys who do ecology projects, boys who can't possibly remember how Norman Rockwell creations were on the cover of the Saturday Evening Post 318 times, shaping the self-image of a nation.

As the boys viewed Mr. Rockwell's scouting paintings, they gazed and whispered with the pleasure of self-recognition. Yes, they agreed, not only was the man a fine artist—who made everything so realistic—but he also painted the scouting movement they know today.

"I love the painting of the boy coming home from Scout camp," said 10-year-old Alex Rosenzweig of North Brunswick, N.J. "The look of pride on his parents' faces because their son is succeeding at scouting. That's the way people feel in Scouts."

This critique from modern-day Scouts came as 31 of Mr. Rockwell's most famous Boy Scout calendar paintings were being assembled for a public show that begins today, sponsored by J.C. Penney, at the Penney Building at 1301 Avenue of the Americas.

The paintings will be on view through May 28 from 9 A.M. to 4:45 P.M., Monday through Friday. The show will coincide with the annual meeting of the Boy Scouts of America which begins today at the New York Hilton Hotel.

The leaders of the Boy Scouts like to say how much scouting has changed with the times — how they set up troops in the inner cities; how they redesigned their merit badges to prepare boys for careers and hobbies in a complex world; how they opened up Explorer scouting into a co-ed activity.

All this is undeniably true. But for visitors to the Boy Scout Museum in New Brunswick, N.J., last week, the important thing is that Mr. Rockwell's world still exists.

"My sister looked like that when she cried on my uniform—she's only six," said 8-year-old Mark Saloman of Pack 158 in North Brunswick as he pointed to the painting "Can't Wait," done in 1972 of a chubby Cub Scout discarding his blue uniform for his big brother's out-sized brown Boy Scout uniform.

Other boys liked the 1949 painting, "Friend in Need," which showed a Boy Scout taping an injured paw of a

dog held by a somber Cub Scout. Others, like Alex Rosenzweig, liked the 1961 painting, "Himmecoming," showing a mother, a younger brother, a grandmother, twin dogs and a cat all racing downstairs as the father greets the son returning from Scout camp.

Still others liked the 1973 offering, "From Concord to Tranquility," featuring Neil Armstrong, the astronaut. And others like the earlier dark-hued Rockwells with their wisps of memories of frontier scouting, the real thing.

Men Relate to Painting "Yes, but the adults all come past my office and tell me how much they like 'The Scoutmaster' [1956]," said Ilmar Plier, manager of the Scout Museum. "Any scoutmaster has stood watch over a campfire late at night while the boys were sleeping, thinking of all his responsibilities. The men really relate to that one."

Even Mr. Rockwell noted in his autobiography in 1959, "Norman Rockwell," that some people thought his Scout paintings were corny. He described how his close friend and fellow artist, Jack Allerton, called one Scout painting

"propaganda, sentimental trash."

"Well, I like to do it," Mr. Rockwell told his friend. And he described the next painting: "I'm even looking at a cloudy vision of George Washington kneeling and praying in the snow at Valley Forge. And the friend 'grunted horribly and grabbed at his back, twisting about in his chair as if he'd been stabbed.'"

Mr. Rockwell noted that he was never very good at conveying either sensuality or tragedy. He felt more comfortable with the sentiments of ordinary people. Scouting was a perfect vehicle for him—beginning when he was 17 and hired in to do a hundred illustrations for Boy's Life, the Scout publication.

His Sons Were Scouts

Later he did the annual Scout calendar for Brown and Bigelow, beginning in 1928 and missing only 1928 and 1930 (at least six paintings have totally disappeared). Mr. Rockwell attended many Scout activities and his own three sons helmed in the Scouts and were often ointed into the calendars. Mr. Rockwell even put himself into the 1959 calendar, showing a group of Scouts peering over his shoulder as he painted in a field.

Now 82 years old, Mr. Rockwell is still working on his 1976 Scout calendar, which officials say will be the last in the series. He lives in Stockbridge, Mass., where many of his other works have been accumulated in a museum.

In the New York area, the paintings can touch a modern viewer. Sam Geller is a 17-year-old Scout from Troop 80 in Kendall Park, N. J., whose red hair and ruddy features seem right from a Rockwell painting. The boy wrestles for his high school team, has a paper route, is an honor student and belongs to a youth group.

"But scouting is one of my top priorities," he said the other day. "You develop pride because you learn how to do things. They teach you leadership and character. I have seen younger Scouts mature in a few years. Sure, sometimes in school people put down scouting because of the uniforms and the discipline. But our friends understand."

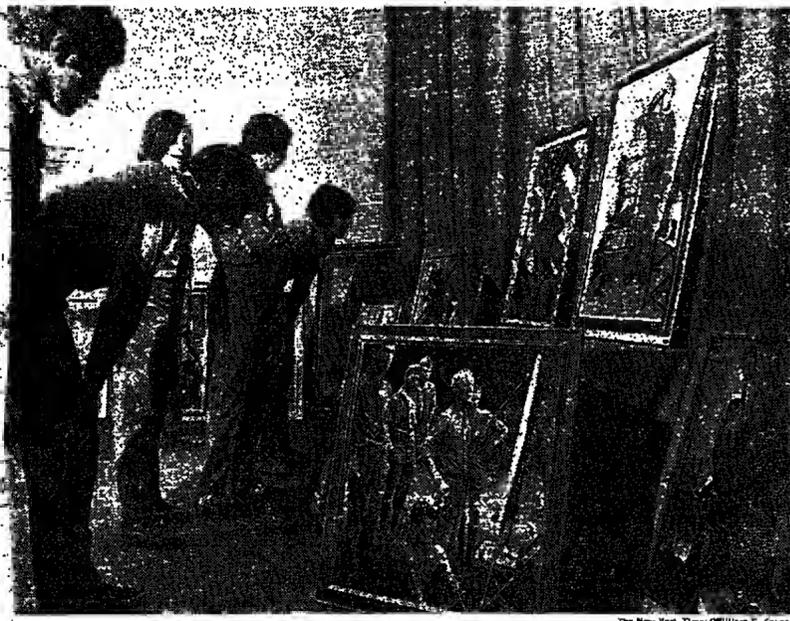
"The merit badges are designed for today's world," said Mike Orlikoff of Troop 88 in Kendall Park. "They got badges in an electric environment. We went around petitions to get a state park built, then we built a bridge in that park all by ourselves." These boys see no conflict with the safe world in the Rockwell paintings—and they say they see themselves. Mr. Rockwell would be pleased.

3 Minor Firebombs Set Off in 2 Boroughs

Minor firebomb explosions for which militant groups claimed responsibility took place yesterday in Queens and Manhattan.

Two explosions occurred at banks in Flushing, Queens, attributed to a Jewish group that identified itself as Save Our Israel.

In Manhattan, a group calling itself a secret anti-Castro Cuban army claimed responsibility for an explosive set off outside a Cuban social club at No. 14th Street near the Avenue of the Americas.



Boy Scout Museum in New Brunswick, N.J., last group of scouts inspected some of the Norman Rockwell paintings that will be in the show that opens

in New York today. Among the paintings is, at lower center, "Beyond the Easel," a self-portrait of Mr. Rockwell discussing one of his works with a group of scouts.

News Summary and Index

MONDAY, MAY 17, 1976

The Major Events of the Day

International

Nablus, an Israeli-occupied city on the West Bank, yesterday proclaimed two days of mourning and a general strike in protest over the killing of an Arab girl by an Israeli soldier. Later, two friends of the dead girl demonstrating in a crowd outside her house were injured when Israeli soldiers fired to disperse the crowd. The Mayor of Nablus said that he had rejected an explanation by the Israeli Army that the girl had been shot accidentally. [Page 1, Column 2.]

Beirut and its suburbs went through one of the most violent days of the Lebanese civil war. Scores of people, most of them civilians, died in exchanges of heavy artillery and mortars. The collapse of the two-day-old truce, which had been honored at best only partly, came as Yasir Arafat, the Palestinian leader, conferred in Damascus with President Hafez el-Assad of Syria against a background of Syrian-Palestinian tension. [1:3-4.]

The chief of staff of El Salvador's armed forces was arrested and charged in Federal court in Manhattan with taking part with six other men in a plot to sell 10,000 submachine guns for \$2.8 million to people he thought were underworld figures in the United States. Col. Manuel Alfonso Rodriguez, 48 years old, was arrested in Mount Kisco. He was held in \$3 million bail on charges of conspiracy to violate gun controls and to defraud the State Department and the United States Treasury. [1:6-8.]

National

Secretary of State Henry A. Kissinger, who for eight years has been the main architect of American foreign policy, said in an interview that even if President Ford won the November election he would prefer to leave office. He went further in declaring publicly his intention to resign than he had previously. [1:1.]

The Senate Intelligence Committee's staff said in a report that military agents had violated the rights of United States citizens and protest groups and in doing so threatened "to violate the traditional and legal restraints which govern the use of military forces in the civilian community." The staff also confirmed reports last week that the Army had under surveillance United States citizens living in West Germany regarded as "threats" to Army operations. [1:3.]

Metropolitan

In a tough report to the Senate on New York City's fiscal-crisis loan program, the Senate Banking Committee proposed that the Government "seriously consider" ending its \$2.3 billion in annual aid if the city failed to maintain its three-year municipal wage freeze, and proposed that city employees' fringe benefits be reduced as a condition for continuing the aid. The committee urged the city and state to confront the rent control "problem" squarely and, "if necessary," to take the actions needed to phase out rent control. Rent control, the committee said, was "a major cause of the decline of New York City's housing stock and the erosion of its real-estate tax base." [1:3.]

The New York City Buildings Department disregarded instructions from the Mayor's office, city officials said, and issued a permit allowing the owners of Broadway's de Mille Theater to convert it into three movie theaters that, according to officials, will show pornographic films. The permit was approved within 24 hours after a written request for it was submitted last March 22. Preparatory work on the conversion has begun. Sidney Baumgarten, special assistant to the Mayor in charge of cleaning up midtown, is attempting to revoke the permit. "That permit should never have been issued," he said. [1:7.]

The start of the \$5 million acoustic renovation of Avery Fisher Hall in Lincoln Center began with the dismantling of the interior almost immediately after the New York Philharmonic finished its concert Saturday night. This kind of renovation in a modern concert hall is without precedent. The hall has had a poor acoustical record since its opening 14 years ago. [1:4-6.]

The apartment house service employees' union, whose strike is entering its third week, and the Realty Advisory Board, representing the building owners, are scheduled to meet today with Vincent D. McDonnell, chairman of the State Mediation Board. Mr. McDonnell said he had called the meeting at the request of Mayor Beame. Negotiations between the union and the landlords have been at an impasse since the landlords rejected a wage-increase proposal by a mayor-at-panel last week. The advisory board's vice president said today's meeting was being held to "assess the situation." [5:1-3.]

The Other News

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U.S. says Iran must share nuclear plant control. Page 3

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Two new leads in Royal's "Svan Lake." Page 38

Quotation of the Day

"I am happy to see this hell disappear."—Pierre Boulez of the New York Philharmonic on workmen begun the renovation of Avery Fisher Hall. [1:6.]

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Issue and Debate

Health maintenance and "a simple idea." Page 16

There's nothing like it around

The Automobile Exchange in The New York Times. Biggest offering of new and used cars in New York. See the Sports Page today.

Nixon Scores End of Mother's Final Days

Richard Nixon has had an exception to the rule of his mother. Pat the bank "The Final Withdrawal and Self-Denial" and a secret said that this was "a final particular" of five with "enhancer wrote her in the 'My Turn' section current issue of magazine, which in excerpts from the John Woodward and Stein. She described President's wife as woman of great self-support enabled to cope with the adversities created by the Vietnam

son, in the view of her, "was in August a courageous and valiant." She said, "The final days" is not the end of the story. She resigned on Aug.

er mother's heavy public events and this country and s. Eisenhower said was hardly the if a exclusive, heavy occupied with herms and oblivious to her family. shower said that she describe her mother ver in courier the story" of the book at other "current tions that also mark. "doubt," she on- of the vet unwrit- of the "final days" urage and love per- Patricia Ryan Nixon

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RIGHTS BLOC MAPS APPEAL ON BUSING

Seeks to Counter Hint Levi Will Ask a Court Review

WASHINGTON, May 16—Civil rights organizations, reacting to disclosures this week that the Justice Department is prepared to ask the Supreme Court to reconsider busing decisions, will meet tomorrow to discuss ways to block the request.

Roy Wilkins, executive director of the National Association for the Advancement of Colored People, has asked Attorney General Edward H. Levi for a meeting Tuesday morning, where the civil rights leaders hope to express sentiments voiced at tomorrow's meeting.

The Justice Department, working against a Wednesday deadline, is reportedly near a decision to file a friend of the court brief with opposing brief siding with opponents of Boston's court-ordered desegregation plan that was put into effect last fall.

The brief would reportedly ask the court to reconsider the 1971 case, Swann v. Charlotte-Mecklenburg Board of Education, which became the benchmark for Northern school busing cases.

Mr. Wilkins said in his letter to Mr. Levi: "Seeking Supreme Court review of a case of a record so marked with defiance, recalcitrance, and violence by school officials and street mobs practically insures continued undermining of the judicial process."

The leadership conference on civil rights, which includes civil rights, labor and minority groups, will meet tomorrow afternoon to presentations by lawyers who argued the Boston case against the school system there.

At the same time, according to Nathaniel Jones, general counsel of the N.A.A.C.P., the rights groups are asking Senators Edward W. Brooke and Edward M. Kennedy of Massachusetts, as well as Republican Congressmen, to urge the White House to abandon the proposed court action.

Some Administration sources said privately that the program being advanced by Solicitor General Robert H. Bork may be nothing more than a political ploy, since the 1971 Swann decision was given by unanimous court headed by Chief Justice Warren E. Burger, with a stance not significantly changed in five years.

Livingston Merchant, 72, A Top Diplomat, Is Dead

By ROBERT E. TOMASSON

Livingston T. Merchant, former Under Secretary of State for Political Affairs, twice Ambassador to Canada and a key aide to President Eisenhower during the Geneva summit meeting in 1955, died Saturday at his home in Washington after having suffered a heart attack. He was 72 years old.

Mr. Merchant was once described by the late Secretary of State John Foster Dulles as "the ideal of a Foreign Service officer," an estimation known to have been shared by President Eisenhower.

After a successful career as a leading investment counselor, Mr. Merchant joined the Government in 1942 at the age of 39 and steadily moved up in the Department of State at the height of the cold war.

During much of the 1950's, Mr. Merchant probably handled more special, top-level diplomatic assignments than anyone in the Department of State except for his immediate superior, Robert D. Murphy, whom he replaced as Under Secretary in December 1959.

Wide-Ranging Assignments Mr. Merchant's assignments ranged from Nanking, China, where he was on duty when the Chinese Kashaek regime collapsed in 1949; Geneva in 1955 and 1959, where the major powers tried to settle the status of a divided Germany; Ottawa in 1957, where a Conservative opposition was charging the Canadian Government with "selling out" to foreign capital; the United States in Panama in 1959, where he worked on canal treaty problems.

In interviews over the years, Mr. Merchant had diplomatically guarded responses to questions as to his toughest assignments and over what he had accomplished in the many high-level and secret negotiations.

"I always think the last one was the toughest," he said about his assignments, just before he became Under Secretary.

When asked to assess his attempt to ease tensions in United States-Panamanian relations, he replied, "I hope it did some good."

Stoyan Pribichevich Dies at 71; Reporter and a Fortune Editor

By ROBERT E. TOMASSON

Stoyan Pribichevich, a former associate editor of Fortune magazine and foreign correspondent for Time and Life during World War II, died Saturday of cancer at St. Barnabas Hospital in the Bronx. He was 71 years old and lived at 43-33 Kissena Boulevard, Flushing, Queens.

Mr. Pribichevich was believed to have been the only representative of the American press behind the German lines in Yugoslavia in 1944. In early May of that year he was flown into Yugoslavia, landed 10 miles behind the fighting front and was taken immediately to Marshal Tito's mountain stronghold.

He was the first American newspaperman to meet Tito face-to-face (they talked in Serbo-Croatian) and the first correspondent to talk directly with the partisans in their own language.

Mr. Pribichevich was born in a district of the old Austro-Hungarian empire that is now part of Yugoslavia after World War I. He graduated from the University of Belgrade. His father was Yugoslav Minister of the Interior until he was exiled for not collaborating with King Alexander's dictatorship.

In 1935, Mr. Pribichevich came to the United States, took out citizenship and worked for more than a year in a Cleveland machine tool plant while writing a book on Central Europe and the Balkans.

Entitled "World Without End," the book was published by Reynal & Hitchcock. It was warmly received by the critics and called "the best book on the Balkans we've seen in a long time" by Charles Poore of The New York Times.

"It is wise, witty and authoritative, as full of facts as an unabridged almanac, and spangled with good stories," Mr. Poore wrote.

Surviving Mr. Pribichevich are his wife, the former Dorothy Dennis; a daughter, Christina Zorich; a son, Spasko; and a grandchild.

James Coggeshall Jr., 79, Dies; Ex-Head of First Boston Corp.

By ROBERT E. TOMASSON

James Coggeshall Jr., president of the First Boston Corporation from 1947 until his retirement in 1962, died Saturday at his home in Barnstable, Mass. He was 79 years old.

A descendant of John Coggeshall, first provincial Governor of Rhode Island, Mr. Coggeshall was born in New York on June 4, 1896.

He received a Harvard University war degree in 1918 and attended a special war session of the Harvard Law School after enlisting in the Naval Aviation Service.

According to Mr. Coggeshall, who was known on Wall Street as "Jim Cogg" or plain "Cogg," the secret of building a successful investment banking business is to give young men responsibility.

"I know of few businesses," he once said, "where a young man can do as well as in this business."

Mr. Coggeshall was president of the Bond Club of New York in 1946. He was a director of the Investment Banking Association, vice chairman of the National Association of Securities Dealers, a trustee of Tuskegee Institute in Alabama, a director of the Colonial Fund of Boston and a trustee of Cape Cod Hospital.

He leaves his wife, the former Esther Clarke, a daughter, Caroline Segar; 3 sons, Timothy, J. Wells and Clarke; a daughter, George; a sister, Mrs. James Fox; 15 grandchildren and a great-grandchild.

Next year, the student enrollment is expected to be 2,045, with a projected student body of 5,300 when the buildings are completely usable, a timetable that is regarded as construction proceeds.

First Four-Year Class Graduates at Purchase

By ROBERT E. TOMASSON

PURCHASE, N.Y., May 16—Members of the first four-year class at the State University of New York at Purchase, who have demonstrated the spirit of early pioneers, gathered for commencement exercises at noon yesterday under a huge green tent.

More than half the 170 graduating seniors had been members of the first freshman class, comprising 300 students, that entered the college in September 1972.

The campus then was raw and barren. The opening of the residence hall had been delayed, and entering freshmen were bused for several months to Purchase at the New York State Maritime College in the Bronx.

A Touch of Nostalgia With a touch of nostalgia, yesterday's graduation exercises were held under a tent, which was a reminder of the first class that had registered under such a shelter. The tent was behind the white, clapboard administration building, which has been a farmhouse when the grassy fields where the campus now stands contained a 500-acre dairy farm.

Looming beyond the tent were the somber, gray-brown brick buildings planned by Edward Larrabee Barnes and designed by Mr. Barnes and other architects such as Philip Johnson and Gunnar Birkerts.

All but one of the buildings in Mr. Barnes's master plan are under construction or have been completed, but today's graduating seniors have spent most of their years attending classes in makeshift facilities such as the garage, the museum and the gymnasium.

One of today's graduates, Ralph Farrington, a dance major from Brooklyn, recalled years of practicing on portable bars set up in various buildings. It was not until four weeks ago, Mr. Farrington said, that he was able to practice in one of the 16 light-colored buildings in the newly opened dance building.

Despite hardships, Mr. Farrington said, "Purchase has been everything I thought it was going to be."

Tramway Ready for Maiden Voyage

By ROBERT E. TOMASSON

That system was not applicable to Roosevelt Island's needs, and in the subsequent months, U.D.C. engineers designed tramways in Gatineau, Que., Palm Springs, Calif., Snowbird, Utah, and one at Masada in Israel, site of the mass suicide in 73 A.D. of its defenders while under Roman attack.

"We occasionally thought about that in the course of this project," said Robert M. Jacobs, director of construction for U.D.C.

The original tramway route at 72nd Street and a second one at 59th Street both were abandoned because of the fierce and successful opposition of the two neighborhoods.

Discovery of an obtainable 200-by-75-foot piece of city land at 60th Street and Avenue C determined the present route. By February 1974 a design team of a Swiss engineering concern and three American companies was formed.

The Swiss saw little problem in the Roosevelt Island project. Accustomed to dealing with ravines, glaciers and helicopter transport to remote mountain peaks, they found the Manhattan job, as one of them proclaimed, "duck soup."

Everybody in the Act A dilemma in the construction process arose over some miscalculations of rock conditions on the Manhattan side. A complicating factor, a zoning requirement that the Manhattan station be built strong enough to support a possible 32-story building.

Unexpected delays emerged from requirements that the final system comply with codes and regulations of the Federal Aviation Administration, the Coast Guard, the New York State Department of Labor, the Metropolitan Transportation Authority, the New York City Bureau of Franchises, the Planning Commission, the Board of Estimate, Community Planning Boards 6 and 8 and even the Swiss Government.

In the most publicized departure from the norm throughout the construction period, a cabin on the first trial run on Feb. 16 had an unexpected encounter with a light pole on Second Avenue. Or was it unexpected?

Threatened Strike Delayed By Union at General Tire

By ROBERT E. TOMASSON

AKRON, Ohio, May 16 (AP)—The United Rubber Workers postponed today a threatened strike against General Tire and Rubber Company and said that the 2,700 General Tire workers would continue on the job while negotiators tried to reach a new contract.

A joint company-union statement, issued an hour after the union's midnight strike deadline had passed, said that the workers would keep General Tire plants here and in Waco, Tex., open under terms of the old contract, but that either side could end the agreement on five days' notice.

A strike against General Tire would spread the effects of the union's strike against the nation's four largest tire makers, which has idled 60,000 workers since April 21.

Dr. Shlomo Bardin, 77, Dies; Founded Brandeis Institute

Dr. Shlomo Bardin, founder-director of what is now the Brandeis Institute, a center for training college-age Jews in the traditions of Judaism, died yesterday at Westlake Hospital in Thousand Oaks, Calif. He was 77 years old and lived at the institute in Brandeis, Calif.

Dr. Bardin studied at the University of Berlin and University College London before coming to the United States in 1928. After receiving his doctorate from Columbia University in 1932, he founded and headed the Haila Technical High School and Haila Nautical School.

He returned to the United States and in 1941 founded the Brandeis Camp Institute at Amherst, N.H. It is not associated with Brandeis University.

Dr. Bardin is survived by two sons, David and Hillel; a brother, a sister, and six grandchildren.

Maurice F. Williams

By ROBERT E. TOMASSON

MAURICE F. WILLIAMS Social in The New York Times

AUGUSTA, Me., May 16—Maurice F. Williams, retired State Commissioner of Finance and Administration, and an administrative assistant to five Maine Governors, died yesterday in Augusta General Hospital. He was 62 years old.

Mr. Williams studied at Harvard College and the Henry George School of Economics.

He leaves his wife, the former Louisa Scoble, and daughter, Mrs. L. Glenn Penick.

Ford Scored on Drug Plan WASHINGTON, May 16 (UPI)—Representative Charles A. Vanik, Democrat of Ohio, contended today that President Ford had weakened an effective program for punishing drug traffickers while calling for a new one.

Mr. Vanik, chairman of the House Ways and Means Committee's Oversight Subcommittee, said financing for a crackdown on drug traffic had been "cut drastically" under the Ford Administration.

Deaths

ABRAHAM—William V. P. Hubland of 3000 10th Ave., died of cancer at St. Vincent's Hospital, New York City, May 15, 1976. He was 79 years old. He was born in Poland and came to the United States in 1910. He was a member of the Polish American Club and the Polish American Society. He is survived by his wife, the former Anna Hubland, and two daughters, Mrs. Josephine Hubland and Mrs. Elizabeth Hubland. Burial in Holy Sepulchre Cemetery, New York City.

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Frank E. Campbell "The Funeral Chapel, Inc." 1076 Madison Ave. (cr. 51st Street), N.Y., N.Y. BU 8-3500

مكتبة الامم المتحدة

# n Ninth Ave., Calories Don't Count



Cheerful New Yorkers ate, went sightseeing and generally had a good time as the annual food festival was celebrated on Ninth Avenue, from 37th to 57th Streets.

**ESLIE MATTIAND** drink and be merry. "We diet," said tangelo, pointing to rds printed on hers she served portions 1 and octopus salad th Avenue food fest- rday. It seemed, just many advocates said o motto. Around usands of gourmets urmands of all ages indulging in the es of more than 20 ities represented at d annual street fair. is the eye could see, us was jammed with nd practically every as watering. ing from 37th Street t Street along the hich was closed to the festival closed

what Arlene Wolff, first deputy commissioner of the Department of Civic Affairs, called "the most fattening mile in all the world." It was, by popular decree, a day to concentrate on calzones, not calories. Calzones are a stuffed breaded delicacy usually made of chopped Italian ham and cheese. "It's beautiful—I feel like it's Mother's Day again," said Mary Beame, the Mayor's wife, sitting in a horse-drawn carriage with a huge bouquet of roses on her lap. Both she and the Mayor, who was on foot, participated in a parade that traveled the length of the festival to a podium on 37th Street for speeches. "It's really the biggest block party in history," said Mayor Beame, presenting a citation to James Dell'Orto,

president of the Ninth Avenue Association. "As Mayor, I find it a pleasant recipe for improving the quality of life in our city." With this, even out-of-towners—and there seemed to be a particularly high proportion of people from New Jersey and Connecticut in the crowd—could agree. "It shows what New Yorkers can do," said James Rosinsky of Fort Lee, N.J., who noted that she had come to Ninth Avenue on Saturday, the first day of the two-day festival, and had been determined to return yesterday to show it to her daughter, Jane. At the moment, both were at a table laden with such Greek delicacies as cheese and spinach pie and haldava.

In addition to the traditional dishes, also in sight were marriages between cuisines, or variations on a theme. Every ethnic kitchen seemed to have concocted its own brand of shish kebabs, be it Italian, Spanish or Korean. Thick slabs of hero bread changed their national identities, depending on the filling: blood sausage (Argentinian), pale (French) or meatballs (Italian). Merchants at another table, filling pita bread with goodies, simply labeled the result an "international sandwich," giving up all pretense. There were live hands, flea market tables and entrepreneurs selling everything from jewelry to umbrellas—an item that would have come in handy when it began to rain. But even then, it seemed the only disgruntled

faces were those of the pushcart pretzel vendors, whose everyday fare looked oddly dull next to so much competition. For children, the Department of Recreation set up equipment to play basketball, table tennis, tether ball, and volleyball, and provided roller skates and a trampoline. There was also a puppet show and ethnic dancing. Elsewhere, in a less organized fashion, dice tables drew crowds for gambling. Even St. Clare's Hospital got into the action, offering free eye tests, dental examinations and blood pressure tests. And, in a demonstration that seemed a fitting way to end the day, a dental technician taught the proper way to brush the teeth and stimulate the gums.

# Beame Is Expected to Testify With 100 Against State Formula on School Aid

By ROY R. SILVER  
Special to The New York Times  
MINEOLA, L. I., May 16—Mayor Beame and other top New York City officials are expected to be among the 100 witnesses who will testify, starting this week, in a suit that challenges the constitutionality of the state's financing of education.

Among the plaintiffs are the state's four largest cities—New York, Rochester, Syracuse and Buffalo. They contend they have less money to spend for education because of municipal "overburdens," such as fire and police protection, sanitation and other services, and thus should receive a larger share of state aid.

The long list of witnesses for the case brought by 16 suburban and urban school districts, include educators, teachers of special programs, the Mayor of Syracuse and school superintendents from cities from various parts of the country. The cities' case will follow the completion of the testimony offered in the last four weeks by witnesses for the 16 original plaintiffs. The suit, in a nonjury trial in State Supreme Court here, is expected to last through the summer.

erty value, the more it spends for each pupil, the poorer the district, the less it spends. Dr. Berke, who was assisted by Dr. Joy H. Moskowitz in preparing the 80-page report on behalf of the plaintiffs, testified on behalf of the 16 suburban and rural school districts that have challenged the constitutionality of the present system of allocating funds for educational purposes through state aid based on the property tax.

"The disparities in spending levels that grow out of property value differentials have a regular, direct and discriminatory impact on the educational opportunities afforded to public school children in New York State," Dr. Berke contended. And, he added, the higher the expenditures for children in the wealthier school districts, the better are the educational services available to its pupils.

State Held Negligent  
Dr. Berke said that the present subsidy system in the state was inequitable because school district taxpayers did not always get what they paid for and also because the state failed to pay and to return educational funds in accordance with need. He said that large amounts of money were being spent on education in the state, and added: "If it was properly

spent, it would make us proud of the system." In noting the variation among the state's 704 school districts in property wealth per pupil, Dr. Berke said that it ranged from a high of \$412,370 on Fishers Island to a low of \$8,834 in Salmon River, Lawrence County. This, he said, was a range of 46 to 1. Since the tax on property is the basic source for locally raised revenue in New York and "since the state-aid formula fails to equalize this disparity in property wealth, that range between the wealthiest and poorest districts results in a substantial variation in the district's ability to provide educational opportunities for their schoolchildren," Dr. Berke added.

He said the current state-aid system "is notably ineffective in making up the differences in district wealth" and added that under the present system, which provides greater state aid for the poorer districts, "the final result is that local wealth continues to determine the amounts spent on education." Dr. Berke said that like other states that had achieved fiscal reform in financing education, New York had "the techniques and approaches" to achieve similar reforms. "What is necessary is for the will to be there," he added.

# Hospitals Corporation Held Losing Millions

New York City's Health and Hospitals Corporation loses about \$200 million a year in emergency and outpatient care to people who do not pay, according to a corporation spokesman and an audit by Arthur Levitt, the State Comptroller.

The audit also found that Harlem Hospital and the corporation had done poorly in billing and collecting co-insurance payments from patients who had private insurers and deductible amounts not covered. The audit criticized the corporation's system of self-paying patients that allowed one patient to pay \$2 for an outpatient visit that included X-rays and electrocardiograms, while another patient paid \$57 for the removal of a splinter or the treatment of a common cold.

Accounting Cited  
The Levitt report said the corporation's accounting procedures did not keep abreast of the extent of the losses, which it said had totaled hundreds of millions of dollars since the corporation took over responsibility for the city hospitals in 1970.

State Officials Blamed  
Mr. Robinson said state officials had exacerbated the problem by lowering the income eligibility for federally subsidized Medicaid assistance from \$6,000 to \$5,000 a year.

The audit recommended that a special team of hospital staffs in proper billing procedures. It also recommended that nine specially trained financial interviewers work in outpatient clinics and that outside collection agencies be used to collect bad debts.

Mr. Robinson said that Mr. Levitt's suggestions were "unrealistic" because "sixty percent of our patients have no way of paying because they are poor and have no third-party insurers such as Blue Cross or Blue Shield. And the city has already forced us to lay off 5,000 employees and mandated cuts of an additional 13,200 by the end of June."

# Light Touch for Funds Made by Judson Church

By ELEANOR BLAU  
A Memorial Church in 1892 and now apart. celebrate its lively past, seek funds to make it has a future, the k institution held a service yesterday help of Al Carmine. d at the piano, the irle composer, who is led at Judson, sang, and played in a Caristry of Judson that with the Ice Age.

Hall, and the church became involved in equal-housing and school-integration battles. The congregation, which numbered several hundred, joined in the nostalgia. They sang "Daisy" and "Five Foot Two." "Brother Can You Spare a Dime?" and when they reached the late 50's, Mr. Carmine, mockingly, sanctimonious, said "Let us sing together, 'Que Sera.'" The celebration was held to open a campaign to raise at least \$150,000. In an interview, Mr. Carmine pointed out flaws in the rundown sanctuary that had prompted the campaign.

Over the Decades  
g lightly over the es they observed at one at Fiorello H. La had once told: "I'm with you. I'll vote for it. Now ber me."

"Those marvelous La Farge stained glass windows need work and the floor," he said nodding to the patched linoleum tiles that may once have been white. "The ceiling is peeling. The roof, as you can see, is leaking over there. We must repair the organ."

1920's for example, ment of the church Washington Square used five health clinics 50's, a teen-age began in the gymnasium Moody, the senior minister, orm a Democratic posed to Tammany

As one method of raising the money, parishioners are being asked to pledge 10 percent of their gross incomes to be paid over three years. Thirty-one officials of the church, which has Baptist and United Church of Christ affiliations, have already pledged \$53,000, it was announced.

Officials hope to get \$50,000 more from the parishioners and \$50,000 from other sources, including foundations. A Gertrude Stein festival and a party marking Dr. Moody's 20th anniversary at the church are planned as fund-raising events this fall.



Spectators cheering from behind a Police Department barrier as the Greek parade groups marched up Fifth Avenue

# It's All Greek as Marchers Mark Independence



Teffy Savalas, the grand marshal of the parade and star of the "Kojak" TV series, blowing kisses to the crowd.

By MARY BREASTED  
"What's so special about Greeks?" a barbarian stranger asked Mark Kinatedes, who was standing yesterday afternoon in full traditional dress—except for his saddle shoes—reviewing the Greek Independence Day Parade. "They're strong," Mark said, pausing for reflection. "And they're smart, too," he added, flashing a quick smile. "The Greek people are gonna fight the Turk."

Everyone knew what he meant. Secretary of State Henry A. Kissinger would have seen the large number of signs calling for an end to Turkish military occupation on Cyprus. But for many of those who came to the parade, it was enough to see Mr. Savalas, whose starring role on the television series "Kojak" has made him a national celebrity. "Telly! Telly!" young women shrieked as they strode past the reviewing stand, and they waved frantically until they could catch his eye and get him to wave back at them from his prominent place in the reviewing stand. "And I thought this was going to be an easy day!" said a detective from the 23d Precinct. He was stationed in front of the reviewing stand in a pause between crashes of automatic gunfire, who continually tried to reach the actor. "I just didn't know there were this many Greeks in the world," Mr. Savalas joked at one point. "I thought we were a minority group."

# Investigation Pressed in Slaying of Jersey Lawyer's Wife, 42

By ROBERT McG. THOMAS Jr.  
es continued their in- yesterday into the Beverly Manoff, the prominent Springfield, er, who was stabbed and died in her ly morning. stors from the Union Prosecutor's office : two-story Colonial : fingerprints and e well-kept lawn for returning, which shat- erency of the wood- hood rising behind of Country Club. are shaken. They are totally shaken-up," boy who had known -old Mrs. Manoff for 15 years.

According to an autopsy, Mrs. Manoff died of shock and loss of blood from a number of stab wounds in her chest and a head wound caused by a blunt instrument. A blood-covered knife found near the body had been sent to the state police laboratory for tests, but the results were not known last night. Mrs. Manoff was apparently not sexually assaulted, and after interviewing neighbors, detectives said they had not established a motive or found solid clues to the killer's identity. Leigh Walters, an assistant prosecutor, said yesterday that it had not been determined whether the knife had come from the house or had been brought there by an intruder. The house had been ransacked but nothing was taken, according to the investigators, who said there were no signs of forced entry. In addition to a further search of the house and grounds, the police were also reportedly questioning deliverymen and repairmen seen in the area on Friday.

# Will Rogers Cardiac Research to Go On

Special to The New York Times  
VALHALLA, N. Y., May 15—The pulmonary and cardiac disease research that was carried on for almost 40 years at the Will Rogers Memorial Hospital in Saranac Lake, N. Y., is to continue at a new wing of the Westchester County Medical Center complex on the Grasslands campus. Construction of the wing will begin this summer if the plan is approved by the county Board of Legislators and trustees of the memorial fund, according to Alfred B. DelBello,

the Westchester County Executive, and Henry Martin, president of the Will Rogers Memorial Hospital. The Will Rogers Memorial Hospital in Saranac Lake, N. Y., was closed last December. It was established for persons in the theater and film industries who needed medical care, especially those with tuberculosis. The hospital was closed because of its isolated site and the decline in the incidence of tuberculosis. The construction cost of the new wing—about \$3.5 million—will be financed by the Will Rogers Memorial Fund, Mr.

DelBello said. Medical supplies and equipment from the Saranac Lake facility will be donated by the fund to the 550-bed hospital. Ill and elderly show-business persons who are cared for under the memorial fund will be housed in the new Westchester hospital. According to Mr. DelBello, the research facility staff will also undertake a program of health education to disseminate information on preventive medicine throughout the county.

# Metropolitan Briefs

**Court-Reform Speedup Urged**  
Seeking to speed enactment of Governor Carey's court-reform plan, the state Bar Association is asking the Legislature for quick first passage of the constitutional measure, which must be approved by two successive Legislatures and a public referendum before it can be put into effect. In letters to be delivered to each legislator in Albany, the lawyers' group said that a speedy first passage would allow "full and careful consideration" by the new Legislature to be elected this fall. The plan, co-sponsored by the Governor and Chief Judge Charles D. Breitel, seeks a nonpartisan merit selection of judges, centralized court administration, streamlined judicial discipline and a simplified court structure.

**12 Cult Members Seized in Kidnapping**  
The police arrested 12 members of a religious cult known as the Rastafarians and charged them with kidnapping a 16-year-old woman and her year-old son. The mother and child were not harmed. According to the police, the woman and child were kidnapped last Monday from an apartment in the Bronx and shuttled for six days between two cult hideouts in Brooklyn. The woman, when allowed to go to a grocery store last Saturday night, went to a police station instead. The two victims were not identified.

**Girl, 6, Falls to Death**  
A 6-year-old Brooklyn girl fell to her death from the fourth floor of the Holy Cross Polish National Catholic Church in the East Village, at 57 St. Marks Place. The girl, Benita Kowalski, of 921 Brighton First Road in the Brighton Beach section was taken to Bellevue Hospital, where she died about an hour later, at 4:10 A. M. During a wedding reception, her mother, Stefania, had left her for a nap, in a room where the widow was partly open, the police said.

**From the Police Blotter:**  
The Burger King restaurant at 47 East 59th Street was robbed of \$700 by two masked robbers wearing gloves who slashed James Dermitt, 26 years old, the assistant manager, on both hands, severing the tendons of two left fingers, beat him with their fists, then handcuffed and locked him in a basement storeroom. He was admitted to Lenox Hill Hospital. . . . An armed man stole \$1,587 from the register of the Yellow Brick Road tavern at 228 West 10th Street in Greenwich Village. The robber, using a ruse, was admitted to the closed bar by Robert Santopietro, the owner, whom he handcuffed to an overhead pipe to death, allegedly. . . . A 54-year-old Bronx woman was shot in the basement. . . . A 95-year-old woman was shot in her apartment at 95th Union Avenue in the Morrisania section. The victim was identified as Willie Mae Decay. The roofer, Harris Henderson, 62, who was arrested for homicide, also reportedly fired a wild shot at Thomas Feud, 51, of 2013 Fifth Avenue and then hit him on the head with a baseball bat when he attempted to subdue him.

Frank E. Campbell  
"The Funeral"



# Canadiens Defeat Flyers, 5-3, Sweep Series for Stanley Cup



Wayne Stephenson looks back into the net after goal scored by Canadiens' Steve Shutt in the first period in Philadelphia. Canadiens' Pete Mahovlich skates by the open net.

By ROBIN HERMAN  
Special to The New York Times  
PHILADELPHIA, May 16—Hoisting hockey's glistering prize, the Stanley Cup, on their shoulders, the Montreal Canadiens returned the National Hockey League championship north of the border tonight.  
The Flying Frenchmen defeated the defending champions, the Philadelphia Flyers, 5-3, and swept the final series, 4-0, before a frenzied, capacity crowd in the Spectrum. The Flyers had held the cup the last two years.  
It had taken just 13 games for the Canadiens to complete three playoff rounds and forge the quickest Stanley Cup conquest since the league expanded. They had beaten the Flyers by a single goal in each of the first three games, but tonight the Canadiens' most high-powered line broke a

3-3 deadlock with 5:42 go on a goal by Guy Lafleur. Then Peter Mahovlich scored for the two-goal victory.  
"I think there's a lot of happy faces out there because we lost," said the Flyers' Larry Barber. "More than if we won. I don't think too many people were happy the last two years that we won it. Because of this violence thing, it was blown out of proportion."  
But he added: "We lost to a hell of a team that's got the depth of no other team in the league, and I think that hurt us."  
The level of hockey skill in tonight's game and in the entire series was remarkable, and this game never became violent. Philadelphia left that tactic behind in Toronto when several of its players were inflicted after a quarter-final game there.  
But when the hard-working

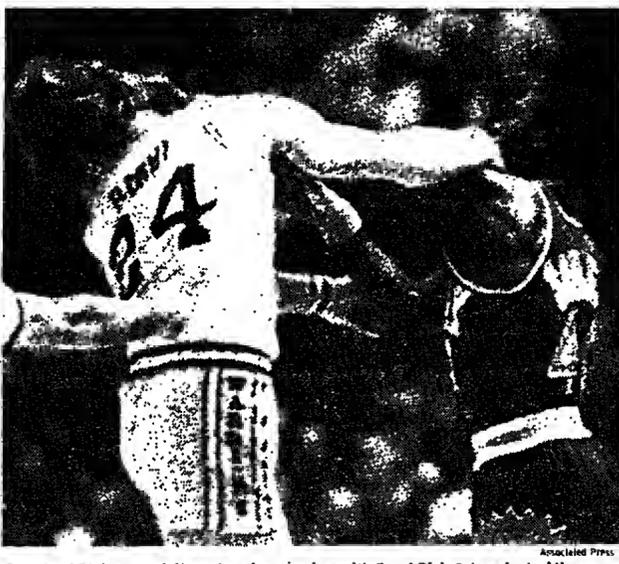
Flyers came close to Montreal's incredible pace, the Canadiens, coached by Scotty Bowman, simply sharpened their play to match them.  
"You must remember," said Fred Shero, Philadelphia's coach, "Montreal's such a great club; if we would have played better, maybe they would have played even better."  
Of his plans for next season, Shero said, "I imagine we have to make some decisions quickly about trades and strengthen the team."  
Most of the goals tonight were scored without a full complement of players on the ice. Thoughtless penalties, such as Don Salski's interference while his team was already a man short, a tripping penalty against Guy Lapointe, and the hooking penalty called on Gary Dornhoefer were costly in both

teams in this desperate, high-powered contest.  
After Kate Smith, in a flouncy lime-colored dress, left the sellout crowd of 17,777 in a frenzied state by singing the Flyers' lucky "God Bless America," Reggie Leach electrified the fans further by scoring on the game's first shot and setting a season and playoff scoring record of 80 goals. The teams were even—skating four-on-four at the time but after Leach's goal came a succession of power-play scores. With Salski in the penalty box, Steve Shutt beat Wayne Stephenson in the Philadelphia goal and then, with Bill Barber off the ice, Pierre Bouchard shot through a crowd past the screened Philadelphia goalie. Tom Bladen helped tie the score before the first period was over, sending a shot from the point.

Continued on Page 37, Column 1

## Celtics Win, 99-94; Cavs by 3-2

By SAM GOLDAPER  
Special to The New York Times  
BOSTON, May 16 — Red Auerbach, who had been unofficially named to return to the Boston Celtics, returned to the team today to help coach the team through the final game of the National Basketball Association Eastern Division playoff series.  
The sixth game of the series was played Tuesday night at the home of the Cavaliers, and it was a dramatic one, with the Celtics winning 99-94.  
Auerbach, who had been out of the team since 1964, returned to the team today to help coach the team through the final game of the series.  
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Warriors' Rick Barry, left, exchanging punches with Suns' Rick Sniders in deciding game of semifinal playoffs at Oakland. Both players remained in the game.

## Suns Oust Warriors, 94-86, Gaining N.B.A. Playoff Final

By LEONARD KDPETT  
Special to The New York Times  
OAKLAND, Calif., May 16 — Another incipient sports "dynasty" came crashing down in less than a year today as the Golden State Warriors were eliminated from the National Basketball Association playoffs by the Phoenix Suns, who won the seventh and deciding game of their semifinal series, 94-86.  
The Warriors, who were the defending champions, had posted the best win-loss record during the regular season. They had beaten Detroit in their first playoff series, 4-2, while Phoenix was getting by Seattle, and they had taken a 3-2 lead over the Suns only last Wednesday.  
But the Suns, who call themselves the "Sunderland team" since beating Seattle, fought back with a 1-point victory in Phoenix on Friday and with a crushing final quarter today. Behind by 10 points in the second period

and by 6 at halftime, they moved ahead in the third and took control after a 70-70 tie with nine minutes to play. Over the next six minutes, they outscored Golden State, 18-6.  
Barry Poops Out  
The climb in the title round was well-earned, too. Coached by John MacLeod, who stresses team defense and five-man offense, the Suns started to click in midseason after Gar Heard arrived from Buffalo and their two rookies, Alvan Adams and Rick Sobers, came into their own. Combined with such veterans as Dick Van Arsdale, Paul Westphal, Keith Erickson and Curtis Perry, they brought the team to a final round for the first time in its eight-year history.  
In the showdown, Heard, who was playing Rick Barry, and Westphal scored 21 points apiece. Adams got 20 rebounds and 18 points, while Sobers and Perry scored 12 apiece in a display

of admirable balance. They also did more damage in rebounding, especially on offense, as they did Friday night.  
For the Warriors, the final failure was a cringing affair of all the elements that made them the most successful team in the league for nearly two seasons.  
First of all there was Barry, their acknowledged leader, who popped out in the second half, adding only 6 points in the 14 he scored in the first half.  
Then there was the high-speed running game, which the Warriors never generated. They couldn't fast break too much because they didn't rebound that well, but they did get their share of steals and failed to convert on often. On set plays, during the second half, they did more and more standing around and dribbling the ball up the floor, instead of creating movement. That was a

Continued on Page 37, Column 4

## Proud Delta Victor in Belmont Fog

By MICHAEL STRAUSS  
Special to The New York Times  
BELMONT PARK, May 16 — A thoroughbred race since being purchased for \$250,000 for Mrs. Antipielier stable last year at the dispersal of Rice's stock, the created a major horsemen. However, Proud

## Mets Top Reds, 7-5, Lose, 8-1

By PARTON KEESSE  
Special to The New York Times  
CINCINNATI, May 16 — The New York Mets beat the Cincinnati Reds, 7-5, in the first game of their doubleheader at Riverfront Stadium today but lost to the Reds' "B" squad, 8-1, in the second contest.  
After Jon Matlack, the Mets' unbeaten left-hander, had picked up his fourth triumph of the year behind two-run homers by Ed Kranepool and Joe Torre for New York's only victory in the four-game series, the Reds won easily without Johnny Bench, Tony Perez, George Foster or Joe Morgan in their lineup.  
Don Gullett, benefiting from a pair of three-run innings off Craig Swao, New York's starter, gained his third victory against two defeats by lasting just five innings. When rain interrupted the second game for two more innings and then left, complaining of a stiff neck, Pat Darcy hurled the final four innings, allowing only one hit.  
New York's only run in the nightcap came from John Milner's fourth homer, which extended the left fielder's consecutive-game hitting streak to 18.  
Except for Morgan, who had a sore back, Cincinnati inserted its full power-lodged lineup behind Gary Nolan in

## Yanks Bow to Orioles, 7-0

By MURRAY CHASS  
Special to The New York Times  
BALTIMORE, May 16 — Ken Holtzman and the Baltimore Orioles confirmed a role reversal yesterday at Yankee Stadium: Suddenly they're a hot team in the American League East, and the Yankees are a cool team.  
Holtzman allowed only five hits and the rest of the Orioles amassed 13 of their own hits, including six doubles, as they defeated the Yankees, 7-0. The loss was the New Yorkers' fifth in their last seven games, including four of six on this home stand.  
"I'm not concerned about it," Manager Billy Martin said about the skid. "At the rate we were going (a 15-5 win-loss record), the pennant would've been over by the All-Star break. You can't ex-

## Yankees' third-string catcher

pect to win all the time. You're going to have your lulls. Now we're due to get hot again."  
The Orioles, apparently, were due also. Earl Weaver's team has won five of its last six games and has batted .394 doing it, compared with a .200 team average previously.  
Besides keeping two trends going, the Orioles' latest performance gave the Yankees a chance to use some of their little-used pitchers. However, their least-used pitcher didn't get to pitch.  
Larry Gura, the only player who has been on a major league roster all season and hasn't played yet, was traded before the game to the Kansas City Royals for Fran Healy, who will serve as the

Continued on Page 36, Column 4

## Smith 'Nice and Quiet and Relaxed'

plane dipped out of the fog and it seemed to be the rooftops of Flushing. It had waited on the Friendship Airport and circled in the soup over it now in a matter of seconds it touched down in the "We made it that time," said Laz Barrera, an important man in the Kentucky Derby. "Nothing more important than winning the Preakness." Nothing more important than winning the Preakness. "Nothing more important than winning the Preakness." Nothing more important than winning the Preakness.

## Baby Half-Brother

Ever since the Derby, Honest Pleasure's stable had steadfastly refused to comment on a rumor that the colt had suffered colic in Louisville and had also had a stone bruise or minor abscess caused by gravel. Asked about it at the breakfast for horsemen and press on Friday, John Nazareth, Jolley's assistant, had said only that the barn was offering no excuses. Now Bert Firestone, the owner, used similar words.  
He was standing in the doorway of the tack room watching the TV show take shape. "I feel very confident," he said. "I'm not making any excuses but I think you'll see a far different horse today than you saw in Kentucky."  
"Forty seconds," came a voice over Wright's intercom, and just then there was a squawk from the barn area's public-address system. "Bring your horses to the paddock for the Preakness, please." Wright held his ground and ran through three tactful interviews.  
"I hope your horse runs well," a man said to Campo as the tableau broke up.  
"So do I," John said.  
Alberto Barrera followed Jolley under the shedrow and offered a hand. "Good luck," he said.  
"Thank you," LeRoy said. "Good luck."  
Horses and men started for the race track. Nobody wished good luck just then to Elocutionist's people, but Gene Cashman, the owner, had already received good news. He had been interrupted at dinner Friday evening by a telephone message that Elocutionist's dam, Strictly Speaking, whom he had bought after buying her son, had just foaled a colt by Irish Castle, the sire of Bold Forbes. "So," he had said on his return to the table. "I've got a Derby winner." He didn't know then that he also had a Preakness winner.

## Golf Victory To Trevino

FORT WORTH, May 16 (AP)—Lee Trevino, shaken and unsteady and with his game on the verge of collapse, parlayed a lucky break into a birdie that turned back Mike Morley and enabled him to win the Colonial national invitation golf tournament today. It was the first victory of his pro career in Texas.  
Morley, who has yet to win in six years on the pro tour, came from five shots off the pace, took the lead at one time and was tied with Trevino for the top spot when they went to the tee on the 16th hole, a 200-yard par-three.  
Trevino hit his tee shot to the right. The ball hit a bank, well off the green. Kicked dead left, trickled onto the

## Decisions...decisions...Make your decision

## If Your Horse Yawns

By MICHAEL STRAUSS  
Special to The New York Times  
BELMONT PARK, May 16 — A thoroughbred race since being purchased for \$250,000 for Mrs. Antipielier stable last year at the dispersal of Rice's stock, the created a major horsemen. However, Proud

## Charts on Page 38

price. Her victory, worth \$33,810, increased her earnings to \$152,181.  
"She sure is a powerful lady," said Jorge Velasquez after scoring with the filly in the one-mile race by 4 1/2 lengths over Sheldon Raab's Snooze. "I had her on the lead all the way and she never let up in the speed."  
"You know, I forgot it was Sunday. I also forgot this race was worth more than \$50,000," said the Panamanian jockey with a big grin. "I was pointed out that this was the first Sunday stakes event of the season. If I had realized it I probably would have ridden harder."  
No one in the crowd of 23,797, a turnout surprisingly large in view of the light drizzle that continued through much of the afternoon, was able to judge just how "hard" Velasquez actually rode. The contest was run in a thick fog that crept in just before the feature and obscured the entire backstretch and the home turn.  
But there was no doubt that in gaining her second stakes triumph and her fourth

## Continued on Page 38, Column 5

of the year, Proud Delta had provided her jockey with a speedy trip. Topweighted with 122 pounds, she was clocked in the last time of 1:35. As the third choice in the wagering, she returned \$9.40 for \$2 straight.  
Ralph Kercheval's favored Fleet Victress, carrying 115 pounds, with Braulio Baeza up, finished seventh in the eight-horse race. Mrs. Aroold Wilcox's Let Me Linger, the second choice, with Angel Cordero at the reins, was third, finishing a head back of Snooze. Cordero suffered the added indignity of being "dumped" while pulling his mount up after the race.

hopping this week, how could it be better deal... Loan Phone... Libank.

TO HOME VERY HE YORK TIM



Billy Martin, the Yankees' manager, protesting a balk call by Bill Haller, the first-base umpire, against Tippy Martinez, foreground, in the fourth inning at Yankee Stadium yesterday. Ken Singleton advanced from first to second on the play.

# Orioles Troubles for Red Sox Go On

Continued From Page 35

ceived to these first six weeks of the season, he said. "I'm bitter that they got my spirits up during the winter by telling me I would get a chance to start and then not doing what they said. I'm bitter that I didn't get an opportunity."

Another trade could be coming soon. The Yankees are looking for a left-handed hitter and could use Healy or Rick Dempsey to get him. Martin, who some people felt simply didn't like Gura as a pitcher, explained that he and his coaching staff chose Dock Ellis over Gura as the fourth starter.

"That's what it amounted to," the manager said. "We just felt Ellis has better stuff."

Nets yesterday. Ellis started against the Orioles but didn't last past the third inning, suffering his first American League loss after four victories.

The second of Mark Belanger's four hits, a run-scoring double, finished Ellis. Doug DeCinces had knocked in the first run in the third with a double, the first of his three hits, and another run scored on Al Bumbry's fly.

Dave Duncan singled across a run against Tippy Martinez in the fourth, and Ken Singleton doubled home two runs off Dave Pagan in the fifth.

Pagan previously had pitched to only three batters this season, including Doo Mooney when he hit his time-out, grand-slam home run in Milwaukee on April 10. Ken Brett pitched to the last batter in that game, the second of the season, and that was the only batter he faced until yesterday when he worked two shutout innings.

Holtzman pitched nine shutout innings. In only one of those innings did the Yankees act as if they might score a run.

After Holtzman retired the first two batters in the ninth, Bruce Minton singled. Chris Chambliss doubled and Lou Piniella walked. But Dempsey bounced back to the mound and Holtzman, a busy fielder all day, threw him out.

Earlier in the game, the Oriole left-hander handled two hot shots off Munson's bat and caught a pop-up, a sight seldom seen in a major league game. After the game, Holtzman still felt one of Munson's shots, a line drive that glanced off his left foot, jumped up and hit him in the leg, then ricocheted against his stomach and finally plopped into his glove for an out. Munson stopped halfway to first and just stared at the pitcher.

Interestingly, Holtzman didn't strike out any Yankees in the game. "I pitched my first no-hitter without striking anyone out," Holtzman said.

Reggie Jackson had to leave the game in the fourth inning. He had injured his hand while checking a swing in the first.

By THOMAS ROGERS  
Although they ended a recent 10-game losing streak with four consecutive victories, the Boston Red Sox are still in trouble in the defense of their American League Eastern Division title.

They stayed firmly in last place in the division as they lost to the Milwaukee Brewers, 11-5, yesterday at Fenway Park. The Brewers, ending a seven-game losing streak, pounded out 18 hits—a club record—against five Boston pitchers.

Don Money was most troublesome to the Red Sox with four hits that accounted for five Milwaukee runs. His final hit was a two-run homer (his fourth) in the ninth inning that gave the Brewers an 11-2 cushion.

Rick Wise, who has been ineffective on the mound in the first six weeks of the season, again took a pounding as he lost for the third time in four decisions.

The Brewers reached him for nine hits before knocking him out with a six-run rally in the sixth inning. Reggie Cleveland, Jim Willoughby, Rick Jones and Tom House gave up the first 10 Milwaukee hits and six runs in a weak display of relief hurling.

Jim Slaton, who won his fifth game against one loss, had the Red Sox bats in control until the ninth inning when the slumbering Sox rallied for three runs. Eduardo Rodriguez came in to strike out Bernie Carbo to end the game.

The Red Sox have won 10 of their first 26 games and trail the first-place Yankees by 6½ games.

NATIONAL LEAGUE  
Dodgers 6, Pirates 0  
AT PITTSBURGH—The Dodgers hopped over the Cincinnati Reds into first place in the Western Division

game, allowed just hits, winning for the third time in four decisions. Leon Roberts accounted for both Houston runs with a homer and a triple that was followed by an error.

Cardinals 3, Giants 3  
AT ST. LOUIS—Pete Falcone, pitching against his old teammates for the first time, set them down on five hits. He benefited from a four-run first-inning rally by the Cardinals in which Reggie Smith belted a three-run homer, his third, and his first hit in 30 times at bat. Lou Brock and Ron Fairly each drove in two St. Louis runs.

Cubs 6, Padres 5  
AT CHICAGO—Out of the starting lineup because of the flu, Rick Monday cracked a three-run pinch-hit homer in the sixth inning for the Cubs. Willie Davis and Doug Rader of the Padres and Jerry Morales of the Cubs also homered.

Expos 5, Braves 4  
AT ATLANTA—The Expos rallied for two runs in the ninth, the first on Jerry Royster's throwing error and the second on a double by Pete Mackanio, to top the Braves. Rowland Office had

given the Braves a 4-3 lead with a two-run single in the sixth inning. Earlier, Ken Henderson hit his third homer for Atlanta.

Phillies 12, Astros 2  
AT HOUSTON—The Phillies, who thrive in unfamiliar surroundings, won their 10th straight road game with a 15-hit attack. Greg Luzinski and Garry Maddox had three hits apiece. Steve Carlton, pitching his third complete

game, allowed just hits, winning for the third time in four decisions. Leon Roberts accounted for both Houston runs with a homer and a triple that was followed by an error.

Cardinals 3, Giants 3  
AT ST. LOUIS—Pete Falcone, pitching against his old teammates for the first time, set them down on five hits. He benefited from a four-run first-inning rally by the Cardinals in which Reggie Smith belted a three-run homer, his third, and his first hit in 30 times at bat. Lou Brock and Ron Fairly each drove in two St. Louis runs.

Cubs 6, Padres 5  
AT CHICAGO—Out of the starting lineup because of the flu, Rick Monday cracked a three-run pinch-hit homer in the sixth inning for the Cubs. Willie Davis and Doug Rader of the Padres and Jerry Morales of the Cubs also homered.

Expos 5, Braves 4  
AT ATLANTA—The Expos rallied for two runs in the ninth, the first on Jerry Royster's throwing error and the second on a double by Pete Mackanio, to top the Braves. Rowland Office had

given the Braves a 4-3 lead with a two-run single in the sixth inning. Earlier, Ken Henderson hit his third homer for Atlanta.

Phillies 12, Astros 2  
AT HOUSTON—The Phillies, who thrive in unfamiliar surroundings, won their 10th straight road game with a 15-hit attack. Greg Luzinski and Garry Maddox had three hits apiece. Steve Carlton, pitching his third complete

game, allowed just hits, winning for the third time in four decisions. Leon Roberts accounted for both Houston runs with a homer and a triple that was followed by an error.

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## Box Score

PHILADELPHIA (11) vs. HOUSTON (2)
Pitchers: Schmidt, D. Cash, etc.
Batters: Schmidt, D. Cash, etc.

AMERICAN LEAGUE
Indians 4, Tigers 0
AT DETROIT—A Jacket Day crowd of 51,650—the largest crowd in Tiger Stadium in almost three years—had little to cheer as Jackie Brown (3-1) set down the home team on four hits. Alan Ashby drove in three Cleveland runs with a single and a squeeze bunt. Ron LeFlore of Detroit singled to extend his hitting streak to 19 games.

White Sox 4, Royals 3
AT KANSAS CITY—Two streaks ended as Ray Carroll pitched 6 1/2 innings of strong relief for Chicago, allowing one run, and picked up his first victory. The White Sox snapped a four-game losing string and Kansas City ended a winning streak of five games. Jack Brohamer socked his second homer for the White Sox.

A's 3, Rangers 2
AT OAKLAND—Steve Barr, the Texas pitcher, gave the A's plenty of assistance. He balked home Oakland's first run. Then with the score tied, 2-2, in the seventh, Barr made a wild pitch attempt at first base. Larry Lioz advanced to third and scored on a wild pitch. The mistakes cost Barr his second loss and helped Vida Blue to his third triumph in seven decisions.

Angels 5, Twins 1
AT ANAHEIM, Calif.—The Angels salvaged the finale of a four-game series as Dan Kirkwood, who entered the game with a 6.59 earned run average after three losses, gained his first victory with a seven-hitter.

Mets' Box Score
FIRST GAME
METS IN (1) vs. NY GIANTS IN (1)
Pitchers: Seaver, etc.
Batters: Seaver, etc.

## Major League Box Scores

CLEVELAND (A) vs. DETROIT (A)
Pitchers: Leflore, etc.
Batters: Leflore, etc.

ATLANTA (N) vs. MONTREAL (N)
Pitchers: G. Martinez, etc.
Batters: G. Martinez, etc.

CHICAGO (A) vs. KANSAS CITY (A)
Pitchers: G. Martinez, etc.
Batters: G. Martinez, etc.

LOS ANGELES (N) vs. PITTSBURGH (N)
Pitchers: G. Martinez, etc.
Batters: G. Martinez, etc.

MILWAUKEE (A) vs. BOSTON (A)
Pitchers: G. Martinez, etc.
Batters: G. Martinez, etc.

## Major League Box Scores

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CHICAGO (A) vs. KANSAS CITY (A)
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ATLANTA (N) vs. MONTREAL (N)
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Pitchers: G. Martinez, etc.
Batters: G. Martinez, etc.

MILWAUKEE (A) vs. BOSTON (A)
Pitchers: G. Martinez, etc.
Batters: G. Martinez, etc.

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33 drivers at 200 mph for \$400,000.
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All the makings for a great auto race, and you can be there. On Sunday, June 27th at Pocono Raceway. The world's greatest drivers in the world's fastest cars will compete wheel to wheel for over \$400,000 in prize money. "The Indy of the East." The 6th Annual Schaefer 500 at Pocono.
Tickets available from TICKETRON
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Come to the Schaefer 500 and be Schaefer People too!

33 drivers at 200 mph for \$400,000.
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### Montreal Wins Cup Sweep

Continued From Page 35  
off Barber and Ken Dryden.

ers, who had sagged in the middle periods of the previous games, re-emerged with renewed vigor and aggression in the second period.

Andre Dupont popped out of the goal and put the lead, 3-2, a spotlight on the "Moose" doing a version of his knee-slapping celebration dance.

third period the game intensified as the Canadiens evened the score with a goal by top defenseman Guy Lafleur.

by TV Delay Fans' Ire  
hundred" hockey fans at the Metropolitan Arena complained on Channel 9 last night that the telecast of the Stanley Cup Finals was interrupted by a 15-minute delay.

board operator at the arena said the delay was caused by a technical problem with the video camera.

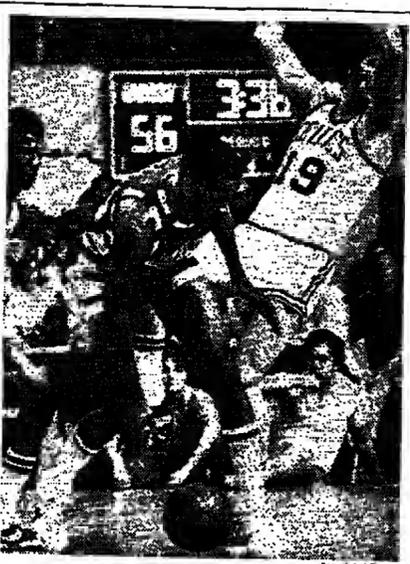
hutt thrust from the ice. Goalkeeper Ken Dryden then hustled to his feet and fired a shot into the net.

ing the penalty killing unit, the Bruins' defensemen and forwards battled in a hard-fought game.

sin Women  
in Rowing  
The New York Times reported that the University of Massachusetts rowing team won the national championship.

both crews until the 50-meter second-round race. The University of Massachusetts crew pulled ahead in the final 100 meters.

er Results  
AMERICAN LEAGUE  
Boston Red Sox 11, Cleveland Indians 9.



Cavaliers' Campy Russell dribbling ball past Celtics' Don Nelson in the third period of game at Boston. Boston won, 99-84, and took a 3-2 lead in playoff series.

### Auerbach Is 'Coach' As Celtics Top Cavs

Continued From Page 35  
and I'm sure some of the players. It was beautiful.

Auerbach retired as the Celtic coach after his team had won its eighth straight N.B.A. championship in 1966. When Heinsohn was ill last season and Killilea was away on a scouting trip, Auerbach coached the Celtics for two games.

"I just wanted to make sure Killilea knew that John Havlicek could play," said Auerbach. "It also got the crowd high and a little morale boosting over hurts. I didn't make any substitutions, Killilea did it all. He's a very capable guy."

Killilea said he appreciated Auerbach coming over to the bench. "After some of the moves I made, I looked over at Red and he nodded approval," said Killilea. "It was just nice to know he was there."

Killilea sent Havlicek into the game with 5:03 left. Seconds earlier, Nate Thurmond, the Cavs' center, had picked up his sixth foul and was given a technical for complaining. Cowens made the free throws and Jo Jo White sank the technical for an 83-80 Celtic lead.

Boston had held an 80-72 lead with 7:04 left and it appeared the Cavaliers had cracked. But less than two minutes later the score was tied as Biogo Smith, Austin Carr, Jim Clemons and Campy Russell had baskets.

The Celtics were able to hold onto the lead and with 24 seconds Paul Silas rammed home an offensive rebound of Cowens' wild shot. Then with 11 seconds left the 36-year-old Havlicek got the clincher with two free throws.

Havlicek, who intercepted the inbound pass following his free throws, had torn a muscle in his left arch in the playoff series against the Buffalo Braves. He aggravated the injury in Boston's loss last Friday night in Cleveland.

8th Title to Bacallao In Squash Tennis  
Pedro Bacallao of the Princeton Club captured the National Squash Tennis Association championship for the eighth straight year yesterday at the Yale Club.

Miss Howard First in Gym Trials  
LOS ANGELES, May 16 (AP)—Kathy Howard of Oklahoma City took first place last night in the United States Olympic women's gymnastics trials.

### Suns Eliminate Warriors And Reach Final Playoff

Continued From Page 35  
large part of the problem for Barry, and by Barry.

They also substituted much more sparingly than usual, and finally, when still only 2 points behind with seven minutes to play, lost their poise.

"We just stagnated," said Coach Al Attles. "But you have to give Phoenix credit. They beat us in two games on our own court, so they deserve it."

So there will be no repeater champion in the N.B.A. this year, as there has not been since 1969, when the Boston Celtics made it two straight.

Two Italians Killed In Motorcycling  
MUGELLO, Italy, Nov. 16—Two Italian motorcycle racers were killed today in world championship events, both going off the track on curves at the velodrome in this town near Florence.

COLLEGE BASEBALL  
Detroit 10, Eastern Michigan 5.  
Indiana 3, Iowa 2.  
Boston 11, Harvard 2.  
Seton Hall 12, Fairfield 3.

Nothing I did made me a coaching genius," said Killilea. "All the plays were Tommy's and so was the pressure defense we threw at them. As for Havlicek, he wanted to go in at the start of the fourth quarter, I just watched for the right moment."

"The moment came when they tied the score. I figured with John around he would stabilize our defense and discourage Russell from taking 20-foot jump shots. I figured he would show some respect for the old man."

Cleveland's cause was hurt considerably when the 6-foot-11-inch Thurmond got in foul trouble. With Thurmond out, Cowens had a field day. The Celtic center finished with 26 points, hitting on nine of 25 shots. But most of his baskets came when the Cavaliers were forced to play Luke Witte and John Lambert, their reserve centers.

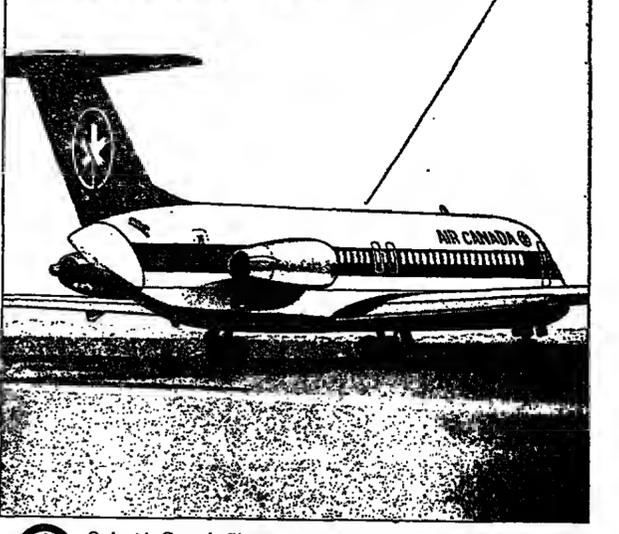
"There was no way I committed that fifth foul," said Thurmond. "Cowens had plenty of room to get by. That foul put us in jeopardy. I just couldn't play any game."

In 38 minutes Thurmond made six of his eight shots, scored 13 points and grabbed 10 rebounds.

In the Celtic dressing room, Heinsohn, still angered for being thrown out of the game, said, "I just got off the bench and walked away so I wouldn't do anything that would anger me and get me a technical. It's got to be the worst technical foul ever in a playoff series. He should be the guy fined."

W.H.A. Playoffs  
SEMIFINAL ROUND  
Houston vs. New England  
May 5—N. Eng. 4, Hous. 2.  
May 7—Hous. 5, N. Eng. 2.  
May 9—N. Eng. 4, Hous. 1.  
May 11—Hous. 4, N. Eng. 2.  
May 13—Hous. 4, N. Eng. 2.  
May 15—N. Eng. 4, Hous. 1.  
May 16—At Houston.

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Compare the Rabbit on performance. (From 0 to 50, a Datsun B-210 is 60% slower.)

Compare the Rabbit on roominess. (It has the head and leg room of some mid-size cars.)

Compare the Rabbit



on gas mileage. 39 mpg on the highway, 25 in the city. These are EPA estimates of what the Rabbit with stick shift got in 1976 EPA tests. (The mileage you get can vary, depending on how and where you drive, optional equipment, and the condition of your car.)

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JUNE 27

to the Schaefer 500 be Schaefer People too!



# Cars Qualify for Indy 500

JOHN S. RADOSTA  
of The New York Times  
NAPOLIS, May 16—  
cars were added to  
the field for the 60th  
of the Indianapolis  
May 30.

Fastest speeds in to-  
time trials were  
miles an hour, turned  
Mike Mosley in an  
Offenhauser,  
520 m.p.h. by Bobby  
another Eagle-Drake

Mosley and Unser  
are faster than seven  
cars that qualified  
y. But under the  
y had to be placed  
ad of the second-day  
s, who are behind  
day qualifiers.

winner of the 500  
and in 1968, had  
qualifying run yester-  
his engine broke  
er one lap at 187.032

line cars "made the  
n yesterday's time  
cause rain delayed  
3 1/2 hours.  
of the five drivers  
rs were still in the  
ine when time ran  
ght were permitted  
today as first-day  
t. They were Gary  
ner, 181.791 m.p.h.  
le-Drake Offy, and  
breath, 179.122 in an  
y.  
the other fast times  
re 186.500 by Roger  
y in a Hopkins  
ffy and 182.843 by



Associated Press  
Johnny Unser  
Wins Pole Position

Johnny Unser is an Eagle-Drake Offy.

Two rookies made the field—Vern Schuppan, an Australian driving for Dan Gurney's team, and Bobby Olivero. Schuppan qualified at 182.011 in an Eagle-Drake Offy and Olivero was timed at 180.288 in another Eagle-Drake Offy. A qualifying run is 10 miles long, four laps around the rectangular 2 1/2-mile course of Indianapolis Motor Speedway. Time trials are run on the four days of two successive weekends, and the field will be filled out to the traditional 33 starters next Saturday and Sunday. Johnny Unser, winner in 1974 and runner-up last

# Connors Trounces Rosewall

LAS VEGAS, Nev., May 16 (AP)—Jimmy Connors continuing his domination of 41-year-old Ken Rosewall, defeated the Australian in the final of the \$150,000 Alan King tennis tournament today 6-1, 6-3.

Connors 23, received \$30,000 and a new car while Rosewall got \$15,000 after the match at Caesars Place. "It's exciting as hell for me to play him," said Connors. "After all, he was playing Wimbledon when I was born."

Connors broke service at the start and breezed through the first set. He was down, 0-2, in the second, but had too much power for Rosewall, also was not sharp. The victory was Jimmy's fourth in a row over Rosewall and extended his consecutive-set streak over the Australian to 10.

In the doubles final Arthur Ashe and Charlie Pasarell defeated Stan Smith and Bob Lutz, 6-4, 6-3, and split \$10,000. Fibak Conquers Orantes BOURNEMOUTH, England, May 16 (AP)—Wojtek Fibak, a 23-year-old Polish law student, beat the defending champion, Manuel Orantes of Spain, 6-2, 7-9, 6-2, 6-2, today and won the British hard courts tennis championship. Tournament officials stopped play after the third set in order to water the court. Orantes, winner of the United States Open last September, blamed the tournament officials for his loss, saying his concentration had been disrupted.

Hungary Finishes Sweep BUDAPEST, May 16 (Reuters)—Hungary completed a 5-0 sweep of Egypt today in a European Zone A Davis Cup quarterfinal. In the final two singles, Peter Szocze beat Ismail El-Shafie, 6-1, 6-8, 6-2, 6-4, and Balasz Taroczy beat Abd El-Ghani Mohamed, 6-2, 6-1, 6-4.

Nastase Victor Over Borg KEAUHOU-KONA, Hawaii, May 16 (AP)—Ilie Nastase of Rumania defeated Bjorn Borg of Sweden today and gained a berth in next weekend's finals of the World Championship Tennis Challenge Cup. Nastase won the \$50,000 winner-take-all semifinal prize here by downing Borg, 6-1, 3-6, 0-6, 6-3, 6-4.

# Ballet: 2 Royal Debuts

Leslie Collier and Wayne Eagling Show Promise in Leads of 'Swan Lake'

By ANNA KISSELGOFF

Just before closing its season at the Metropolitan Opera House on Saturday night, the Royal Ballet presented two eagerly awaited local debuts in the afternoon—Lesley Collier and Wayne Eagling in the leading roles of "Swan Lake."

Miss Collier is a favorite with New York fans, who have cheered her progress since 1969. Mr. Eagling is considered one of the Royal Ballet's boys-most-likely-to-succeed.

To expect Miss Collier and Mr. Eagling to come with a performance that spelled greatness would have been foolish. There were moments when their lack of experience was obvious. Yet there were more moments that pointed clearly to how good a performance this already was and how well it could develop in the future.

Physically, Miss Collier is a dancer of the type one rarely sees anymore, especially in the United States. She is small (the large tutu appeared to shorten her legs), with the image of a curve echoed in the strong arch of her foot, the muscles of her legs and the suppleness of her

back. Despite her strong technique, she is a lyrical dancer. Odette came naturally to her and it was for her to give the Swan Queen the sorrow-rather the real image in the white acts.

Her Odile became too preoccupied with just getting through the dancing to be really dramatically effective at this point but this dancing had the characteristic Collier flow and stunning line.

Mr. Eagling, too, could not forget entirely about technique in the solo of this act, but the overall shape of his characterization was superb. Slim, blond, fine-featured, he was the model of the poetic prince. Bewildered rather than brooding, he was a Siegfried with whom one could sympathize. He danced the solo in the first act with new phrasing and a sustained elegant line that were outstanding.

The first act also showed a pas de trois that was magnificently danced by Anita Young, Wayne Sleep and Rosemary Taylor. The third act brought Ann Jenner and Christopher Carr into a sparkling performance of the Neapolitan Dance.

# Entertainment Events Today

- Music**  
MONTREAL SYMPHONY, Carnegie Hall, 8 P.M.  
YOUNG-NAM KIM, vocal, and PAUL SCHOENFIELD, piano, Carnegie Hall, 8 P.M.  
MIVAGI-KAI, solo vocal, Joan Heckerling Hall, 8 P.M.  
JILL KROESER, vocal, Carnegie Hall, 8 P.M.  
MANNES OPERA WORKSHOP, Carnegie Hall, 8 P.M.  
CHORAL EVENING, St. Thomas Church, Fifth Avenue and 53d Street, 8 P.M.  
RUTH LEACH and PATRICK O'BRIEN, Carnegie Hall, 8 P.M.
- Dance**  
AMERICAN DANCE GUILD RETROSPECTIVE OF DANCE ON FILM, 12th Street, 10th Avenue, 8 P.M.  
JOSE ANTONIO DANCE COMPANY, 12th St., 10th Ave., 8 P.M.  
KATHRYN PAPALF DANCE COLLECTIVE, 12th St., 10th Ave., 8 P.M.  
THE RAINBOW GRILL, 12th St., 10th Ave., 8 P.M.
- Cabaret**  
MILL'S GAY '80S, 12th St., 10th Ave., 8 P.M.



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# Lauda Posts 4th Grand Prix Triumph

BRUSSELS, May 16 (AP)—Karl Lauda of Austria, racing with a painful tractor accident some last month, led to finish today in and won the Grand Prix of Belgium.

Lauda also set a lap record of 25.98 seconds for a speed of 111 mph. The previous record had been set last year by Reggazoni, Lauda's teammate, in 1:26.76, an average speed of 109.876 m.p.h. Lauda completed the 70 lap race in 1:42:53.23 at an average speed of 107.5 m.p.h. Lauda came in second, LaFitte of France in third and Jody Sacher of South Africa, in fourth. Tyrrell, who was a Formula One driver for four years, was the only driver to complete the 70 lap race in a perfect record in a grand prix race so far.

far, Lauda having won four and Reggazoni one. James Hunt finished first in the Spanish Grand Prix two weeks ago, but was disqualified because his McLaren was an inch too wide. Today he was forced out on the 36th lap.

THE LEADERS  
1—Karl Lauda, Austria, Ferrari, 1 hour 42 minutes 53.23 seconds, average speed 107.5 m.p.h.  
2—Jody Sacher, South Africa, Ferrari, 1:43:06.69  
3—Lafitte, France, Matra, 1:43:28.41  
4—Scherer, S. Africa, Tyrrell, 1:44:34.31  
5—Alan Jones, Australia, Surtees, 1:45:00.00  
6—John Watson, Britain, Penske, 1:45:00.00  
7—Luis Perez, Australia, Brabham, 1:45:00.00  
8—Jean-Pierre Jarier, France, Shadow, 1:45:00.00  
9—Tom Pryor, Britain, Shadow, 1:45:00.00  
10—Tony Brundle, Britain, Shadow, 1:45:00.00

DRIVER STANDING  
Lauda ..... 42 points  
Reggazoni ..... 15  
Patrick Depailler ..... 10  
Scherer ..... 8  
Mass ..... 8  
Parsons Wins at Dover DOVER, Del. (AP)—Benny Parsons, with the right-foot fender of his Chevrolet crumpled after a minor accident midway through the race, won the Mason-Dixon 500 stock car race today for

his first Grand National victory of the season. Parsons, from Ellerbe, N.C., took the lead for good on the 36th lap and gradually pulled away from David Pearson, who was gunning for his fifth triumph of the National Association for Stock Car Auto Racing schedule. At the finish, Parsons led Pearson, in a Mercury, by almost 25 seconds.

Dave Marcis, who started on the pole, was third in a Dodge, one lap back. Donnie Allison, who replaced his brother, Bobby, after the latter grew weary in the muggy 89-degree weather, was fourth in a Mercury, more than three laps behind the leaders.

THE LEADERS  
1—Benny Parsons, Chevrolet, 4 hours 19 minutes 53 seconds, 115.04 mile per hour  
2—David Pearson, Mercury, 57:50  
3—Dave Marcis, Dodge, 58:00  
4—Bobby Allison, Dodge, Mercury, 58:20  
5—Richard Baker, Ford, 58:20  
6—Richard Petty, Dodge, 58:20  
7—Pete Brock, Ford, 58:20  
8—Lennie Pond, Chevrolet, 58:20  
9—Darrell Bryant, Chevrolet, 58:20  
10—Richard Childress, Chevrolet, 58:20

## An All-American Treat at the Home of the All-American Sport.

# OPENING NIGHT-TUES., MAY 18

## THE EYEWITNESS NEWS TEAM

in the sulkies:  
SAL MARCHIANO, DOUG JOHNSON, DONNA de VARONA, JOHN JOHNSON, with ROSE ANN SCAMARDELLA giving the word "go" from the Starter's Gate in a

## CHALLENGE PACE

(8:45 P.M. between 1st & 2nd Race)  
for a \$1,500 prize to be donated to Gerald Rivera's One-to-One program for the mentally afflicted. Contributed by Roosevelt Raceway and the Mutual Tickets Agents Union #23293.

## PLUS

ADMISSION INCLUDES A BONUS OF AN ALL-AMERICAN HOT DOG, A BEER (OR SODA) AT NO EXTRA CHARGE. OPENING NIGHT ONLY.

Gates Open 6:30 P.M. First Race 8 P.M.

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Off Meadowbrook Pkwy in Westbury, LI, L.I.R.R. to Mineola, free bus to gate. Check local bus lines for convenient schedule direct to track.

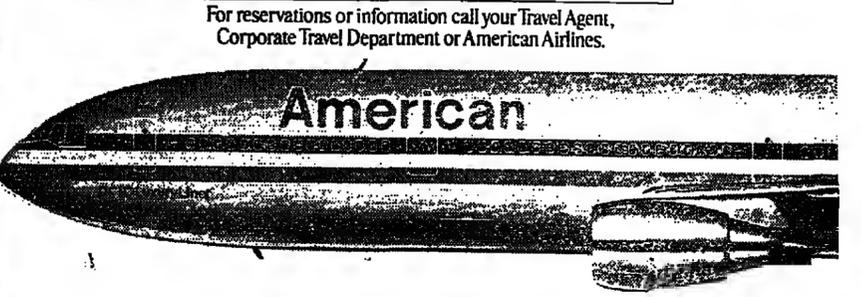
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Leaves	Arrives	Stops	Leaves	Arrives	Stops
(K)9:00am	11:52am	Non Stop	(K)9:00pm*	1:17am	One Stop
(E)10:55am*	3:14pm	One Stop	(E)9:00pm*	3:23am	DFW
(K)12noon*	2:42pm	Non Stop	*Nightcoach savings. DC-10. Weekend exceptions exist. DFW: Dallas-Ft. Worth. K: Kennedy, E: Newark.		
(K)4:30pm†	7:22pm	Non Stop			
(E)6:10pm	10:25pm	One Stop			

For reservations or information call your Travel Agent, Corporate Travel Department or American Airlines.







# Stage: Black Militancy

### Negro Ensemble Gives Steve Carter's 'Eden'

By CLIVE BARNES

Black racism and the stirrings of black militancy are the undercurrent to "Eden," an interesting new play by Steve Carter, which the Negro Ensemble Company brought to Off Broadway at the Theater de Lys last night.

The story is set in New York in 1927, and it contrasts the black New Yorkers with the West Indians. The West Indian, an autocratic follower of Marcus Garvey, the Jamaican leader who during the 1920's caused millions of American Negroes to aspire to "return" to a new, black-dominated Africa.

Joseph Barton, this ice-blooded patriarch, is full of black pride and has nothing but contempt for urbanized Southern blacks among whom he finds his family living. Unyielding, proud and yet in a way honorable, he raises his family with a whip. His children both fear and respect him, and his wife has no love for him.

The story is pure melodrama, but cleverly done—or at least cleverly done until the end, when it seems that Mr. Carter's thematic desire to show another side to the story, and also to stress the importance of the birth of black militancy, does so in a conclusion that has so many shifts of character that it strains credibility.

The Barton family, and the American family, or rather a cheery woman and her country-boy nephew, across the hall, provide a good contrast, and demonstrate ad-

### The Cast

**Eden** by Steve Carter. Directed by Edmund Cambridge. Produced by Pamela S. Peniston. Costumes by Edna Watson. Lighting by Stephen L. Bell. Presented by the Negro Ensemble Company. Douglas Turner Ward, artistic director. A. J. Theater, 141 Christopher Street.

Joseph Barton..... Samm-Art Williams  
Edna..... George Campbell  
Aunt Lizzy..... Barbara Montgomery  
John..... Ramon King  
America..... Shirley Brown  
Florence..... Gloria Lynn  
Joseph Barton..... Graham Brown

mirably the West Indians' sense of superiority and their difficulties in becoming assimilated. Naturally the ophelia and the youngest Bartoo daughter fall in love, thwarting the father's plans for an arranged wedding between her and another West Indian.

Despite its melodramatic structure and its almost soap-opera tone, "Eden" (the title, by the way, is a reference to the West Indians who think themselves as Edenites) is engrossing. It holds the interest, and you care about these characters.

It has been very sensitively staged by Edmund Cambridge, and the scenery by Pamela S. Peniston, and the costumes by Edna Watson seem admirably to the time, place and the story.

Everything about the play, including the acting, has the conviction of authenticity to it. Graham Brown, as unbecoming as a ramrod, is marvelous as the martinet father; Ethel Ayler was also fine as his embittered, unloving wife.

Barbara Montgomery as the cheery, earth-mother of a neighbor was as excellent as ever. Samm-Art Williams and Shirley Brown scored as the Romeo and Juliet of the apartment roof, while Nat Ferrell, George Campbell (substituting for James Weldon Johnson), and particularly Ramon King, were all fine as the immigrant family in various degrees of Americanization.

Most of "Eden" works, but the ending is certainly a strange one.

### Nagaland Said to Release All Its Guerrilla Prisoners

NEW DELHI, May 15 (Reuters)—The government of the strategic northeast Indian state of Nagaland has announced the release of all political prisoners, including two self-styled generals of the banned Naga Nationalist Army, according to press reports.

According to the reports, the state last week withdrew the case against them "in view of the new climate created in Nagaland following the implementation of the Shillong accord." Under the accord, nationalist leaders are said to have pledged to end their 20-year campaign for independence of the state.

Because the emphasis in most temporary jazz groups is directed toward solo performances, ensemble style tends to be minimized. So it is refreshing to find that the trio led by Warren Chiasson at 63rd Street and First Avenue, bases its performances on a distinctive blend of Mr. Chiasson's vibrato and Chuck Wayne's electric guitar, backed by Wilber Little's bass.

The combination of vibraphone and guitar is much liked by George Shearing (Mr. Chiasson's piano accompanist), which is not surprising since both Mr. Chiasson and Mr. Wayne have been members of the Shearing quintet. The effects achieved by the trio, as it traverses a repertoire from bebop to bossa nova, are generally lighter and righter than those of the hearing group.

This is chamber jazz in the best, least pretentious sense, and of its potential by allowing the solo passages to be extended at such points that the soloist has the time to do his work. Mr. Wayne is forceful and disciplined guitarist, but Mr. Chiasson's solos are limited in the perspective and diminish in interest as they stretch on and on.

The trio also accompanies Alicia Sherman, a singer making her professional debut. She is an interesting study in her low range but is little shakier than she tries to go beyond that.



**NAMED MISS U.S.A.:** Barbara Elaina Peterson, 22, student at the University of Minnesota, after coronation at the annual pageant in Niagara Falls, N.Y.

### Mike Glick Sings Folk With Sani Paz And Band at Kitchen

Mike Glick who shared a concert with the Calles singer and songwriter Sani Paz at the Kitchen on Saturday, has sidestepped the authenticity problems of the typical city-bred, protest-oriented folksinger. For the most part he avoids rural folk idioms, preferring to couch his original songs in the musical languages of the ghetto and the underdeveloped world.

His material has the sound and feel of Brazilian, Puerto Rican, and Afro-Cuban popular music, and a band consisting of three percussionists, an electric guitarist and a saxophonist helps him perform it.

But questions of authenticity remain. Although his work is more rousing and more musically substantive than that of the city folksingers of previous generations, Mr. Glick's melodies and chord changes do not always dovetail smoothly with his accompanist's rhythmic inclinations. During his performance at the Kitchen he cut off his band several times just when they were beginning to loosen up and create an infectious carnival ambience.

Miss Paz is another matter. Her songs, accompanied on Saturday by cello and her own guitar, express a politicized version of the sadness and strength one finds at the core of so many Latin American popular melodies. Her voice is strong and supple, her rhythmic insistence is sure, and her repertoire of original songs, while it contains its share of slogans and homilies, also includes elegant affecting, straightforward celebrations of life and love.

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Measures of Overall Surplus Deficit in International Trade Found Outmoded

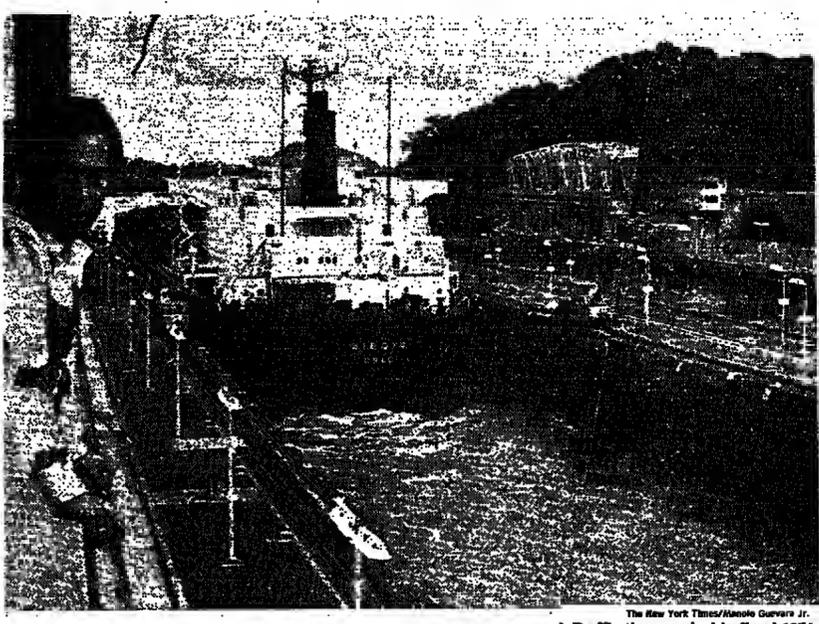
MEASURE RETAINED

ent Account' Balance, Used in Analysis

EDWIN L. DALE Jr., Special to The New York Times

SHINTON, May 16—Government will cease to publish measures of international trade balance, but the United States balance of payments, it announced today.

Some of these measures, surplus or deficit published by the United States, are no longer published, particularly in a floating currency exchange. However, all of the measures of international trade balance, which are used in the various countries, will continue to be published, with some improvements.



The Norwegian cargo ship Siboto leaving the Miraflores lock in the Panama Canal. Traffic there peaked in fiscal 1974, and then declined during the next year to 149.6 million tons of cargo.

## Panama Canal Stirs Questions As Trade It Handles Declines

By BRENDAN JONES

Charges by Ronald Reagan that the Ford Administration is negotiating a give-away of the Panama Canal and the Canal Zone have raised questions as to the waterway's importance in terms of world trade.

Ironically, the issue has gained prominence at a time when the canal has begun to run its first operating deficits since it opened in 1914. Canal traffic (ship transits and tonnage), which had grown steadily over the years, fell in 1975, with a further decline this year considered likely.

While there may be agreement that the canal has strategic value, analysis of the canal's commercial operations indicates that its economic value has been overstated.

The canal's recent operating deficits have been partly offset by the first toll in-

### Toll Increase Helps Restrict Deficit

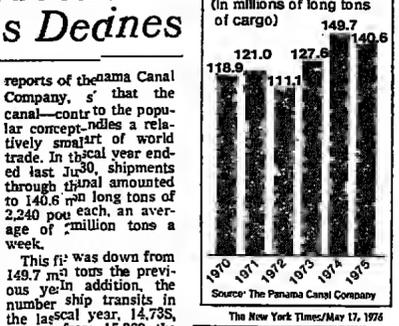
reports of the Panama Canal Company, that the canal—contrary to the popular concept—handles a relatively small part of world trade. In the fiscal year ended last July 30, shipments through the canal amounted to 149.6 million long tons of 2,240 per cent each, an average of 1.1 million tons a week.

This fell down from 149.7 million tons the previous year, in addition, the number of ship transits in the fiscal year, 14,735, was down from 15,259 the year before.

Over the last dozen years, the number of ship transits has ranged from 12,000 to 14,000 annually. However, the size of ships using the waterway has risen, and the annual cargo volume has doubled.

A major study of the canal's role in world trade, last year by Robert G.

### Traffic Through the Panama Canal



Cox as economist for the Commission on United States-Latin American Relations, calculated that shipments through the canal amounted in volume, to less than 5 percent of world trade. In value, the report added, canal-borne cargo was

### HONDURAS SETS UP FORESTRY PROJECT

Latin Americans to Invest \$400 Million to Develop Untapped Resources

By JUAN DE ONIS

Special to The New York Times

CANCIUN, Mexico, May 16—A Latin American multinational project to invest \$400 million for development of huge, untapped forestry resources in Honduras was set up here today by the Inter-American Development Bank, the Venezuelan Investment Fund, and the Government of Honduras.

Private investors from Mexico, Venezuela, Argentina and other Latin American countries are expected to join in the project, which will substantially expand the economy of Honduras, until now heavily dependent on banana exports.

The project illustrates the new Latin American capitalism, which is opposed to control of basic resources of the countries of this region by large foreign companies.

### Project Long Discussed

The development of the pine forests of southeastern Honduras had been under discussion for years with the International Paper Company, an American giant in the world pulp and paper industry, but Honduras insisted on majority ownership.

This condition has been satisfied in the project agreement signed here by Antonio Ortiz Mena, president of the Inter-American Development Bank, Constantino Quero Morales, president of the Venezuelan Investment Fund, and Porfirio Zavala Sandoval, the finance minister of Honduras.

The regional bank opens its 17th annual meeting of the board of governors at this beach resort on Mexico's Caribbean coast tomorrow. Many finance ministers from the 23 member countries, including the United States, and bankers from throughout the hemisphere are gathering here.

The agreement on the Honduras forestry project brings together funds from Venezuela's oil revenues, of which \$6 billion has been assigned to the investment fund, and from the capital resources of the Inter-American Development Bank, which has made loans to Latin American countries of \$8.6 billion since it was founded in 1960.

## Floor Brokers Cut Rates by 18 to 25%

They and Specialists Complain of Income Drop Since Competition Began

By ROBERT J. COLE

A leading stockbroker, caught as much as 25 percent. The up in a rate war in which his biggest institutional customers have exacted commission reductions of 30 percent and more, gleefully remarked the other day, "Now it's our turn to get some rate cuts."

He was referring to the two-phase rate war that is transforming the way Wall Street does business. The first phase began May 1, 1975, when stockbrokers, acting under pressure from the Securities and Exchange Commission, abandoned fixed commission rates for public customers in deals of less than \$300,000. Fixed rates were earlier abandoned on trades exceeding that amount and on those under \$2,000.

On May 1, 1976, the second phase began when floor brokers and specialists were forced to drop fixed rates in filling orders for other stockbrokers on stock exchange trading floors.

After three weeks of the new competitive pressures, floor brokerage rates have dropped



A group of traders at a post at New York Stock Exchange

## Club of Paris Expands Role; Helping Debtor Nations

By CLYDE H. FARNSWORTH

Special to The New York Times

PARIS, May 16—The club-house is the French Finance Ministry. The members are middle-bracket civil servants from some countries that cannot pay their bills and other countries to whom the bills are owed. The club's purpose is to stretch out debt for countries on the verge of bankruptcy.

The Club of Paris has come into focus recently as one of the lesser known institutions of the international community following demands of developing countries for a generalized debt moratorium.

Developing countries, furthermore, have asked that a larger role in the club be played by international financial organizations, presumably because this would strengthen the poor nations' power.

The club, formed 15 years ago

when Brazil was in serious difficulties, is a "very informal mechanism designed to address a country's debt problem in its specific position and needs," a French official said.

Most creditor countries, with the exception of Sweden and the Netherlands, have now formally rejected any idea of a debt moratorium, fearful of strains this might put on international commerce and the balance sheets of commercial banks.

Private Capital Market

Half of the \$35 billion of payments deficit in non-oil developing countries last year was financed by private capital flows. The Manhattan Bank has estimated that the overall debt of 150 developing countries reached \$150 billion at the end of 1975. Debt-payment burdens are mounting in the world,

a number of countries now are facing serious problems in meeting their debt obligations, and Zaire and North Korea are in default.

Most creditor countries argue at a generalized rescheduling of debt, which would erode the creditworthiness of countries borrowing in private capital markets.

"By tying financing to debt," says Secretary of State Henry A. Kissinger, "it obscures the significant differences among countries, and prevents an appropriate focus on those in most urgent need."

Moreover, the creditors say it would not be fair to those nations that have taken strong policy measures to reduce their obligations.

The club has rescheduled the debts of Brazil, Argentina, Chile (in 1974), Indonesia and Uruguay. The creditors group alone met recently to discuss the position of Chile, which has

asked for a second debt rescheduling, of North Korea and of Zaire.

The United States was not involved in the meetings on North Korea since it has no financial relationships with that country.

In addition to treasury officials from the concerned countries, observers are invited to the meetings from the International Monetary Fund and World Bank.

Chile Conflict

Individual governments keep commercial bankers informed, but they do not participate in the meetings. Deliberations are always behind closed doors and press statements are rarely issued.

"The first job is to figure out exactly how much debt is outstanding," a French official said. "This is not always that easy."

## Bond Analysts Expect Rates to Rise Further

By JOHN H. ALLAN

The springtime slump in the credit markets moved through its fourth consecutive week last week, and there still appeared little reason for it to end. With the Federal Reserve encouraging higher short-term interest rates, with signs of business loan demand at last beginning to strengthen and with a heavy volume of new corporate and tax-exempt bonds for sale this week, the credit markets generally will keep rising this week.

Since mid-April, the broad increase in interest rates that has taken place in the credit markets has been substantial. The yields on high-grade utility bonds, for example, have climbed from 8 1/4 percent to a little more than 9 percent over the last four weeks. As a result, these yields are now the highest they have been since early January.

A medium-grade utility bond issue was marketed last Wednesday by the Ohio Power Company to yield 10 percent, the first double-digit yield on such a utility issue since mid-December. Even so, the \$80 million issue remained 75 percent unsold Friday.

The Bond Buyer yield index, which reflects changes in interest rates on state and city bonds, climbed from 6.54 percent in mid-April to 6.83 percent last Thursday, an advance of 29 basis points that lifted the index to its highest level since March 18.

In the money market over this period, the rate on three-month Treasury bills moved up to 5.13 percent from 4.78 percent, and the rate of six-month bills rose to 5.60 percent from 5.06 percent.

The chief determinants of whether this trend toward higher interest rates will continue will be the behavior of the money supply and the Federal Reserve's actions to control it, money market economists suggested late last week.

To determine what monetary policy to pursue, the 12-man Open Market Committee of the Federal Reserve will meet in Washington tomorrow, and its members likely will debate whether or not to nudge short-term interest rates still higher.

The Federal Reserve's discussions are never made public until 45 days later, but its actions in the money market shortly after an Open Market Committee meeting are scrutinized especially closely for clues to its decisions.

It is now widely assumed in the credit markets that the Federal Reserve, faced with a more rapid expansion of the money supply than it would like, began to nudge short-term interest rates higher to slow down the expansion of the monetary aggregates. This Fed can affect short-term rates by injecting or withdrawing reserves from the banking system, thereby lowering or raising

## U.S. Banks Close Some of Their Branches in Europe

By PETER T. KILBORN

Special to The New York Times

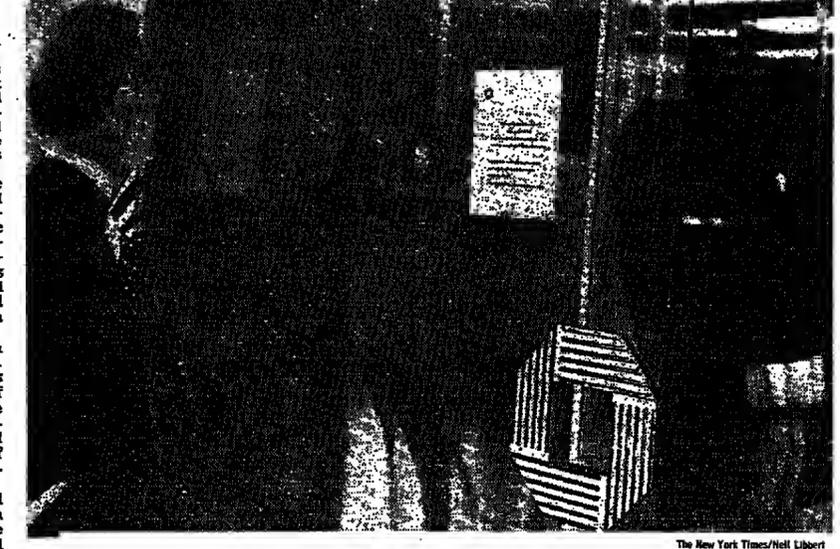
LONDON, May 16—A decade ago several of the biggest United States banks opened scores of branches at prestigious addresses around Europe to lure retail customers. But now they have closed some of the branches and are discouraging retail business at many of the others.

In recent weeks the Chase Manhattan Bank has closed one of its two primarily retail offices in London, where the concentration of American banks in Europe is densest, cutting back its services in another. And the Chemical Bank has just consolidated its three outposts in London into one.

Citibank plans to open a new branch in Turin, Italy. But over the last two years it has shut down two of three London offices and one each in Lausanne, Switzerland; Ghent, Belgium, and Nice, France. The Bank of America has not closed anything yet, but it might.

Citibank once dominated American retail banking in Europe. "They started the whole thing," said the head of the London office of an American stockbroker firm. "They ran around making loans and giving away checking accounts and recruiting aggressive retail executives."

The reason for the retreat, a banker said, is that many of the purely retail operations have not paid their way. Ambitious as the American banks once seemed, they were unwilling to bear



A person recently reading the notice on the Chase Manhattan Bank branch office door that tells of its closing. This is the Knightsbridge branch on Sloane Street.

the substantial cost of opening hundreds of branches that could need to compete with European community banks.

banks have also lost some of the American customers living in Europe, partly in London. Until

a year ago, foreigners could avoid British income taxes by spending accumulated capital. Many borrowed the funds they needed to live on here from their bank in the United States and then drew on the loans through their banks' London branches.

New British tax laws, however, have stopped this practice.

The banks came to Europe, mostly in the 1960's, not for retail accounts but for the wholesale business here in commercial accounts and in the vast Eurodollar lending

business then developing with big multinational corporations. That side of the business, the principal side, still flourishes. About 50 banks have offices in Europe. A few have left since the

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"A GLORIOUS MUSICAL..."  
"REX SEEMED LIKE A NEW..."  
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BROKER'S INQUIRIES INVITED

ROLE IS EXPANDED BY CLUB OF PARIS

Continued From Page 43 Then, he added, efforts are made to establish how big debt-servicing commitments are to the overall balance-of-payments deficit.

Panama Canal: Deficit and Politics

Continued From Page 43 not offer much economic advantage. In addition, transcontinental shipping services have grown up for moving containerized cargo from ocean to ocean, across Canada and the United States, for example, en route from Far Eastern to European ports.

U.S. TO END SOME OF PAYMENTS DATA

Continued From Page 43 While today's announcement of the short-term investments in the oil-producing countries of the United States, which are almost equal to the deficit, was not really in deficit all.

Personal Finance

Investors Can Find More Data About Corporations Whose Bonds They Hold

By LEONARD SLOANE Stockholders are the owners of corporations and, as such, receive a wealth of information about these companies. They get annual and interim reports, attend annual shareholder meetings, can secure copies of statements filed with the Government and frequently receive research and background reports from brokerage firms.

BOND EXPERTS MORAL RATE

Continued From Page 43 ing the rating Federal loans between banks. It is now assumed the Open Market Committee decided at its April 20 meeting to move the federal funds rate from 4 1/2 percent to 5 percent.



Melvin L. Maisel (r.) receives congratulations from Guardian President George T. Conklin, Jr.

Mel Maisel breaks all Guardian Life sales records. His policyholders say he also breaks all records for service and tax-saving ideas.

Melvin L. Maisel, President of Stabilization Plans for Business, Inc. and Vice President of National Pension Service, Inc. set an all-time high for The Guardian in individual life insurance sales and premiums in 1975.

Mel Maisel is a charter member of the Pension and Profit Sharing Institute sponsored by the Center of Tax Studies, Estate Planning Council of Westchester and the Professional Planners Forum. He is a founding member of the Fiva Million Dollar Forum.

Supplementary Over-Counter Listings

The following is a supplementary weekly list of mutual funds prepared by the National Association of Securities Dealers. The range shown reflects prices at which securities could have been sold (bid) or bought (asked) last Friday.

New Corporate Bonds

Table with columns: Date, Amount, Issue, Offerings, Price, Yield, and other financial metrics for various corporate bonds.

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New Corporate Bonds

Table with columns: Date, Amount, Issue, Offerings, Price, Yield, and other financial metrics for various corporate bonds.

The Guardian Life Insurance Company of America, 201 Park Avenue South, New York, N.Y. 10003

Advertisement for Eastern Utilities Associates (EUA) featuring a notice of invitation for bids for the purchase of common shares. It includes details about the company, the bid process, and contact information.

Advertisement for New Business Development in Washington State. It highlights opportunities for expansion-oriented and seeking new markets, and provides contact information for David Bell, Manager of North American Marketing.

Large advertisement for Jeome H. P. Boucher, a Director and Executive Vice-President of a firm. The ad includes a notice of the death of Jeome H. P. Boucher and lists other firm members like Barney Harris Upham.

Advertisement for Eastern Utilities Associates (EUA) featuring a notice of invitation for bids for the purchase of common shares. It includes details about the company, the bid process, and contact information.

Advertisement for The Louisiana Land and Exploration Company, featuring a notice of a quarterly dividend and information about the company's operations.

Large vertical advertisement on the right side of the page with the headline 'Some years of consolidation for growth' and 'Now it's your D'. It includes various financial and business-related text and graphics.

BONDS BROKERS' WASHING RATES

Continued From Page 43... The American banks, many of which are constrained in the United States as in Europe by sagging profits and large loan losses, undoubtedly would like to close more of their retail facilities overseas.

U.S. Banks Are Closing Some European Outlets

Continued From Page 43... The American banks, many of which are constrained in the United States as in Europe by sagging profits and large loan losses, undoubtedly would like to close more of their retail facilities overseas.

HONDURAS SETS UP FORESTRY PROJECT

Continued From Page 43... Lumber is expected to be ready for export in 1978, and annual production of 240,000 tons of cardboard, corrugated paper, and other products from the pulp and paper plant is planned by 1983.

Important to all Shareholders of Fansteel. Our letter of May 8, 1976 strongly urged you not to accept the sudden tender offer by H. K. Porter Co., Inc. to purchase your Fansteel stock at \$17 per share. For the specific reasons set forth in that letter we are convinced that the offer is inadequate and not in the best interests of Fansteel and its shareholders.

Finance... and More... use Bonds... THE NEW YORK TIMES... BOND BROKERS' WASHING RATES... U.S. Banks Are Closing Some European Outlets... HONDURAS SETS UP FORESTRY PROJECT... After some years of consolidation following a strong growth in the Sixties, your Directors have taken the view that a time is now right to invest boldly in the future.

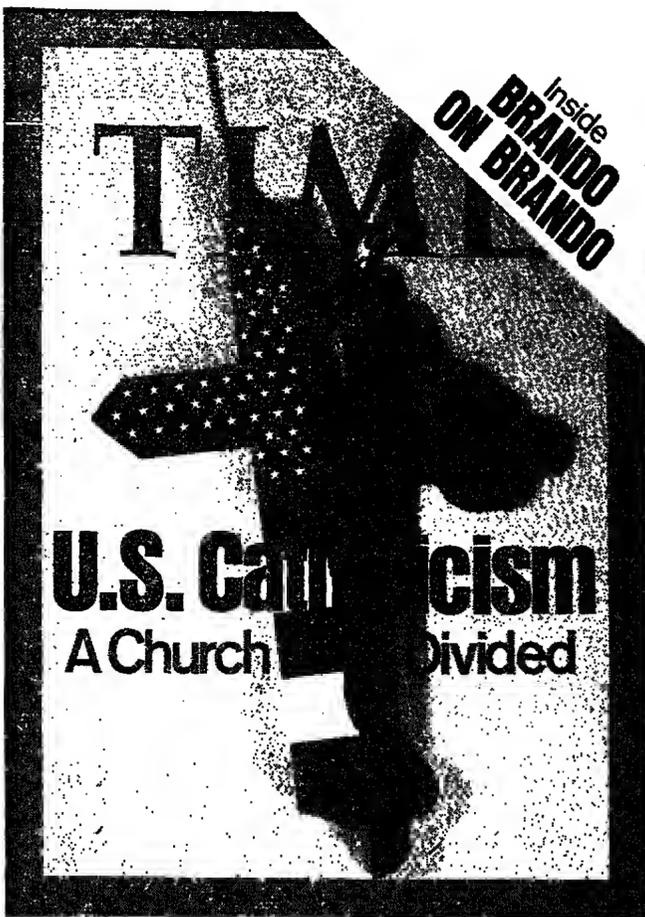
After some years of consolidation following a strong growth in the Sixties, your Directors have taken the view that a time is now right to invest boldly in the future.

The introduction of new technology will undoubtedly create an opportunity for us to become an important growth industry again. The country's problems are still formidable, but there is generally a better feeling of confidence than we have known for some time.

Comparative Results table with columns for 1975 and 1974. Rows include Turnover, Trading Profit, Profit after taxation and before Extraordinary Items, Earnings per Share, Dividend Cover, and Dividends per Share.

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ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS, David D. Peterson, President. As additional information develops we will continue to keep you promptly informed. FANSTEEL INC. • one tantulum place, north chicago, illinois 60064 • May 15, 1976



Inside  
**BRANDO  
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THE SAN FRANCISCO EXAMINER.**

Source: "San Francisco Impact '76," 5-issue reach.

**Advertising**

**Economic Campaign Is Assailed**

By PHILIP H. DOUGHERTY  
Special to The New York Times  
WHITE SULPHUR SPRINGS, W.Va., May 15 — The outgoing chairman of the American Association of Advertising Agencies, the largest, most powerful organization of its kind, today criticized the Advertising Council's coming public service campaign of economic education. He did not name the Advertising Council, whose effort is expected to be the biggest in its history, but Neal W. O'Connor (who is also chairman of the executive committee of N. W. Ayer ABH International) said he disagreed with persons who believe that economic education will cure hostility toward business.



Neal W. O'Connor

"What I fear the advocates of the economic education theory mean is not economic education but economic indoctrination," he said. In this country, he declared, people are "free to think that business is less than perfect, far from perfect. We are even free to think erroneous thoughts about business and to tell other people those thoughts."

Speaking quietly, yet with obvious emotion, Mr. O'Connor told the final session of the association's annual meeting at the Greenbrier that the American public doesn't really trust business, but is still the most comfortable public in the world, in the eyes of agency people. But he added, "We are not all comfortable in America."

He said: "Some say that it is our fault that we take too much, make too much profit, earn exorbitant salaries, that we are rich beyond our needs. We answer with economic theories, with theories of growth and the inevitable largeness of Adam Smith's invisible hand."

To those who say that truthfulness in business is the answer, Mr. O'Connor responded that he who thinks that "pure truth is the answer to the public's mistrust of business and advertising is naive and simplistic and utterly impracticable."

Knowing what the truth is at a given time, he said, is a problem not only for business but for everyone. He commented, "Credibility will come when people begin to show that we really do tell the truth to the best of our ability."

Business is not perfect in this imperfect world, he said. "If we do not tell the truth to the best of our knowledge,

who will? If we do not show business as it really is, what will we show? Is the good that business does enough to outweigh the imperfections? I believe so." Later he asserted:

"If we can show that we're human and flawed, imperfect as we are, we will be believed as men and women of good will. If we can put those things in advertising, then maybe we can begin to create some understanding."

The program of the third morning began with a confrontation between a believer in comparative advertising, one of the more controversial topics in agency circles, and a nonbeliever. Stanley I. Tannenbaum, chairman of Keyway & Eckhardt, was pro. Andrew G. Kershaw, chairman of Ogilvy & Mather, was con.

Comparative advertising is advertising that mentions competitive products. According to Mr. Tannenbaum's research, the television use of such commercials increased from one out of 30 during the 1973-74 season to one out of 12 last December. Some of them are good advertising and some of them are bad advertising, Mr. Tannenbaum said. He hailed them "as our industry's own brand of consumerism when properly executed. It makes the consumer more conscious of his responsibility to compare before he buys." He continued:

"Moreover, it serves as an incentive for advertisers to produce better products. And isn't that the greatest reward that advertising can offer the consumer?"

Strong opposition to comparative advertising came from Mr. Kershaw, who

seemed much more opposed to its use in short TV messages than in print, where arguments can be fuller. And he cited research to show that "comparative TV commercials are, on the average, no more effective than non-comparative commercials."

He called the use of such advertising "a creative cop-out."

"Comparative advertising is not against the law," he said, "nor should it be. But to practice it as we do today makes a mockery of pretensions to culture and refinement and decent corporate behavior."

The remaining speaker on the program was James C. Nelson, executive vice president of Hofer, Dietrich & Brown, San Francisco, who vividly discussed the role of women in advertising. He had been a member of the National Advertising Review Board panel that wrote a paper on women in advertising.

He suggested that the association hold a series of nationwide seminars to instruct ad agencies on the subject much as it did to get more minority group representation in advertising.

**... AND IN NEW YORK**

The J. Walter Thompson Company has learned through research that potential airline passengers perceive Allegheny Airlines as small and that they also equate big air carriers with good air carriers. So, for its new airline account, the agency has created a campaign with the theme "It takes a big airline to take a big trip."

For example, Allegheny flies two million more passengers a year than Pan Am, flies to more American cities than American Airlines and has more flights than T.W.A. It's also No. 1 on 16 major routes.

Television advertising breaks Wednesday, and it will mark the first extensive use of that medium by the airline. In addition there will be newspaper advertising and ads in regional editions of national publications.

People Thomas W. Hanlon has been named executive vice president of Tracy Advertising Inc. Alain Sasson has been named manager of the home furnishings category for The New York Times.

**Catholics and Jews Mark a Happy Decade**

"How good life is, for those who live together like brothers" expressed the sentiments of the more than 200 people who gathered under the mosaic dome of Holy Family Roman Catholic Church on Flatlands Avenue in the Canarsie section of Brooklyn yesterday, to celebrate the 10th anniversary of the founding of the Catholic-Jewish Relations Committee.

The program, sponsored by the Diocese of Brooklyn, and the New York regional board of the Anti-Defamation League of B'nai B'rith, honored the founders of the committee, the first of its kind in the nation. A plaque was dedicated to one of the co-founders, the late Msgr. Vincent O. Genova.

The inscription on the bronze plaque — "He walked with me in integrity and virtue" — is in both Hebrew and English. The

plaque will be placed on the outside of the church, according to Rabbi A. Stanley Dreyfus, co-chairman of the committee, "so it can be seen by every one, not just the parishioners." Holy Family will be the first Catholic Church in Brooklyn with a Hebrew inscription, according to Rabbi Dreyfus.

Monsignor Genova first approached the "Anti-Defamation League with the idea of an interfaith committee. In its 10-year life, the committee has served as the prototype for other organizations around the country.

With the Diocese of Rockland Centre, L.I., the committee has published guidelines for establishing interfaith committees. The committee also has acted as a crisis center for the community.

ened, for both groups, sensitivity and awareness of each other," Rabbi Bruce K. Cole, a member of the committee's secretariat, said. "We've learned to discuss issues objectively whether we agree or not."

According to Rabbi Cole, the committee is working with the diocesan committees on education and television, to develop four half-hour programs dealing with the issue of Zionism.

"The more positive information that can come before people of both faiths, through all the media, the greater the understanding and trust between them," Rabbi Cole said.

Bishop Francis J. Mugavero of Brooklyn likened the activities of the committee to the function of the ancient prophets.

**Digital Equipment Corporation**  
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Massachusetts 01754

Earnings Statement for the Twelve Months Ended March 27, 1976

In accordance with the provisions of Section 11 (a) of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, Digital Equipment Corporation has made its security holders an earnings statement for the twelve months ended March 27, 1976, such period commencing after the effective date of the Company's Registration Statement No. 2-52963 for \$75,000,000 principal amount of Debentures due March 15, 2000 (9% %). Copies of the earnings statement may be obtained upon request to the attention of: Digital Equipment Corporation, Investor Relations, Maynard, Massachusetts 01754.

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**New York Times readers in New York market alone have a spendable income (\$46 billion) than the entire population of Chicago (\$43 billion).**

سوزان من الاميل



















# Building Services Union Meets Today With Realty Board and State Mediator

**By EMANUEL PERLMUTTER**

The building services union and the Realty Advisory Board will meet with the state mediator today for their first joint session since the landlords rejected a fact-finding panel's recommendations last week for ending the apartment house strike.

Robert D. McDonnell, chairman of the State Mediation Board, said the officers and members of the union and the Realty Board will meet at 232 Madison Avenue at 10:30 A.M. at its headquarters.

The joint session will precede a meeting of the executive committee of the Realty Board at 11:30 A.M. at its headquarters at 232 Madison Avenue at 10:30 A.M.

According to Hamilton G.

Ford, executive vice president of the Realty Board, the landlord meeting is being held "to assess the situation."

In agreeing yesterday to meet today with the landlords, John J. Sweeney, president of Local 32B, departed from the position he had taken last Wednesday when the owners rejected the recommendations of a three-man Mayor's panel. He said then that the union had accepted the proposals and would hold no further negotiations with the landlords.

Disappointment Expressed

Both Mayor Beame and Mr. McDonnell expressed disappointment last week when the landlords turned down the recommended settlement of wage increases of \$35 and \$4 a week in welfare and pension benefits over three years.

The three-man panel consisted of Mr. McDonnell as chairman, Harry Van Arsdale Jr., president of the New York State Labor Council, and Rexford E. Tompkins, president of the Dry Dock Savings Bank.

In rejecting their proposals, the Realty Board contended that the total wage increase of \$3,796 for the workers over the three years, plus the fringe ben-

efits "would have a devastating effect on rentals and cooperative maintenance."

Following the Realty Board's rejection of the plan, Mr. Sweeney said the union would seek to obtain contract agreements with individual landlords on the terms recommended by the Mayor's panel.

As of yesterday, more than 200 individual landlords had signed contract agreements with the union, according to a spokesman for Local 32B.

The Realty Board has insisted that its members are standing firm and that only a few had gone along with the bid for individual contracts. Mr. Ford has contended that those who have signed with the union were independents. The board represents 1,600 owners.

At one of the buildings that signed with the union, a luxury cooperative at 989 Fifth Avenue near West 79th Street, the strikers returned to work yesterday.

The strike by maintenance and service employees has affected garbage collections, elevator and other services at the struck buildings in Manhattan, Brooklyn and Queens.

The average base pay of the strikers is \$185 a week.

# Beame Is Defied by Buildings Agency on Pornographic Film House

**Continued From Page 1, Col. 7**

have been issued," Mr. Baumgarten said during an interview. "If the deMille is converted into three more porno movie houses—and we know that's what the owners intend to do—it will be a hard blow to our efforts to reclaim Times Square."

Cornelius Dennis, the department's superintendent for Manhattan, said there was no legal way to deny the permit.

This department does not have any law defining pornography as implemented in building codes," he said.

Can anyone "explain to me why one film is pornographic and the other isn't, and how to tell that before theaters are built and any films are shown in them?" Mr. Dennis asked.

Mr. Baumgarten said that he had encountered strong resistance within the Buildings Department against using its powers to limit the proliferation of pornographic facilities in the city, particularly in midtown.

Permit Delays Sought

He said that department officials had consistently declined to turn down or delay permits for pornographic enterprises, to issue vacate orders despite repeated building-code violations and to take other actions to prevent pornography dealers from expanding their facilities.

The deMille Theater, which was originally called the Mayfair, was renamed for Cecil B. deMille, the late director, in 1959. Many major films have premiered in New York there, including "Spartacus" and "Psycho."

The building was owned until last year by two businessmen, Nat Koepfel and Philip Levine. They filed an application to convert the theater into three

small theaters early last year. When Mr. Baumgarten heard about the application, he wrote Building Commissioner Jeremiah T. Walsh, asking that no permits be issued for the building without consulting his office.

The building previously had been of concern to Mr. Baumgarten's office because the basement floor houses the "Intimate Room," a massage parlor where a number of prostitution arrests have been made.

Indirect Efforts Made

At the same time indirect efforts were made by city officials to persuade Mr. Koepfel not to pursue his plans to convert the theater. Mr. Koepfel, a Queens car dealer and real estate operator, was involved in several million dollars worth of business with the city at the time.

Mr. Koepfel then sold the building housing the theater to Walby Associates, of 666 Fifth Avenue, whose principal partners are listed in the Buildings Department's records as Jack Jemel and Henry Rosenberg. They did not respond to telephone messages and visits to their office requesting an interview. But an associate confirmed that they planned to show pornographic movies at the new theaters.

Last Nov. 25, the new owners filed an application for alterations to improve access to exits from the building.

On the same day Mr. Dennis issued a memorandum to his subordinates saying that "no application is to be approved, permit issued, or certificate of occupancy issued... except applications for work specifically related to the improvement of the entire building's egress facilities."

Mr. Dennis said he sent the memorandum to insure that any additional proposals submitted were "normal and lawful." Mr. Baumgarten said he had been urging department officials to watch that the new application was not used to sneak through a proposal for converting the theater.

But what happened was just what Mr. Baumgarten had feared. On March 11 an amendment to the application for improving the building's exit facilities was filed saying that "the existing theater on the first floor will be converted into three theaters covering the first five stories."

New Application

On March 22 a new application was filed, superseding the one dealing with the exits, and including the conversion of the theater from a 300-seat house to three 289-seat theaters. The Buildings Department approved the new application the next day and issued a permit to the owners one day after that.

Mr. Dennis said that the quick approval was not unusual, despite the reputation of city agencies for moving slowly.

"Just because the application was approved in one day doesn't mean that our people didn't discuss the conversion with the architects for some time before the amendment was submitted," he said.

One reason for the speed with which the application was approved, apparently, was a memorandum, Commissioner Walsh had written instructing that the original application dealing with the exit facilities be expedited.

Mr. Walsh said in an interview that he did not recall sending the memorandum, but that it was customary to ex-

pedite applications to improve egress facilities because they involved public safety.

The memorandum was written last Dec. 10, three months before the new application to convert the deMille Theater was filed. But someone in the department — it is not clear who — wrote "expedite per Comm. Walsh" on the outside of the envelope containing both the new application to convert the theater as well as the one concerning the exits.

While this might be attributed to accident, Mr. Baumgarten believes that the application for the conversion of the deMille was speeded through the approval process by individuals within the department who did not want to see the project delayed.

Practices Questioned

He cites several other aspects of how the application was processed, which he says were aimed at keeping his office from blocking approval.

The new application for the deMille conversion was given the same docket number as the old one referring to the exits, Mr. Baumgarten said. Thus the new application did not appear on the docket sheet that his office receives regularly, which lists applications filed with the Buildings Department.

Mr. Baumgarten said that when he heard last month from his own sources about the impending conversion of the deMille and sent for the file, his office was told that the file had disappeared. It reappeared on April 26, the day after the last specifications for the theater's conversion had been approved, he said.

Mr. Baumgarten said that numerous files relating to pornographic movie houses, bookstores and massage parlors

have repeatedly disappeared from the Buildings Department's files only to turn up after all the necessary permits had been approved.

Commissioner Walsh acknowledged that "several sets of files were not available when requested."

"But we don't know if it was because they were missing or misplaced on the wrong counter," he said. "When you have about 18 people handling tens of thousands of files, it is not unusual to have some misplaced."

Mr. Baumgarten has had several inferences that missing files were the result of deliberate acts, and I have invited him, and again invite him to go to Scopetta (Nich Scopetta, Commissioner of City Department of Investigation) and call for a full thorough investigation, which he would have the cooperation of my department.

Mr. Baumgarten and Buildings Department officials have been at odds over the department's actions on a number of occasions where pornographic materials are sold.

He said they are not to stop such facilities spreading, Mr. Dennis said: "There's not much to do without resorting to C.I.A. type harassment."

Cincinnati Editor Na. CINCINNATI, May 16 (U.P.) James E. Schottelkotte, editor of The Cincinnati Enquirer, has been named managing editor of the paper, William Keating, president and editor announced yesterday.

# About New York A Grate Day for Fishing

**By TOM BUCKLEY**

A man walked slowly north on 55th Avenue between 41st and 42nd Streets. He shuffled, really, scarcely stirring his feet. He kept his eyes focused downward toward the pavement gratings on the sidewalk. Now and then he stopped. He bent down and studied his eyes, trying to decide whether the speck of silver he had seen in the debris 10 feet below was a coin.

The tide of pedestrians, which changes from hour to hour, was heading south. It split around him. He was unnoticed, all but invisible. A black man wearing an old black tuxedo, seen against the black asphalt of the street, Chaplin's tramp come to life.

At 41st and 42nd Streets he stopped again, bowed, and then squatted on his heels. He pivoted his feet a few inches one way, then another. From his jacket pocket he took a length of twine, pulled around a rectangular bottle. At one end of the string was a lead weight, fastened through the narrow opening.

Releasing the cap end of the twine on a thick thumb, he let the cord unwind. When it was an inch or two from the shelf above the subway entrance he stopped. He pulled for the pendulum motion of the weight to cease. Then, with infinite concentration, he let the string unroll again, scarcely a quarter of an inch at a time.

Then he nodded, as though congratulating himself, and pulled the weight up. Stuck to it was a tarnished dime.

"Good catch," said a man who had been watching.

"They call it fishing," he said, removing the coin from the weight that had been coated with contact cement, and putting it in his pocket.

"Just do it as a hobby," he said. "Lots of people do it, here and on Eighth Avenue. I might make \$4 or \$5 a day."

The man spoke as slowly as he moved. Dreamily, as if he seldom engaged in conversation. But his voice was soft and clear and his turn of phrase grammatical.

"What's your name?" he replied, when asked his name. "I've been in the city here for 16 years. Used to work as a short-order cook, shine shoes. Had to stop shining shoes because it made me drink too much. The shine box put me in a rut. And it got so you

# BREWSTER CAUTIONS ON 'INTRUSION' EVIL

**NEW HAVEN, May 16 (AP)**—Consumer activism and demands for the accountability of private business are preferable to government regulation or intrusion, Yale University's president, Kingman Brewster Jr., said today.

"If society's highest aim is to maximize the ability of each citizen to contribute to the potentialities of others, there is plenty for government to do," Mr. Brewster said in a haccalaureate speech to graduating students and their families in Woolsey Hall. "But it should be done, insofar as possible, without using government to usurp the responsibility for individual actions or to prejudice the freedom of individual choice."

He called for a government of incentive rather than government by regulation or public ownership and added: "Where concentration of private power is inevitable, then accountability, rather than the substitution of public for private decisions, should be the first resort."



**George Bernard Shaw**  
makes a quick exit during THE WEST END HORROR

The new Starback features a portrait by Nicholas Meyer, author of "The Seven-Per-Cent Solution" — published today. See today's book page. **dutton**

**LEGAL**

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT EASTERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK

In re KESTEN WAREHOUSING CORP., No. 75-5730

ORDER DIRECTING FILING OF CLAIMS AGAINST DEBTOR'S ASSETS IN SUPERCEDED CHAPTER 11 PROCEEDING

At Brooklyn, New York, in said District, on the 11th day of May, 1970.

A proceeding under Chapter 11 of the Bankruptcy Act having been instituted in said District, and an order having been entered on March 11, 1970, including the order of a receiver and directing the receiver to proceed with it.

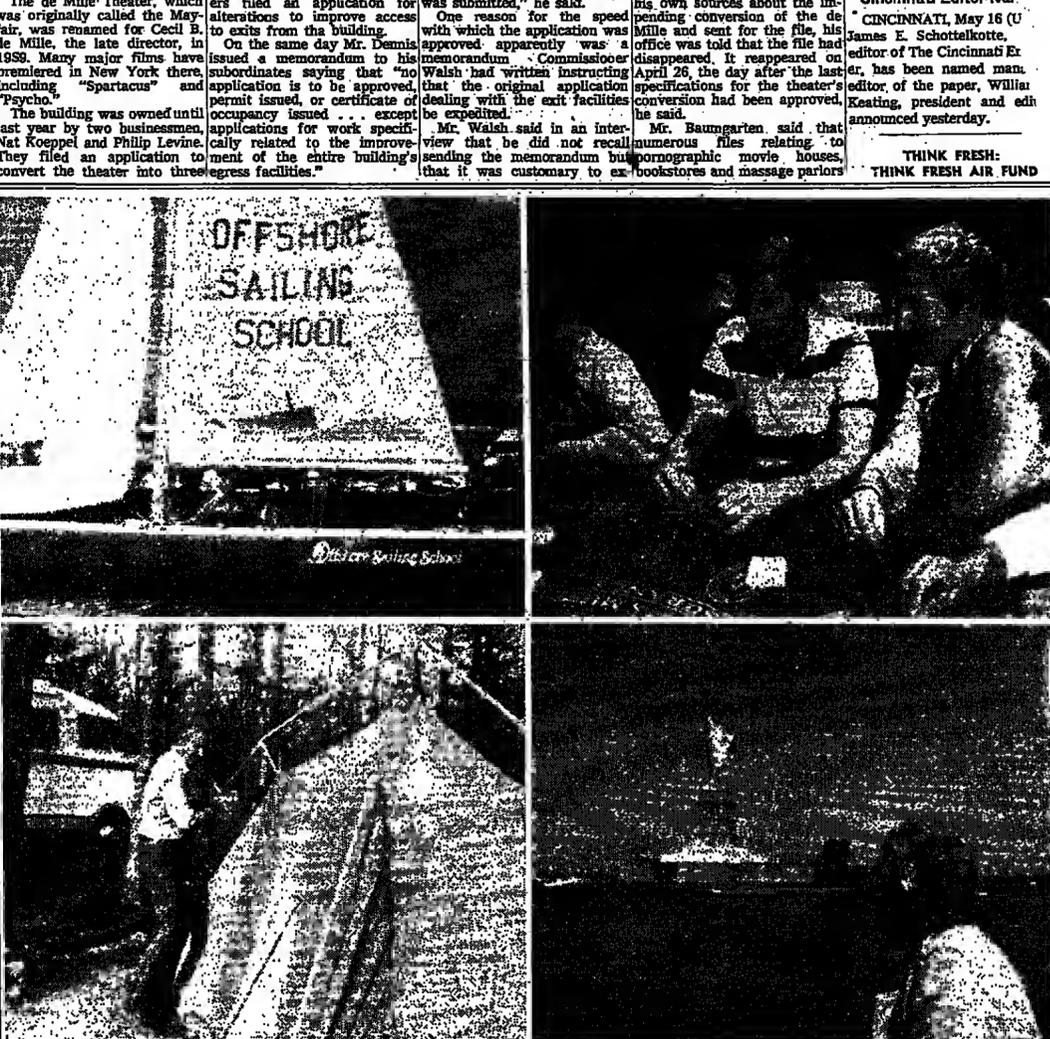
ORDERED, that all persons and entities having claims for administration expenses, including attorneys' fees, in said Chapter 11 proceeding, shall file their claims with the Receiver, within the time specified in the order of the court, and that they shall be directed to file their claims in accordance with the order of the court.

ORDERED, that in the event of the failure of any person or entity to file a claim on or before said date, said person or entity shall be precluded from making any claim thereafter against the assets of the above named debtor and its claims shall be forever barred; and it is so ordered.

ORDERED, that notice of the bar date mentioned be mailed by the receiver to those creditors whose names appear on the list of unpaid obligations filed with the court including all taxing authorities, on or before the 11th day of May, 1970, and that notice of the bar date be published in the New York Times on or before the 11th day of May, 1970; and it is so ordered.

ORDERED, that the aforementioned notice shall constitute due and sufficient notice of this order.

Manuel J. Perna  
RECEIVED



# We thought sending Doug Johnson on vacation would do you a world of good.

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He takes you along on a camping trip. A vacation that comes complete with a helpful guide to tent pitching, campfire cooking, and the gentle art of back packing.

And he shows you how to have a terrific vacation at home. Provided you live in New York. You'll find out how to save money. And spend it.

How to read a travel folder. (Suspiciously.)

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